Session of 2012

House Substitute for SENATE BILL No. 46

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

3-27

AN ACT concerning crimes, punishment and criminal procedure; relating 1 2 to human trafficking; human trafficking advisory board; establishing 3 the human trafficking victim assistance fund; creating the crime of 4 commercial sexual exploitation of a child; relating to selling sexual 5 relations; promoting the sale of sexual relations; buying sexual 6 relations; amending K.S.A. 22-2530 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301, 7 21-5302, 21-5303, 21-5401, 21-6419, 21-6420, 21-6421, 21-6614, 21-8 6626, 21-6627, 21-6815, 22-2515, 22-3601, 22-3717, 22-3901, 22-9 4902, 22-4906, 38-2202, 38-2243, 38-2260, 38-2312, 38-2361, 41-311, 10 41-2601, 60-4104 and 68-2255 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6614a, 21-6614b, 21-6614c, 22-4902a, 11 12 22-4906a, 38-2312a and 38-2312b.

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14 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. The attorney general, in consultation with other
 appropriate state agencies, is authorized to coordinate training regarding
 human trafficking for law enforcement agencies throughout Kansas.

New Sec. 2. The human trafficking advisory board established by the
 attorney general is hereby designated the official human trafficking
 advisory board for the state of Kansas.

21 New Sec. 3. There is hereby established in the state treasury the 22 human trafficking victim assistance fund. All moneys credited to such 23 fund shall be used to pay for the training required by section 1, and 24 amendments thereto, and to support secure care, treatment and other 25 services for victims of human trafficking and commercial sexual 26 exploitation of a child. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts, upon warrants of the director of 27 28 accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the attorney 29 general or the attorney general's designee.

30 New Sec. 4. (a) Commercial sexual exploitation of a child is 31 knowingly:

32 (1) Giving, receiving, offering or agreeing to give, or offering or33 agreeing to receive anything of value to perform any of the following acts:

(A) Procuring, recruiting, inducing, soliciting, hiring or otherwise
 obtaining any person younger than 18 years of age to engage in sexual
 intercourse, sodomy or manual or other bodily contact stimulation of the

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genitals of any person with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desires
 of the offender or another; or

3 (B) Procuring, recruiting, inducing, soliciting, hiring or otherwise 4 obtaining a patron where there is an exchange of value, for any person 5 younger than 18 years of age to engage in sexual intercourse, sodomy or 6 manual or other bodily contact stimulation of the genitals of any person 7 with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desires of the patron, the 8 offender or another;

9 (2) establishing, owning, maintaining or managing any property, 10 whether real or personal, where sexual relations are being sold or offered 11 for sale by a person younger than 18 years of age, or participating in the 12 establishment, ownership, maintenance or management thereof;

(3) permitting any property, whether real or personal, partially or
wholly owned or controlled by the defendant to be used as a place where
sexual relations are being sold or offered for sale by a person who is
younger than 18 years of age; and

(4) procuring transportation for, paying for the transportation of or
transporting any person younger than 18 years of age within this state with
the intent of causing, assisting or promoting that person's engaging in
selling sexual relations.

(b) (1) Commercial sexual exploitation of a child is a:

(A) Severity level 5, person felony, except as provided in subsections
(b)(1)(B) and (b)(2); and

(B) severity level 2, person felony when committed by a person who
has, prior to the commission of the crime, been convicted of a violation of
this section, except as provided in subsection (b)(2).

(2) Commercial sexual exploitation of a child or attempt, conspiracy
or criminal solicitation to commit commercial sexual exploitation of a
child is an off-grid person felony when the offender is 18 years of age or
older and the victim is less than 14 years of age.

(3) A person convicted under subsection (b)(1)(A) shall be fined not
less than \$2,500. A person convicted under subsection (b)(1)(B) shall be
fined not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$5,000. All fines collected
pursuant to this section shall be remitted to the human trafficking victim
assistance fund created by section 3, and amendments thereto.

36 (4) In addition, for any conviction under this section, the court may
37 order the person convicted to enter into and complete a suitable
38 educational and treatment program regarding commercial sexual
39 exploitation of a child.

40 (c) If the offender is 18 years of age or older and the victim is less 41 than 14 years of age, the provisions of:

42 (1) Subsection (c) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301, and amendments43 thereto, shall not apply to a violation of attempting to commit the crime of

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commercial sexual exploitation of a child as described in subsection (b)
 (2);

3 (2) subsection (c) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5302, and amendments 4 thereto, shall not apply to a violation of conspiracy to commit the crime of 5 commercial sexual exploitation of a child as described in subsection (b) 6 (2); and

7 (3) subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5303, and amendments 8 thereto, shall not apply to a violation of criminal solicitation to commit the 9 crime of commercial sexual exploitation of a child as described in 10 subsection (b)(2).

11 (d) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas 12 criminal code.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-5301.(a) An attempt is any overt act toward the perpetration of a crime done by a person who intends to commit such crime but fails in the perpetration thereof or is prevented or intercepted in executing such crime.

17 (b) It shall not be a defense to a charge of attempt that the 18 circumstances under which the act was performed or the means employed 19 or the act itself were such that the commission of the crime was not 20 possible.

(c) (1) An attempt to commit an off-grid felony shall be ranked at nondrug severity level 1. An attempt to commit any other nondrug felony shall be ranked on the nondrug scale at two severity levels below the appropriate level for the underlying or completed crime. The lowest severity level for an attempt to commit a nondrug felony shall be a severity level 10.

27 (2) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a violation of28 attempting to commit the crime of:

(A) Aggravated human trafficking, as defined in subsection (b) of
K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, if the offender is 18
years of age or older and the victim is less than 14 years of age;

32 (B) terrorism as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5421, and 33 amendments thereto;

34 (C) illegal use of weapons of mass destruction as defined in K.S.A.
35 2011 Supp. 21-5422, and amendments thereto;

(D) rape, as defined in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 215503, and amendments thereto, if the offender is 18 years of age or older;

38 (E) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in 39 subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto, 40 if the offender is 18 years of age or older;

(F) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)
(2) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto, if the offender
is 18 years of age or older;

1 (G) promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations, as defined in 2 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6420, and amendments thereto, if the offender is 18 3 years of age or older and the prostitute person selling sexual relations is 4 less than 14 years of age; or

5 (H) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in subsection (a)(1) or 6 (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if the 7 offender is 18 years of age or older and the child is less than 14 years of 8 age.

9 (d) (1) An attempt to commit a felony which prescribes a sentence on 10 the drug grid shall reduce the prison term prescribed in the drug grid block 11 for an underlying or completed crime by six months.

12 (2) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a violation of 13 attempting to commit a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5703, and 14 amendments thereto.

(e) An attempt to commit a class A person misdemeanor is a class B
person misdemeanor. An attempt to commit a class A nonperson
misdemeanor is a class B nonperson misdemeanor.

(f) An attempt to commit a class B or C misdemeanor is a class Cmisdemeanor.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5302 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-5302. (a) A conspiracy is an agreement with another person to commit a crime or to assist in committing a crime. No person may be convicted of a conspiracy unless an overt act in furtherance of such conspiracy is alleged and proved to have been committed by such person or by a co-conspirator.

(b) It shall be a defense to a charge of conspiracy that the accused
voluntarily and in good faith withdrew from the conspiracy, and
communicated the fact of such withdrawal to one or more of the accused
person's co-conspirators, before any overt act in furtherance of the
conspiracy was committed by the accused or by a co-conspirator.

(c) (1) Conspiracy to commit an off-grid felony shall be ranked at
nondrug severity level 2. Conspiracy to commit any other nondrug felony
shall be ranked on the nondrug scale at two severity levels below the
appropriate level for the underlying or completed crime. The lowest
severity level for conspiracy to commit a nondrug felony shall be a
severity level 10.

37 (2) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a violation of38 conspiracy to commit the crime of:

(A) Aggravated human trafficking, as defined in subsection (b) of
K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, if the offender is 18
years of age or older and the victim is less than 14 years of age;

42 (B) terrorism as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5421, and 43 amendments thereto; (C) illegal use of weapons of mass destruction as defined in K.S.A.
 2011 Supp. 21-5422, and amendments thereto;

3 (D) rape, as defined in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto, if the offender is 18 years of age or older;

5 (E) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in 6 subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto, 7 if the offender is 18 years of age or older;

8 (F) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b) 9 (2) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto, if the offender 10 is 18 years of age or older;

(G) promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations, as defined in
K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6420, and amendments thereto, if the offender is 18
years of age or older and the prostitute person selling sexual relations is
less than 14 years of age; or

15 (H) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in subsection (a)(1) or 16 (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if the 17 offender is 18 years of age or older and the child is less than 14 years of 18 age.

(d) Conspiracy to commit a felony which prescribes a sentence on the
 drug grid shall reduce the prison term prescribed in the drug grid block for
 an underlying or completed crime by six months.

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(e) A conspiracy to commit a misdemeanor is a class C misdemeanor.

23 Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5303 is hereby amended to read as 24 follows: 21-5303. (a) Criminal solicitation is commanding, encouraging or 25 requesting another person to commit a felony, attempt to commit a felony 26 or aid and abet in the commission or attempted commission of a felony for 27 the purpose of promoting or facilitating the felony.

(b) It is immaterial under subsection (a) that the actor fails to
 communicate with the person solicited to commit a felony if the person's
 conduct was designed to effect a communication.

(c) It is an affirmative defense that the actor, after soliciting another
 person to commit a felony, persuaded that person not to do so or otherwise
 prevented the commission of the felony, under circumstances manifesting
 a complete and voluntary renunciation of the actor's criminal purposes.

(d) (1) Criminal solicitation to commit an off-grid felony shall be
ranked at nondrug severity level 3. Criminal solicitation to commit any
other nondrug felony shall be ranked on the nondrug scale at three severity
levels below the appropriate level for the underlying or completed crime.
The lowest severity level for criminal solicitation to commit a nondrug
felony shall be a severity level 10.

41 (2) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a violation of 42 criminal solicitation to commit the crime of:

43 (A) Aggravated human trafficking, as defined in subsection (b) of

K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, if the offender is 18
 years of age or older and the victim is less than 14 years of age;

3 (B) terrorism as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5421, and 4 amendments thereto;

5 (C) illegal use of weapons of mass destruction as defined in K.S.A.
6 2011 Supp. 21-5422, and amendments thereto;

7 (D) rape, as defined in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto, if the offender is 18 years of age or older;

9 (E) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in 10 subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto, 11 if the offender is 18 years of age or older;

(F) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)
(2) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto, if the offender
is 18 years of age or older;

(G) promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations, as defined in
K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6420, and amendments thereto, if the offender is 18
years of age or older and the prostitute person selling sexual relations is
less than 14 years of age; or

19 (H) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in subsection (a)(1) or 20 (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if the 21 offender is 18 years of age or older and the child is less than 14 years of 22 age.

(e) Criminal solicitation to commit a felony which prescribes a
 sentence on the drug grid shall reduce the prison term prescribed in the
 drug grid block for an underlying or completed crime by six months.

26 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5401 is hereby amended to read as 27 follows: 21-5401. (a) Capital murder is the:

(1) Intentional and premeditated killing of any person in the
commission of kidnapping, as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 21-5408, and amendments thereto, or aggravated kidnapping, as
defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments
thereto, when the kidnapping or aggravated kidnapping was committed
with the intent to hold such person for ransom;

(2) intentional and premeditated killing of any person pursuant to a
 contract or agreement to kill such person or being a party to the contract or
 agreement pursuant to which such person is killed;

(3) intentional and premeditated killing of any person by an inmate or
prisoner confined in a state correctional institution, community
correctional institution or jail or while in the custody of an officer or
employee of a state correctional institution, community correctional
institution or jail;

42 (4) intentional and premeditated killing of the victim of one of the 43 following crimes in the commission of, or subsequent to, such crime:

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Rape, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto,
 criminal sodomy, as defined in subsections (a)(3) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2011

Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto, or aggravated criminal sodomy,
as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and
amendments thereto, or any attempt thereof, as defined in K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 21-5301, and amendments thereto;

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(5) intentional and premeditated killing of a law enforcement officer;

8 (6) intentional and premeditated killing of more than one person as a 9 part of the same act or transaction or in two or more acts or transactions 10 connected together or constituting parts of a common scheme or course of 11 conduct; or

12 (7) intentional and premeditated killing of a child under the age of 14 13 in the commission of kidnapping, as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 14 2011 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments thereto, or aggravated kidnapping, 15 as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5408, and 16 amendments thereto, when the kidnapping or aggravated kidnapping was 17 committed with intent to commit a sex offense upon or with the child or 18 with intent that the child commit or submit to a sex offense.

19 (b) For purposes of this section, "sex offense" means rape, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto, aggravated 20 21 indecent liberties with a child, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 22 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto, aggravated criminal sodomy, as 23 defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments 24 thereto, prostitution selling sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 25 Supp. 21-6419, and amendments thereto, promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6420, and 26 27 amendments thereto, or sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 28 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto.

(c) Capital murder is an off-grid person felony.

30 Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419 is hereby amended to read as 31 follows: 21-6419. (a) Prostitution Selling sexual relations is performing 32 for hire, or offering or agreeing to perform for hire where there is an 33 exchange of value, any of the following acts:

- 34 (1) Sexual intercourse;
- 35 (2) sodomy; or
- (3) manual or other bodily contact stimulation of the genitals of any
 person with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desires of the offender
 or another.

39 (b) Prostitution Selling sexual relations is a class B nonperson40 misdemeanor.

(c) It shall be an affirmative defense to any prosecution under this
section that the defendant committed the violation of this section because
such defendant was subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human

1 trafficking as defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments

thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child as defined by section
4, and amendments thereto.

4 Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6420 is hereby amended to read as 5 follows: 21-6420. (a) Promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations is 6 knowingly:

7 (1) Establishing, owning, maintaining or managing a house of 8 prostitution any property, whether real or personal, where sexual relations 9 are being sold or offered for sale by a person who is 18 years of age or 10 older, or participating in the establishment, ownership, maintenance or 11 management thereof;

(2) permitting any place property, whether real or personal, partially
or wholly owned or controlled by the defendant to be used as a house of
prostitution place where sexual relations are being sold or offered for sale
by a person who is 18 years of age or older;

16 (3) procuring a prostitute for a house of prostitution person selling 17 sexual relations who is 18 years of age or older for a place where sexual 18 relations are being sold or offered for sale;

(4) inducing another to become a prostitute who is 18 years of age or
older to become a person who sells sexual relations;

(5) soliciting a patron for a prostitute or for a house of prostitution a
person 18 years of age or older who is selling sexual relations or for a
place where sexual relations are being sold or offered for sale;

24 (6) procuring a prostitute person 18 years of age or older who is
 25 selling sexual relations for a patron;

(7) procuring transportation for, paying for the transportation of, or
transporting a person *18 years of age or older* within this state with the
intention of assisting or promoting that person's engaging in prostitution *the sale of sexual relations*; or

30 (8) being employed to perform any act which is prohibited by this31 section.

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(b) (1) Promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations is a:

(A) Class A person misdemeanor when the prostitute is 16 or more years of age Severity level 9, person felony, except as provided in
 subsection (b)(1)(B); and

(B) severity level 7, person felony when the prostitute is 16 or more
years of age and committed by a person who has, prior to the commission
of the crime, been convicted of promoting prostitution a violation of this
section, or any prior version of this section ; and

40 (C) severity level 6, person felony when the prostitute is under 16-41 years of age, except as provided in subsection (b)(2).

42 (b)(2) Promoting prostitution or attempt, conspiracy or criminal-43 solicitation to commit promoting prostitution is an off-grid person felony when the offender is 18 years of age or older and the prostitute is less than
 14 years of age.

3 (c) If the offender is 18 years of age or older and the victim is less
 4 than 14 years of age, the provisions of:

5 (1) Subsection (c) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301, and amendments
 6 thereto, shall not apply to a violation of attempting to commit the crime of
 7 promoting prostitution as described in subsection (b)(2);

8 (2) subsection (c) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5302, and amendments 9 thereto, shall not apply to a violation of conspiracy to commit the crime of 10 promoting prostitution as described in subsection (b)(2); and

11 (3) subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5303, and amendments 12 thereto, shall not apply to a violation of criminal solicitation to commit the
 13 erime of promoting prostitution as described in subsection (b)(2).

(2) A person convicted under subsection (b)(1)(A) shall be fined not
less than \$2,500. A person convicted under subsection (b)(1)(B) shall be
fined not less than \$5,000. All fines collected pursuant to this section shall
be remitted to the human trafficking victim assistance fund created by
section 3, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6421 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 21-6421. (a) Patronizing a prostitute Buying sexual relations is
knowingly:

(1) Entering or remaining in a house of prostitution place where sexual relations are being sold or offered for sale with intent to engage in manual or other bodily contact stimulation of the genitals of any person with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desires of the offender or another, sexual intercourse, sodomy or any unlawful sexual act with a prostitute person selling sexual relations who is 18 years of age or older; or

(2) hiring a prostitute person selling sexual relations who is 18 years
of age or older to engage in manual or other bodily contact stimulation of
the genitals of any person with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual
desires of the offender or another, sexual intercourse, sodomy or any
unlawful sexual act.

34 (b) (1) Patronizing a prostitute is a class C misdemeanor Buying 35 sexual relations is a:

36 (A) Class A person misdemeanor, except as provided in subsection (b)
37 (1)(B);

(B) severity level 9, person felony when committed by a person who
has, prior to the commission of the crime, been convicted of a violation of
this section, or any prior version of this section.

41 (2) A person convicted under subsection (b)(1)(A) shall be fined not 42 less than \$2,500. A person convicted under subsection (b)(1)(B) shall be 43 fined not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$5,000. All fines collected 1 pursuant to this section shall be remitted to the human trafficking victim 2 assistance fund created by section 3, and amendments thereto.

3 (3) In addition, for any conviction under this section, the court shall 4 order the person convicted to enter into and complete a suitable 5 educational and treatment program regarding commercial sexual 6 exploitation.

7 Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6614 is hereby amended to read as 8 follows: 21-6614. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c) and, (d), (e) and (f), any person convicted in this state of a traffic infraction, 9 cigarette or tobacco infraction, misdemeanor or a class D or E felony, or 10 for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, nondrug crimes ranked in 11 severity levels 6 through 10 or any felony ranked in severity level 4 of the 12 drug grid, may petition the convicting court for the expungement of such 13 conviction or related arrest records if three or more years have elapsed 14 since the person: (A) Satisfied the sentence imposed; or (B) was 15 16 discharged from probation, a community correctional services program, parole, postrelease supervision, conditional release or a suspended 17 18 sentence.

19 (2) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c) and, (d), (e) and (f), any 20 person who has fulfilled the terms of a diversion agreement may petition 21 the district court for the expungement of such diversion agreement and 22 related arrest records if three or more years have elapsed since the terms of 23 the diversion agreement were fulfilled.

24 (b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and, (d), (e) and (f), no 25 person may petition for expungement until five or more years have elapsed since the person satisfied the sentence imposed, the terms of a diversion 26 27 agreement or was discharged from probation, a community correctional 28 services program, parole, postrelease supervision, conditional release or a 29 suspended sentence, if such person was convicted of a class A, B or C felony, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, if convicted of an 30 31 off-grid felony or any nondrug crime ranked in severity levels 1 through 5 32 or any felony ranked in severity levels 1 through 3 of the drug grid, or:

(1) Vehicular homicide, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3405, prior to its
repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5406, and amendments thereto, or as
prohibited by any law of another state which is in substantial conformity
with that statute;

(2) driving while the privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the
public highways of this state has been canceled, suspended or revoked, as
prohibited by K.S.A. 8-262, and amendments thereto, or as prohibited by
any law of another state which is in substantial conformity with that
statute;

42 (3) perjury resulting from a violation of K.S.A. 8-261a, and 43 amendments thereto, or resulting from the violation of a law of another 1 state which is in substantial conformity with that statute;

2 (4) violating the provisions of the fifth clause of K.S.A. 8-142, and 3 amendments thereto, relating to fraudulent applications or violating the 4 provisions of a law of another state which is in substantial conformity with 5 that statute;

6 (5) any crime punishable as a felony wherein a motor vehicle was 7 used in the perpetration of such crime;

8 (6) failing to stop at the scene of an accident and perform the duties 9 required by *K.S.A. 8-1603, prior to its repeal, or* K.S.A. 8-1602, 8-1603 or 10 8-1604, and amendments thereto, or required by a law of another state 11 which is in substantial conformity with those statutes;

(7) violating the provisions of K.S.A. 40-3104, and amendmentsthereto, relating to motor vehicle liability insurance coverage; or

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(8) a violation of K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal.

15 (c) Any person convicted of prostitution as defined in K.S.A. 21-3512, 16 prior to its repeal, convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419, 17 and amendments thereto, or who entered into a diversion agreement in 18 lieu of further criminal proceedings for such violation, may petition the 19 convicting court for the expungement of such conviction or diversion 20 agreement and related arrest records if:

(1) One or more years have elapsed since the person satisfied the
 sentence imposed, the terms of a diversion agreement or was discharged
 from probation, a community correctional services program, parole,
 postrelease supervision, conditional release or a suspended sentence; and

(2) such person can prove they were acting under coercion caused by
the act of another. For purposes of this subsection, "coercion" means:
Threats of harm or physical restraint against any person; a scheme, plan,
or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that failure to perform an
act would result in bodily harm or physical restraint against any person;
or the abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process.

31 (e) (d) No person may petition for expungement until 10 or more 32 years have elapsed since the person satisfied the sentence imposed, the 33 terms of a diversion agreement or was discharged from probation, a 34 community correctional services program, parole, postrelease supervision, 35 conditional release or a suspended sentence, if such person was convicted 36 of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, including any 37 diversion for such violation.

38 (d) (e) There shall be no expungement of convictions for the 39 following offenses or of convictions for an attempt to commit any of the 40 following offenses:

(1) Rape as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A.
2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto;

43 (2) indecent liberties with a child or aggravated indecent liberties

with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503 or 21-3504, prior to their repeal, 1 2 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto; 3 (3) criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of 4 K.S.A. 21-3505, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 5 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto; 6 (4) aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in K.S.A. 21-3506, prior 7 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto; 8 (5) indecent solicitation of a child or aggravated indecent solicitation 9 of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510 or 21-3511, prior to their repeal, or 10 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto; (6) sexual exploitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3516, prior 11 12 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto; (7) aggravated incest as defined in K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its repeal, 13 14 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments thereto; 15 (8) endangering a child or aggravated endangering a child as defined 16 in K.S.A. 21-3608 or 21-3608a, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 17 21-5601, and amendments thereto; (9) abuse of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3609, prior to its repeal, 18 19 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5602, and amendments thereto; 20 (10) capital murder as defined in K.S.A. 21-3439, prior to its repeal, 21 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5401, and amendments thereto; 22 (11) murder in the first degree as defined in K.S.A. 21-3401, prior to 23 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5402, and amendments thereto; 24 (12) murder in the second degree as defined in K.S.A. 21-3402, prior 25 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5403, and amendments thereto; 26 (13) voluntary manslaughter as defined in K.S.A. 21-3403, prior to its 27 repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5404, and amendments thereto; 28 (14) involuntary manslaughter as defined in K.S.A. 21-3404, prior to 29 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto; 30 (15) sexual battery as defined in K.S.A. 21-3517, prior to its repeal, 31 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto, when the victim 32 was less than 18 years of age at the time the crime was committed; 33 aggravated sexual battery as defined in K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to (16) 34 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto; (17) a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto, 35 36 including any diversion for such violation; or 37 (18) any conviction for any offense in effect at any time prior to July 38 1, 2011, that is comparable to any offense as provided in this subsection. 39 (f) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, for any offender 40 who is required to register as provided in the Kansas offender registration 41 act, K.S.A. 22-4901 et seq., and amendments thereto, there shall be no 42 expungement of any conviction or any part of the offender's criminal 43 record while the offender is required to register as provided in the Kansas

1 offender registration act.

2 (e) (g) (1) When a petition for expungement is filed, the court shall 3 set a date for a hearing of such petition and shall cause notice of such 4 hearing to be given to the prosecutor and the arresting law enforcement 5 agency. The petition shall state the:

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(A) Defendant's full name;

7 full name of the defendant at the time of arrest, conviction or (B) 8 diversion, if different than the defendant's current name; 9

(C) defendant's sex, race and date of birth;

10 (D) crime for which the defendant was arrested, convicted or 11 diverted:

(E) date of the defendant's arrest, conviction or diversion; and

13 identity of the convicting court, arresting law enforcement (F) authority or diverting authority. 14

(2) Except as otherwise provided by law, a petition for expungement 15 16 shall be accompanied by a docket fee in the amount of \$100. On and after April 15, 2010 through June 30, 2011 May 19, 2011, through June 30, 17 2012, the supreme court may impose a charge, not to exceed $\frac{15}{15}$ \$19 per 18 19 case, to fund the costs of non-judicial personnel. The charge established in 20 this section shall be the only fee collected or moneys in the nature of a fee 21 collected for the case. Such charge shall only be established by an act of 22 the legislature and no other authority is established by law or otherwise to 23 collect a fee.

24 (3) All petitions for expungement shall be docketed in the original 25 criminal action. Any person who may have relevant information about the petitioner may testify at the hearing. The court may inquire into the 26 27 background of the petitioner and shall have access to any reports or 28 records relating to the petitioner that are on file with the secretary of 29 corrections or the Kansas parole board.

30 (f) (h) At the hearing on the petition, the court shall order the 31 petitioner's arrest record, conviction or diversion expunged if the court 32 finds that:

33 (1) The petitioner has not been convicted of a felony in the past two 34 years and no proceeding involving any such crime is presently pending or 35 being instituted against the petitioner;

- 36 (2) the circumstances and behavior of the petitioner warrant the 37 expungement;
- 38

(3) the expungement is consistent with the public welfare.

39 (g) (i) When the court has ordered an arrest record, conviction or 40 diversion expunged, the order of expungement shall state the information required to be contained in the petition. The clerk of the court shall send a 41 certified copy of the order of expungement to the Kansas bureau of 42 43 investigation which shall notify the federal bureau of investigation, the

secretary of corrections and any other criminal justice agency which may 1 2 have a record of the arrest, conviction or diversion. After the order of expungement is entered, the petitioner shall be treated as not having been 3 4 arrested, convicted or diverted of the crime, except that:

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(1) Upon conviction for any subsequent crime, the conviction that 6 was expunged may be considered as a prior conviction in determining the 7 sentence to be imposed;

8 (2) the petitioner shall disclose that the arrest, conviction or diversion 9 occurred if asked about previous arrests, convictions or diversions:

(A) In any application for licensure as a private detective, private 10 detective agency, certification as a firearms trainer pursuant to K.S.A. 11 2011 Supp. 75-7b21, and amendments thereto, or employment as a 12 detective with a private detective agency, as defined by K.S.A. 75-7b01, 13 and amendments thereto; as security personnel with a private patrol 14 operator, as defined by K.S.A. 75-7b01, and amendments thereto; or with 15 16 an institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01, and amendments thereto, of 17 the department of social and rehabilitation services;

(B) in any application for admission, or for an order of reinstatement, 18 19 to the practice of law in this state;

(C) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for 20 21 employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within 22 the Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the 23 Kansas lottery:

24 (D) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for executive 25 director of the Kansas racing and gaming commission, for employment with the commission or for work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as 26 deemed appropriate by the executive director of the commission, or to aid 27 28 in determining qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure by the 29 commission:

30 (E) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for the following under the Kansas expanded lottery act: (i) Lottery gaming 31 32 facility manager or prospective manager, racetrack gaming facility 33 manager or prospective manager, licensee or certificate holder; or (ii) an 34 officer, director, employee, owner, agent or contractor thereof;

35 (F) upon application for a commercial driver's license under K.S.A. 36 8-2,125 through 8-2,142, and amendments thereto;

37 (G) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be an 38 employee of the state gaming agency;

39 (H) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be an 40 employee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license issued 41 pursuant to a tribal-state gaming compact;

(I) in any application for registration as a broker-dealer, agent, 42 43 investment adviser or investment adviser representative all as defined in 1 K.S.A. 17-12a102, and amendments thereto;

2 (J) in any application for employment as a law enforcement officer as 3 defined in K.S.A. 22-2202 or 74-5602, and amendments thereto; or

4 (K) for applications received on and after July 1, 2006, to aid in 5 determining the petitioner's qualifications for a license to carry a concealed 6 weapon pursuant to the personal and family protection act, K.S.A. 2011 7 Supp. 75-7c01 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto;

8 (3) the court, in the order of expungement, may specify other 9 circumstances under which the conviction is to be disclosed;

(4) the conviction may be disclosed in a subsequent prosecution for
 an offense which requires as an element of such offense a prior conviction
 of the type expunged; and

(5) upon commitment to the custody of the secretary of corrections,
 any previously expunged record in the possession of the secretary of
 corrections may be reinstated and the expungement disregarded, and the
 record continued for the purpose of the new commitment.

(h) (j) Whenever a person is convicted of a crime, pleads guilty and pays a fine for a crime, is placed on parole, postrelease supervision or probation, is assigned to a community correctional services program, is granted a suspended sentence or is released on conditional release, the person shall be informed of the ability to expunge the arrest records or conviction. Whenever a person enters into a diversion agreement, the person shall be informed of the ability to expunge the diversion.

24 (i) (k) Subject to the disclosures required pursuant to subsection (f) 25 (i), in any application for employment, license or other civil right or privilege, or any appearance as a witness, a person whose arrest records, 26 conviction or diversion of a crime has been expunged under this statute 27 28 may state that such person has never been arrested, convicted or diverted 29 of such crime, but the expungement of a felony conviction does not relieve 30 an individual of complying with any state or federal law relating to the use 31 or possession of firearms by persons convicted of a felony.

(j) (l) Whenever the record of any arrest, conviction or diversion has
 been expunged under the provisions of this section or under the provisions
 of any other existing or former statute, the custodian of the records of
 arrest, conviction, diversion and incarceration relating to that crime shall
 not disclose the existence of such records, except when requested by:

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(1) The person whose record was expunged;

(2) a private detective agency or a private patrol operator, and the
request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in
conjunction with an application for employment with such agency or
operator by the person whose record has been expunged;

42 (3) a court, upon a showing of a subsequent conviction of the person43 whose record has been expunged;

1 (4) the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, or a designee of 2 the secretary, for the purpose of obtaining information relating to 3 employment in an institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01, and 4 amendments thereto, of the department of social and rehabilitation services 5 of any person whose record has been expunged;

6 (5) a person entitled to such information pursuant to the terms of the 7 expungement order;

8 (6) a prosecutor, and such request is accompanied by a statement that 9 the request is being made in conjunction with a prosecution of an offense 10 that requires a prior conviction as one of the elements of such offense;

11 (7) the supreme court, the clerk or disciplinary administrator thereof, 12 the state board for admission of attorneys or the state board for discipline 13 of attorneys, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the 14 request is being made in conjunction with an application for admission, or 15 for an order of reinstatement, to the practice of law in this state by the 16 person whose record has been expunged;

(8) the Kansas lottery, and the request is accompanied by a statement
that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for
employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within
the Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the
Kansas lottery;

(9) the governor or the Kansas racing and gaming commission, or a designee of the commission, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for executive director of the commission, for employment with the commission, for work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the commission or for licensure, renewal of licensure or continued licensure by the commission;

(10) the Kansas racing and gaming commission, or a designee of the commission, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications of the following under the Kansas expanded lottery act: (A) Lottery gaming facility managers and prospective managers, racetrack gaming facility managers and prospective managers, licensees and certificate holders; and (B) their officers, directors, employees, owners, agents and contractors;

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(11) the Kansas sentencing commission;

(12) the state gaming agency, and the request is accompanied by a
statement that the request is being made to aid in determining
qualifications: (A) To be an employee of the state gaming agency; or (B)
to be an employee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license
issued pursuant to a tribal-gaming compact;

42 (13) the Kansas securities commissioner or a designee of the 43 commissioner, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in conjunction with an application for registration as
 a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser or investment adviser
 representative by such agency and the application was submitted by the
 person whose record has been expunged;

5 (14) the Kansas commission on peace officers' standards and training 6 and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being 7 made to aid in determining certification eligibility as a law enforcement 8 officer pursuant to K.S.A. 74-5601 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto;

9 (15) a law enforcement agency and the request is accompanied by a 10 statement that the request is being made to aid in determining eligibility 11 for employment as a law enforcement officer as defined by K.S.A. 22-12 2202, and amendments thereto; or

13 (16) the attorney general and the request is accompanied by a 14 statement that the request is being made to aid in determining 15 qualifications for a license to carry a concealed weapon pursuant to the 16 personal and family protection act-; *or*

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(17) the Kansas bureau of investigation for the purposes of:

(A) Completing a person's criminal history record information within
 the central repository, in accordance with K.S.A. 22-4701 et seq., and
 amendments thereto; or

(B) providing information or documentation to the federal bureau of
 investigation, in connection with the national instant criminal background
 check system, to determine a person's qualification to possess a firearm.

24 (m) The provisions of subsection (l)(17) shall apply to records 25 created prior to, on and after July 1, 2011.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6626 is hereby amended to read as 26 27 follows: 21-6626. (a) An aggravated habitual sex offender shall be 28 sentenced to imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole. Such offender shall spend the remainder of the offender's natural life 29 30 incarcerated and in the custody of the secretary of corrections. An offender 31 who is sentenced to imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole 32 shall not be eligible for parole, probation, assignment to a community 33 correctional services program, conditional release, postrelease supervision, 34 or suspension, modification or reduction of sentence.

(b) Upon sentencing a defendant to imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole, the court shall commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections and the court shall state in the sentencing order of the judgment form or journal entry, whichever is delivered with the defendant to the correctional institution, that the defendant has been sentenced to imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole.

41 (c)

(c) As used in this section:

42 (1) "Aggravated habitual sex offender" means a person who, on and 43 after July 1, 2006: (A) Has been convicted in this state of a sexually

1 violent crime, as described in subsection (c)(2)(A) through (c)(2)(H) or (c)2 (2)(J); and (B) prior to the conviction of the felony under subparagraph 3 (A), has been convicted of two or more sexually violent crimes; (2) "Sexually violent crime" means: 4 5 (A) Rape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 6 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto; 7 (B) indecent liberties with a child or aggravated indecent liberties 8 with a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503 or 21-3504, prior to their repeal, 9 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto; 10 (C) criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 11 12 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto; 13 (D) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3506, prior 14 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto; (E) indecent solicitation of a child or aggravated indecent solicitation 15 16 of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510 or 21-3511, prior to their repeal, 17 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto; 18 (F) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3516, prior 19 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto; 20 (G) aggravated sexual battery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to 21 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto; 22 (H) aggravated incest, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its 23 repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments thereto; 24 (I) aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3447, prior 25 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, if committed in whole or in part for the purpose of the sexual gratification of 26 27 the defendant or another; 28 (J) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in section 4, 29 and amendments thereto: 30 (H) (K) any federal or other state conviction for a felony offense that 31 under the laws of this state would be a sexually violent crime as defined in 32 this section; 33 (J) (L) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 34 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of a 35 36 sexually violent crime as defined in this section; or 37 (K) (M) any act which at the time of sentencing for the offense has 38 been determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been sexually 39 motivated. As used in this subparagraph, "sexually motivated" means that 40 one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for 41 the purpose of the defendant's sexual gratification. 42 Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6627 is hereby amended to read as 43 follows: 21-6627. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b) or (d), a

defendant who is 18 years of age or older and is convicted of the following
crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, shall be sentenced to a term of
imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of
not less than 25 years unless the court determines that the defendant
should be sentenced as determined in subsection (a)(2):

6 (A) Aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 7 21-5426, and amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 14 years of 8 age;

9 (B) rape, as defined in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-10 5503, and amendments thereto;

11 (C) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in 12 subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;

(D) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (b)(1) or
 (b)(2) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;

(E) promoting prostitution, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6420,
 and amendments thereto, if the prostitute is less than 14 years of age;

17 (F) (E) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in subsection (a)(1) 18 or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if the 19 child is less than 14 years of age;

20 (F) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in 21 subsection (b)(2) of section 4, and amendments thereto; and

(G) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in
K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments
thereto, of an offense defined in subsections (a)(1)(A) through (a)(1)(F).

(2) The provision of subsection (a)(1) requiring a mandatory
 minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years shall not apply if
 the court finds:

(A) The defendant is an aggravated habitual sex offender and
 sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6626, and amendments
 thereto; or

(B) the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification, is subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range exceeds 300 months. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established pursuant to the sentencing range.

(b) (1) On and after July 1, 2006, if a defendant who is 18 years of age or older is convicted of a crime listed in subsection (a)(1) and such defendant has previously been convicted of a crime listed in subsection (a) (1), a crime in effect at any time prior to July 1, 2011, which is substantially the same as a crime listed in subsection (a)(1) or a crime under a law of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as a crime listed in subsection (a)(1), the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 40 years. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to a crime committed under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5507, and amendments thereto, or a crime under a law of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5507, and amendments thereto.

7 (2) The provision of subsection (b)(1) requiring a mandatory 8 minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 40 years shall not apply if 9 the court finds:

10 (A) The defendant is an aggravated habitual sex offender and 11 sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6626, and amendments 12 thereto; or

13 (B) the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history 14 classification, is subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the 15 sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range 16 exceeds 480 months. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a 17 mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established pursuant to the 18 sentencing range.

19 (c) When a person is sentenced pursuant to subsection (a) or (b), such 20 person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment 21 of not less than 25 years, 40 years or be sentenced as determined in 22 subsection (a)(2) or subsection (b)(2), whichever is applicable, and shall 23 not be eligible for probation or suspension, modification or reduction of 24 sentence. In addition, a person sentenced pursuant to this section shall not 25 be eligible for parole prior to serving such mandatory term of imprisonment, and such imprisonment shall not be reduced by the 26 27 application of good time credits.

(d) (1) On or after July 1, 2006, for a first time conviction of an 28 29 offense listed in subsection (a)(1), the sentencing judge shall impose the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment provided by subsection (a), 30 31 unless the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons, following a 32 review of mitigating circumstances, to impose a departure. If the 33 sentencing judge departs from such mandatory minimum term of 34 imprisonment, the judge shall state on the record at the time of sentencing 35 the substantial and compelling reasons for the departure. The departure 36 sentence shall be the sentence pursuant to the revised Kansas sentencing 37 guidelines act, article 68 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, 38 and amendments thereto, and, subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2011 39 Supp. 21-6818, and amendments thereto, no sentence of a mandatory 40 minimum term of imprisonment shall be imposed hereunder.

41 (2) As used in this subsection, "mitigating circumstances" shall42 include, but are not limited to, the following:

43 (A) The defendant has no significant history of prior criminal

1 activity;

2 (B) the crime was committed while the defendant was under the 3 influence of extreme mental or emotional disturbances;

4 (C) the victim was an accomplice in the crime committed by another 5 person, and the defendant's participation was relatively minor;

6 (D) the defendant acted under extreme distress or under the 7 substantial domination of another person;

8 (E) the capacity of the defendant to appreciate the criminality of the 9 defendant's conduct or to conform the defendant's conduct to the 10 requirements of law was substantially impaired; and

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(F) the age of the defendant at the time of the crime.

12 (e) The provisions of K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to 13 their repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and 14 amendments thereto, shall not apply to any defendant sentenced pursuant 15 to this section.

16 Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6815 is hereby amended to read as (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the 17 follows: 21-6815. sentencing judge shall impose the presumptive sentence provided by the 18 19 sentencing guidelines unless the judge finds substantial and compelling 20 reasons to impose a departure sentence. If the sentencing judge departs 21 from the presumptive sentence, the judge shall state on the record at the 22 time of sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons for the 23 departure.

(b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp.
21-6817, and amendments thereto, any fact that would increase the penalty
for a crime beyond the statutory maximum, other than a prior conviction,
shall be submitted to a jury and proved beyond a reasonable doubt.

(c) (1) Subject to the provisions of subsections (c)(3) and (e), the
 following nonexclusive list of mitigating factors may be considered in
 determining whether substantial and compelling reasons for a departure
 exist:

32 (A) The victim was an aggressor or participant in the criminal33 conduct associated with the crime of conviction.

(B) The offender played a minor or passive role in the crime or
participated under circumstances of duress or compulsion. This factor may
be considered when it is not sufficient as a complete defense.

37 (C) The offender, because of physical or mental impairment, lacked
38 substantial capacity for judgment when the offense was committed. The
39 voluntary use of intoxicants, drugs or alcohol does not fall within the
40 purview of this factor.

41 (D) The defendant, or the defendant's children, suffered a continuing 42 pattern of physical or sexual abuse by the victim of the offense and the 43 offense is a response to that abuse. 1 (E) The degree of harm or loss attributed to the current crime of 2 conviction was significantly less than typical for such an offense.

3 (2) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c)(3), the following 4 nonexclusive list of aggravating factors may be considered in determining 5 whether substantial and compelling reasons for departure exist:

6 (A) The victim was particularly vulnerable due to age, infirmity, or 7 reduced physical or mental capacity which was known or should have 8 been known to the offender.

9 (B) The defendant's conduct during the commission of the current 10 offense manifested excessive brutality to the victim in a manner not 11 normally present in that offense.

12 (C) The offense was motivated entirely or in part by the race, color, 13 religion, ethnicity, national origin or sexual orientation of the victim or the 14 offense was motivated by the defendant's belief or perception, entirely or 15 in part, of the race, color, religion, ethnicity, national origin or sexual 16 orientation of the victim whether or not the defendant's belief or perception 17 was correct.

(D) The offense involved a fiduciary relationship which existedbetween the defendant and the victim.

(E) The defendant, 18 or more years of age, employed, hired, used,
 persuaded, induced, enticed or coerced any individual under 16 years of
 age to:

(i) Commit any person felony;

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(ii) assist in avoiding detection or apprehension for commission ofany person felony; or

(iii) attempt, conspire or solicit, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 215301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, to commit any
person felony.

That the defendant did not know the age of the individual under 16 years of age shall not be a consideration.

(F) The defendant's current crime of conviction is a crime of extreme
 sexual violence and the defendant is a predatory sex offender. As used in
 this subsection:

34 (i) "Crime of extreme sexual violence" is a felony limited to the 35 following:

36 (a) A crime involving a nonconsensual act of sexual intercourse or37 sodomy with any person;

(b) a crime involving an act of sexual intercourse, sodomy or lewd
fondling and touching with any child who is 14 or more years of age but
less than 16 years of age and with whom a relationship has been
established or promoted for the primary purpose of victimization; or

42 (c) a crime involving an act of sexual intercourse, sodomy or lewd 43 fondling and touching with any child who is less than 14 years of age; 1 (d) aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 2 21-5426, and amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 14 years of 3 age; or

4 (e) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in 5 subsection (b)(2) of section 4, and amendments thereto.

6 (ii) "Predatory sex offender" is an offender who has been convicted of 7 a crime of extreme sexual violence as the current crime of conviction and 8 who:

9 (a) Has one or more prior convictions of any crimes of extreme 10 sexual violence. Any prior conviction used to establish the defendant as a 11 predatory sex offender pursuant to this subsection shall also be counted in 12 determining the criminal history category; or

(b) suffers from a mental condition or personality disorder which
 makes the offender likely to engage in additional acts constituting crimes
 of extreme sexual violence.

(iii) "Mental condition or personality disorder" means an emotional,
mental or physical illness, disease, abnormality, disorder, pathology or
condition which motivates the person, affects the predisposition or desires
of the person, or interferes with the capacity of the person to control
impulses to commit crimes of extreme sexual violence.

21 (G) The defendant was incarcerated during the commission of the 22 offense.

(H) The crime involved two or more participants in the criminal
 conduct, and the defendant played a major role in the crime as the
 organizer, leader, recruiter, manager or supervisor.

In determining whether aggravating factors exist as provided in this section, the court shall review the victim impact statement.

(3) If a factual aspect of a crime is a statutory element of the crime or is used to subclassify the crime on the crime severity scale, that aspect of the current crime of conviction may be used as an aggravating or mitigating factor only if the criminal conduct constituting that aspect of the current crime of conviction is significantly different from the usual criminal conduct captured by the aspect of the crime.

34 (d) In determining aggravating or mitigating circumstances, the court35 shall consider:

36 37 (1) Any evidence received during the proceeding;(2) the presentence report;

38 (3) written briefs and oral arguments of either the state or counsel for39 the defendant; and

40 (4) any other evidence relevant to such aggravating or mitigating 41 circumstances that the court finds trustworthy and reliable.

42 (e) Upon motion of the prosecutor stating that the defendant has 43 provided substantial assistance in the investigation or prosecution of another person who is alleged to have committed an offense, the court may
 consider such mitigation in determining whether substantial and
 compelling reasons for a departure exist. In considering this mitigating
 factor, the court may consider the following:

5 (1) The court's evaluation of the significance and usefulness of the 6 defendant's assistance, taking into consideration the prosecutor's 7 evaluation of the assistance rendered;

8 (2) the truthfulness, completeness and reliability of any information 9 or testimony provided by the defendant;

(3) the nature and extent of the defendant's assistance;

(4) any injury suffered, or any danger or risk of injury to thedefendant or the defendant's family resulting from such assistance; and

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(5) the timeliness of the defendant's assistance.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 22-2515 is hereby amended to read as 14 follows: 22-2515. (a) An ex parte order authorizing the interception of a 15 16 wire, oral or electronic communication may be issued by a judge of competent jurisdiction. The attorney general, district attorney or county 17 18 attorney may make an application to any judge of competent jurisdiction 19 for an order authorizing the interception of a wire, oral or electronic 20 communication by an investigative or law enforcement officer and agency 21 having responsibility for the investigation of the offense regarding which 22 the application is made, when such interception may provide evidence of 23 the commission of any of the following offenses:

24 (1) Any crime directly and immediately affecting the safety of a25 human life which is a felony;

- 26 (2) murder;
- 27 (3) kidnapping;
- 28 (4) treason;
- 29 (5) sedition;
- 30 (6) racketeering;
- 31 (7) commercial bribery;
- 32 (8) robbery;
- 33 (9) theft, if the offense would constitute a felony;
- 34 (10) bribery;
- 35 (11) any felony violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5701 through 21-
- 36 5717, and amendments thereto;
- 37 (12) commercial gambling;
- 38 (13) sports bribery;
- 39 (14) tampering with a sports contest;
- 40 (15) aggravated escape;
- 41 (16) aggravated failure to appear;
- 42 (17) arson;
- 43 (18) terrorism;

- 1 (19)illegal use of weapons of mass destruction; or 2
 - human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking; (20)
- 3 (21)sexual exploitation of a child;
- 4 5
- (22)commercial sexual exploitation of a child:
- (23)buying sexual relations or selling sexual relations; or
- 6
- (20) (24) any conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses.

7 (b) Any investigative or law enforcement officer who, by any means 8 authorized by this act or by chapter 119 of title 18 of the United States 9 code, has obtained knowledge of the contents of any wire, oral or electronic communication, or evidence derived therefrom, may disclose 10 such contents to another investigative or law enforcement officer to the 11 12 extent that such disclosure is appropriate to the proper performance of the 13 official duties of the officer making or receiving the disclosure.

(c) Any investigative or law enforcement officer who, by any means 14 authorized by this act or by chapter 119 of title 18 of the United States 15 16 code, has obtained knowledge of the contents of any wire, oral or 17 electronic communication, or evidence derived therefrom, may use such 18 contents to the extent such use is appropriate to the proper performance of 19 such officer's official duties.

20 (d) Any person who has received, by any means authorized by this 21 act or by chapter 119 of title 18 of the United States code or by a like 22 statute of any other state, any information concerning a wire, oral or 23 electronic communication, or evidence derived therefrom, intercepted in 24 accordance with the provisions of this act, may disclose the contents of 25 such communication or such derivative evidence while giving testimony under oath or affirmation in any criminal proceeding in any court, or 26 27 before any grand jury, of this state or of the United States or of any other 28 state.

29 (e) No otherwise privileged wire, oral or electronic communication 30 intercepted in accordance with, or in violation of, the provisions of this act 31 or of chapter 119 of title 18 of the United States code shall lose its 32 privileged character.

33 (f) When an investigative or law enforcement officer, while engaged 34 in intercepting wire, oral or electronic communications in the manner 35 authorized by this act, intercepts wire, oral or electronic communications 36 relating to offenses other than those specified in the order authorizing the 37 interception of the wire, oral or electronic communication, the contents 38 thereof and evidence derived therefrom may be disclosed or used as 39 provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. Such contents and 40 evidence derived therefrom may be used under subsection (d) of this section when authorized or approved by a judge of competent jurisdiction, 41 where such judge finds on subsequent application, made as soon as 42 43 practicable, that the contents were otherwise intercepted in accordance with the provisions of this act, or with chapter 119 of title 18 of the United
 States code.

3 Sec. 17. K.S.A. 22-2530 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-4 2530. If a search warrant is executed which authorizes a search of real 5 property based upon an alleged offense involving gambling, obscenity, 6 prostitution selling sexual relations, controlled substances or liquor, a copy 7 of the warrant shall be delivered to the last known address of the owner of 8 the property within two business days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, after execution of the warrant if such address is different 9 10 from the address of the property for which the warrant was issued.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 22-3601 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3601. (a) Any appeal permitted to be taken from a district court's final judgment in a criminal case shall be taken to the court of appeals, except in those cases reviewable by law in the district court or in which a direct appeal to the supreme court is required. Whenever an interlocutory appeal is permitted in a criminal case in the district court, such appeal shall be taken to the court of appeals.

18 (b) Any appeal permitted to be taken from a district court's final 19 judgment in a criminal case shall be taken directly to the supreme court in 20 the following cases:

(1) Any case in which a statute of this state or of the United Stateshas been held unconstitutional;

23 (2) any case in which the defendant has been convicted of a class A24 felony;

(3) any case in which a maximum sentence of life imprisonment has
been imposed, unless the maximum sentence has been imposed pursuant to
K.S.A. 21-4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6627, and
amendments thereto; and

(4) except as provided further, any case in which the crime was
committed on or after July 1, 1993, and the defendant has been convicted
of an off-grid crime. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to
any case in which the off-grid crime was:

(A) Aggravated human trafficking, subsection (c)(2)(B) of K.S.A.
2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto;

35 (B) rape, subsection (b)(2)(B) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and 36 amendments thereto;

37 (C) aggravated criminal sodomy, subsection (c)(2)(B)(ii) of K.S.A.
38 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;

39 (D) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, subsection (c)(2)(C)(ii)
40 of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;

41 (E) sexual exploitation of a child, subsection (b)(2)(B) of K.S.A.
42 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto;

43 (F) promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations, subsection (b)

1 (4) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6420, and amendments thereto; or

2 (G) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in 3 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-3503, and amendments 4 thereto, of any such felony.

5 Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 22-3717 is hereby amended to read as 6 follows: 22-3717.(a) Except as otherwise provided by this section; K.S.A. 7 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, 8 prior to their repeal; K.S.A. 21-4624, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4642, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6617, 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-9 10 6624, 21-6625 and 21-6626, and amendments thereto; and K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto; an inmate, including an inmate sentenced 11 12 pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4618, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6707, and amendments thereto, shall be eligible for parole after serving the 13 14 entire minimum sentence imposed by the court, less good time credits.

(b) (1) Except as provided by K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, prior 15 16 to their repeal, and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-6624 and 21-17 6625, and amendments thereto, an inmate sentenced to imprisonment for the crime of capital murder, or an inmate sentenced for the crime of 18 19 murder in the first degree based upon a finding of premeditated murder, 20 committed on or after July 1, 1994, shall be eligible for parole after 21 serving 25 years of confinement, without deduction of any good time 22 credits.

23 (2) Except as provided by subsection (b)(1) or (b)(4), K.S.A. 1993 24 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, prior 25 to their repeal, and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-6624 and 21-6625, and amendments thereto, an inmate sentenced to imprisonment for 26 27 an off-grid offense committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 1, 28 1999, shall be eligible for parole after serving 15 years of confinement, 29 without deduction of any good time credits and an inmate sentenced to 30 imprisonment for an off-grid offense committed on or after July 1, 1999, 31 shall be eligible for parole after serving 20 years of confinement without deduction of any good time credits. 32

(3) Except as provided by K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its
repeal, an inmate sentenced for a class A felony committed before July 1,
1993, including an inmate sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4618, prior to
its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6707, and amendments thereto, shall
be eligible for parole after serving 15 years of confinement, without
deduction of any good time credits.

(4) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment for a violation of
subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-3402, prior to its repeal, committed on or after
July 1, 1996, but prior to July 1, 1999, shall be eligible for parole after
serving 10 years of confinement without deduction of any good time
credits.

1 (5) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-2 4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments 3 thereto, committed on or after July 1, 2006, shall be eligible for parole 4 after serving the mandatory term of imprisonment without deduction of 5 any good time credits.

6 (c) (1) Except as provided in subsection (e), if an inmate is sentenced 7 to imprisonment for more than one crime and the sentences run 8 consecutively, the inmate shall be eligible for parole after serving the total 9 of:

10 (A) The aggregate minimum sentences, as determined pursuant to 11 K.S.A. 21-4608, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6606, and 12 amendments thereto, less good time credits for those crimes which are not 13 class A felonies; and

(B) an additional 15 years, without deduction of good time credits,for each crime which is a class A felony.

16 (2) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-17 4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments 18 thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, the inmate shall be 19 eligible for parole after serving the mandatory term of imprisonment.

(d) (1) Persons sentenced for crimes, other than off-grid crimes,
committed on or after July 1, 1993, or persons subject to subparagraph
(G), will not be eligible for parole, but will be released to a mandatory
period of postrelease supervision upon completion of the prison portion of
their sentence as follows:

(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons
sentenced for nondrug severity level 1 through 4 crimes and drug severity
levels 1 and 2 crimes must serve 36 months, plus the amount of good time
and program credit earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, prior
to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6821, and amendments thereto, on
postrelease supervision.

(B) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons sentenced for nondrug severity levels 5 and 6 crimes and drug severity level 3 crimes must serve 24 months, plus the amount of good time and program credit earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6821, and amendments thereto, on postrelease supervision.

(C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons
sentenced for nondrug severity level 7 through 10 crimes and drug severity
level 4 crimes must serve 12 months, plus the amount of good time and
program credit earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, prior to its
repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6821, and amendments thereto, on
postrelease supervision.

43 (D) (i) The sentencing judge shall impose the postrelease supervision

1 period provided in subparagraph (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C), unless

the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons to impose a departure
based upon a finding that the current crime of conviction was sexually
motivated. In that event, departure may be imposed to extend the
postrelease supervision to a period of up to 60 months.

6 (ii) If the sentencing judge departs from the presumptive postrelease 7 supervision period, the judge shall state on the record at the time of 8 sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons for the departure. 9 Departures in this section are subject to appeal pursuant to K.S.A. 21-10 4721, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6820, and amendments 11 thereto.

(iii) In determining whether substantial and compelling reasons exist,the court shall consider:

(a) Written briefs or oral arguments submitted by either the defendantor the state;

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(b) any evidence received during the proceeding;

(c) the presentence report, the victim's impact statement and any
psychological evaluation as ordered by the court pursuant to subsection (e)
of K.S.A. 21-4714, prior to its repeal, or subsection (e) of K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 21-6813, and amendments thereto; and

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(d) any other evidence the court finds trustworthy and reliable.

(iv) The sentencing judge may order that a psychological evaluation be prepared and the recommended programming be completed by the offender. The department of corrections or the parole prisoner review board shall ensure that court ordered sex offender treatment be carried out.

(v) In carrying out the provisions of subparagraph (d)(1)(D), the court
shall refer to K.S.A. 21-4718, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 216817, and amendments thereto.

(vi) Upon petition, the parole prisoner review board may provide for early discharge from the postrelease supervision period upon completion of court ordered programs and completion of the presumptive postrelease supervision period, as determined by the crime of conviction, pursuant to subparagraph (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C). Early discharge from postrelease supervision is at the discretion of the parole prisoner review board.

(vii) Persons convicted of crimes deemed sexually violent or sexually
motivated, shall be registered according to the offender registration act,
K.S.A. 22-4901 through 22-4910 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(viii) Persons convicted of K.S.A. 21-3510 or 21-3511, prior to their
repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto, shall be
required to participate in a treatment program for sex offenders during the
postrelease supervision period.

43 (E) The period of postrelease supervision provided in subparagraphs

1 (A) and (B) may be reduced by up to 12 months and the period of 2 postrelease supervision provided in subparagraph (C) may be reduced by 3 up to six months based on the offender's compliance with conditions of 4 supervision and overall performance while on postrelease supervision. The 5 reduction in the supervision period shall be on an earned basis pursuant to 6 rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of corrections.

7 (F) In cases where sentences for crimes from more than one severity 8 level have been imposed, the offender shall serve the longest period of 9 postrelease supervision as provided by this section available for any crime 10 upon which sentence was imposed irrespective of the severity level of the 11 crime. Supervision periods will not aggregate.

12 (G) Except as provided in subsection (u), persons convicted of a 13 sexually violent crime committed on or after July 1, 2006, and who are 14 released from prison, shall be released to a mandatory period of 15 postrelease supervision for the duration of the person's natural life.

16

(2) As used in this section, "sexually violent crime" means:

(A) Rape, K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp.
21-5503, and amendments thereto;

(B) indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3503, prior to its repeal,
or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;

21 (C) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3504, prior 22 to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and 23 amendments thereto;

(D) criminal sodomy, subsection (a)(2) and (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505,
prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) and (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 215504, and amendments thereto;

(E) aggravated criminal sodomy, K.S.A. 21-3506, prior to its repeal,
or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;

(F) indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3510, prior to its repeal,
or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto;

31 (G) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3511, prior 32 to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5508, and 33 amendments thereto;

(H) sexual exploitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3516, prior to its repeal,
or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto;

(I) aggravated sexual battery, K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to its repeal, or
 subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto;

(J) aggravated incest, K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its repeal, or
 subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments thereto; or

40 *(K)* aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3447, 41 prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments 42 thereto, if committed in whole or in part for the purpose of the sexual 43 gratification of the defendant or another; 1 *(L) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in section 4,* 2 *and amendments thereto; or*

(K) (M) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in
 K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2011
 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of a
 sexually violent crime as defined in this section.

"Sexually motivated" means that one of the purposes for which the
defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of the defendant's
sexual gratification.

10 (e) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment for a crime committed 11 while on parole or conditional release, the inmate shall be eligible for 12 parole as provided by subsection (c), except that the Kansas parole-13 *prisoner review* board may postpone the inmate's parole eligibility date by 14 assessing a penalty not exceeding the period of time which could have 15 been assessed if the inmate's parole or conditional release had been 16 violated for reasons other than conviction of a crime.

17 (f) If a person is sentenced to prison for a crime committed on or after July 1, 1993, while on probation, parole, conditional release or in a 18 community corrections program, for a crime committed prior to July 1, 19 20 1993, and the person is not eligible for retroactive application of the 21 sentencing guidelines and amendments thereto pursuant to K.S.A. 21-22 4724, prior to its repeal, the new sentence shall not be aggregated with the 23 old sentence, but shall begin when the person is paroled or reaches the 24 conditional release date on the old sentence. If the offender was past the 25 offender's conditional release date at the time the new offense was 26 committed, the new sentence shall not be aggregated with the old sentence 27 but shall begin when the person is ordered released by the Kansas parole 28 prisoner review board or reaches the maximum sentence expiration date on 29 the old sentence, whichever is earlier. The new sentence shall then be 30 served as otherwise provided by law. The period of postrelease supervision 31 shall be based on the new sentence, except that those offenders whose old 32 sentence is a term of imprisonment for life, imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 33 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, or an indeterminate sentence with 34 a maximum term of life imprisonment, for which there is no conditional 35 release or maximum sentence expiration date, shall remain on postrelease 36 supervision for life or until discharged from supervision by the Kansas-37 parole board.

(g) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Kansas paroleprisoner review board may release on parole those persons confined in institutions who are eligible for parole when: (1) The board believes that the inmate should be released for hospitalization, for deportation or to answer the warrant or other process of a court and is of the opinion that there is reasonable probability that the inmate can be released without

1 detriment to the community or to the inmate; or (2) the secretary of 2 corrections has reported to the board in writing that the inmate has 3 satisfactorily completed the programs required by any agreement entered 4 under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, or any revision of such 5 agreement, and the board believes that the inmate is able and willing to 6 fulfill the obligations of a law abiding citizen and is of the opinion that 7 there is reasonable probability that the inmate can be released without 8 detriment to the community or to the inmate. Parole shall not be granted as 9 an award of clemency and shall not be considered a reduction of sentence 10 or a pardon.

11 (h) The Kansas parole prisoner review board shall hold a parole 12 hearing at least the month prior to the month an inmate will be eligible for 13 parole under subsections (a), (b) and (c). At least the month preceding the 14 parole hearing, the county or district attorney of the county where the 15 inmate was convicted shall give written notice of the time and place of the 16 public comment sessions for the inmate to any victim of the inmate's crime 17 who is alive and whose address is known to the county or district attorney or, if the victim is deceased, to the victim's family if the family's address is 18 19 known to the county or district attorney. Except as otherwise provided, 20 failure to notify pursuant to this section shall not be a reason to postpone a 21 parole hearing. In the case of any inmate convicted of an off-grid felony or 22 a class A felony the secretary of corrections shall give written notice of the 23 time and place of the public comment session for such inmate at least one 24 month preceding the public comment session to any victim of such 25 inmate's crime or the victim's family pursuant to K.S.A. 74-7338, and 26 amendments thereto. If notification is not given to such victim or such 27 victim's family in the case of any inmate convicted of an off-grid felony or 28 a class A felony, the board shall postpone a decision on parole of the 29 inmate to a time at least 30 days after notification is given as provided in 30 this section. Nothing in this section shall create a cause of action against 31 the state or an employee of the state acting within the scope of the 32 employee's employment as a result of the failure to notify pursuant to this 33 section. If granted parole, the inmate may be released on parole on the date 34 specified by the board, but not earlier than the date the inmate is eligible 35 for parole under subsections (a), (b) and (c). At each parole hearing and, if 36 parole is not granted, at such intervals thereafter as it determines 37 appropriate, the Kansas parole prisoner review board shall consider: (1) 38 Whether the inmate has satisfactorily completed the programs required by 39 any agreement entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, 40 or any revision of such agreement; and (2) all pertinent information 41 regarding such inmate, including, but not limited to, the circumstances of 42 the offense of the inmate; the presentence report; the previous social 43 history and criminal record of the inmate; the conduct, employment, and

1 attitude of the inmate in prison; the reports of such physical and mental 2 examinations as have been made, including, but not limited to, risk factors 3 revealed by any risk assessment of the inmate; comments of the victim and 4 the victim's family including in person comments, contemporaneous comments and prerecorded comments made by any technological means; 5 6 comments of the public; official comments; any recommendation by the 7 staff of the facility where the inmate is incarcerated; proportionality of the 8 time the inmate has served to the sentence a person would receive under 9 the Kansas sentencing guidelines for the conduct that resulted in the 10 inmate's incarceration; and capacity of state correctional institutions.

(i) In those cases involving inmates sentenced for a crime committed 11 12 after July 1, 1993, the parole prisoner review board will shall review the 13 inmates proposed release plan. The board may schedule a hearing if they desire. The board may impose any condition they deem necessary to insure 14 public safety, aid in the reintegration of the inmate into the community, or 15 items not completed under the agreement entered into under K.S.A. 75-16 17 5210a, and amendments thereto. The board may not advance or delay an 18 inmate's release date. Every inmate while on postrelease supervision shall 19 remain in the legal custody of the secretary of corrections and is subject to 20 the orders of the secretary.

21 (i) (1) Before ordering the parole of any inmate, the Kansas parole 22 prisoner review board shall have the inmate appear either in person or via 23 a video conferencing format and shall interview the inmate unless 24 impractical because of the inmate's physical or mental condition or 25 absence from the institution. Every inmate while on parole shall remain in the legal custody of the secretary of corrections and is subject to the orders 26 27 of the secretary. Whenever the Kansas parole board formally considers 28 placing an inmate on parole and no agreement has been entered into with 29 the inmate under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, the board 30 shall notify the inmate in writing of the reasons for not granting parole. If 31 an agreement has been entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments 32 thereto, and the inmate has not satisfactorily completed the programs 33 specified in the agreement, or any revision of such agreement, the board 34 shall notify the inmate in writing of the specific programs the inmate must 35 satisfactorily complete before parole will be granted. If parole is not 36 granted only because of a failure to satisfactorily complete such programs, 37 the board shall grant parole upon the secretary's certification that the 38 inmate has successfully completed such programs. If an agreement has 39 been entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, and the 40 secretary of corrections has reported to the board in writing that the inmate 41 has satisfactorily completed the programs required by such agreement, or 42 any revision thereof, the board shall not require further program 43 participation. However, if the board determines that other pertinent

1 information regarding the inmate warrants the inmate's not being released 2 on parole, the board shall state in writing the reasons for not granting the 3 parole. If parole is denied for an inmate sentenced for a crime other than a 4 class A or class B felony or an off-grid felony, the board shall hold another 5 parole hearing for the inmate not later than one year after the denial unless 6 the parole board finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would 7 be granted at a hearing if held in the next three years or during the interim 8 period of a deferral. In such case, the parole board may defer subsequent 9 parole hearings for up to three years but any such deferral by the board 10 shall require the board to state the basis for its findings. If parole is denied for an inmate sentenced for a class A or class B felony or an off-grid 11 12 felony, the board shall hold another parole hearing for the inmate not later 13 than three years after the denial unless the parole board finds that it is not 14 reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a hearing if held in the next 10 years or during the interim period of a deferral. In such case, 15 16 the parole board may defer subsequent parole hearings for up to 10 years 17 but any such deferral shall require the board to state the basis for its 18 findings.

19 (2) Inmates sentenced for a class A or class B felony who have not 20 had a parole board hearing in the five years prior to July 1, 2010, shall 21 have such inmates' cases reviewed by the parole prisoner review board on 22 or before July 1, 2012. Such review shall begin with the inmates with the 23 oldest deferral date and progress to the most recent. Such review shall be 24 done utilizing existing resources unless the parole prisoner review board 25 determines that such resources are insufficient. If the parole prisoner review board determines that such resources are insufficient, then the 26 27 provisions of this paragraph are subject to appropriations therefor.

(k) Parolees and persons on postrelease supervision shall be assigned,
 upon release, to the appropriate level of supervision pursuant to the criteria
 established by the secretary of corrections.

31 The Kansas parole prisoner review board shall adopt rules and (1)32 regulations in accordance with K.S.A. 77-415 et seq., and amendments 33 thereto, not inconsistent with the law and as it may deem proper or 34 necessary, with respect to the conduct of parole hearings, postrelease 35 supervision reviews, revocation hearings, orders of restitution. 36 reimbursement of expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense 37 services and other conditions to be imposed upon parolees or releasees. 38 Whenever an order for parole or postrelease supervision is issued it shall 39 recite the conditions thereof.

40 (m) Whenever the Kansas parole *prisoner review* board orders the 41 parole of an inmate or establishes conditions for an inmate placed on 42 postrelease supervision, the board:

43 (1) Unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a

1 plan of payment unworkable, shall order as a condition of parole or postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease supervision pay any transportation expenses resulting from returning the parolee or the person on postrelease supervision to this state to answer criminal charges or a warrant for a violation of a condition of probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision;

8 (2) to the extent practicable, shall order as a condition of parole or 9 postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease 10 supervision make progress towards or successfully complete the 11 equivalent of a secondary education if the inmate has not previously 12 completed such educational equivalent and is capable of doing so;

(3) may order that the parolee or person on postrelease supervision
 perform community or public service work for local governmental
 agencies, private corporations organized not-for-profit or charitable or
 social service organizations performing services for the community;

17 (4) may order the parolee or person on postrelease supervision to pay 18 the administrative fee imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4529, and 19 amendments thereto, unless the board finds compelling circumstances 20 which would render payment unworkable; and

21 (5) unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a 22 plan of payment unworkable, shall order that the parolee or person on 23 postrelease supervision reimburse the state for all or part of the 24 expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense services to provide 25 counsel and other defense services to the person. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the parole prisoner review 26 board shall take account of the financial resources of the person and the 27 28 nature of the burden that the payment of such sum will impose. Such 29 amount shall not exceed the amount claimed by appointed counsel on the payment voucher for indigents' defense services or the amount prescribed 30 31 by the board of indigents' defense services reimbursement tables as provided in K.S.A. 22-4522, and amendments thereto, whichever is less, 32 33 minus any previous payments for such services.

(n) If the court which sentenced an inmate specified at the time of
sentencing the amount and the recipient of any restitution ordered as a
condition of parole or postrelease supervision, the Kansas parole prisoner *review* board shall order as a condition of parole or postrelease supervision
that the inmate pay restitution in the amount and manner provided in the
journal entry unless the board finds compelling circumstances which
would render a plan of restitution unworkable.

41 (o) Whenever the Kansas parole *prisoner review* board grants the 42 parole of an inmate, the board, within 14 days of the date of the decision to 43 grant parole, shall give written notice of the decision to the county or 1 district attorney of the county where the inmate was sentenced.

2 (p) When an inmate is to be released on postrelease supervision, the 3 secretary, within 30 days prior to release, shall provide the county or 4 district attorney of the county where the inmate was sentenced written 5 notice of the release date.

6 (q) Inmates shall be released on postrelease supervision upon the 7 termination of the prison portion of their sentence. Time served while on 8 postrelease supervision will vest.

9 (r) An inmate who is allocated regular good time credits as provided 10 in K.S.A. 22-3725, and amendments thereto, may receive meritorious good time credits in increments of not more than 90 days per meritorious 11 12 act. These credits may be awarded by the secretary of corrections when an 13 inmate has acted in a heroic or outstanding manner in coming to the assistance of another person in a life threatening situation, preventing 14 15 injury or death to a person, preventing the destruction of property or taking 16 actions which result in a financial savings to the state.

(s) The provisions of subsections (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B), (d)(1)(C) and
(d)(1)(E) shall be applied retroactively as provided in subsection (t).

19 (t) For offenders sentenced prior to May 25, 2000 who are eligible for 20 modification of their postrelease supervision obligation, the department of 21 corrections shall modify the period of postrelease supervision as provided 22 for by this section for offenders convicted of severity level 9 and 10 crimes 23 on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and severity level 4 24 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes on or before 25 September 1, 2000; for offenders convicted of severity level 7 and 8 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes on or before 26 27 November 1, 2000; and for offenders convicted of severity level 5 and 6 28 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and severity 29 level 3 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes on or 30 before January 1, 2001.

31 (u) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-32 4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments 33 thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, shall be placed on 34 parole for life and shall not be discharged from supervision by the Kansas 35 parole prisoner review board. When the board orders the parole of an 36 inmate pursuant to this subsection, the board shall order as a condition of 37 parole that the inmate be electronically monitored for the duration of the 38 inmate's natural life.

(v) Whenever the Kansas parole prisoner review board or the court orders a person to be electronically monitored, the board or court shall order the person to reimburse the state for all or part of the cost of such monitoring. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the board or court shall take account of the financial resources of the 1 person and the nature of the burden that the payment of such sum will 2 impose.

3 Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 22-3901 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3901. The following unlawful activities and the use of real or 4 5 personal property in maintaining and carrying on such activities are hereby 6 declared to be common nuisances:

- 7 (a) Commercial gambling; 8
 - (b) dealing in gambling devices;
- 9 (c) possession of gambling devices;
- 10 (d) promoting obscenity;
- (e) promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations; 11
- (f) habitually promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations; 12
 - (g) violations of any law regulating controlled substances;

(h) habitual violations of any law regulating the sale or exchange of 14 alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverages, by any person not licensed 15 16 pursuant to chapter 41 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated;

17 habitual violations of any law regulating the sale or exchange of (i) 18 cigarettes or tobacco products, by any person not licensed pursuant to 19 article 33 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated;

20 (i) any felony committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in 21 association with any criminal street gang, with the specific intent to 22 promote, further or assist in any criminal conduct by gang members. As 23 used in this subsection, "criminal street gang" means any organization, association or group, whether formal or informal: 24

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(1) Consisting of three or more persons;

(2) having as one of its primary activities the commission of one or 26 more person felonies, person misdemeanors, felony violations of K.S.A. 27 28 2010 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, and amendments thereto, any 29 felony violation of any provision of the uniform controlled substances act prior to July 1, 2009, or the comparable juvenile offenses, which if 30 31 committed by an adult would constitute the commission of such felonies or 32 misdemeanors:

33 (3) which has a common name or common identifying sign or 34 symbol; and

35 (4) whose members, individually or collectively engage in or have 36 engaged in the commission, attempted commission, conspiracy to commit 37 or solicitation of two or more person felonies, person misdemeanors, 38 felony violations of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, and amendments thereto, any felony violation of any provision of the uniform 39 controlled substances act prior to July 1, 2009, or the comparable juvenile 40 offenses, which if committed by an adult would constitute the commission 41 42 of such felonies or misdemeanors, or any substantially similar offense 43 from another jurisdiction; or

(k) use of pyrotechnics, pyrotechnic devices or pyrotechnic materials 1 in violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 31-170, and amendments thereto. 2

Any real property used as a place where any such activities are carried 3 on or permitted to be carried on and any effects, equipment, paraphernalia, 4 fixtures, appliances, musical instruments or other personal property 5 6 designed for and used on such premises in connection with such unlawful 7 activities are subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 22-3902, 22-3903 and 22-8 3904, and amendments thereto.

9 Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 22-4902 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-4902. As used in the Kansas offender registration act, unless 10 the context otherwise requires: 11

(a) "Offender" means: 12

(1) A sex offender, as defined in subsection (b);

13 14 15

(2) a violent offender, as defined in subsection (e); (3) a drug offender, as defined in subsection (f);

16 (4) any person who has been required to register under out of state 17 law or is otherwise required to be registered; and

18 (5) any person required by court order to register for an offense not 19 otherwise required as provided in the Kansas offender registration act.

20

(b) "Sex offender" includes any person who: 21 (1) On or after April 14, 1994, is convicted of any sexually violent

22 crime set forth in subsection (c);

23 (2) On or after April 14, 1994, is adjudicated as a juvenile offender for an act which if committed by an adult would constitute the commission 24 25 of a sexually violent crime set forth in subsection (c), unless the court, on the record, finds that the act involved non-forcible sexual conduct, the 26 27 victim was at least 14 years of age and the offender was not more than four 28 years older than the victim;

29 (3) has been determined to be a sexually violent predator, as defined 30 in subsection (d);

31 (4) on or after May 29, 1997, is convicted of any of the following 32 crimes when one of the parties involved is less than 18 years of age:

33 (A) Adultery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3507, prior to its repeal, or 34 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5511, and amendments thereto;

35 (B) criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 21-36 3505, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2011 37 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;

38 (C) promoting prostitution, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3513, prior to its 39 repeal, or selling sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-40 6420, and amendments thereto;

41 (D) patronizing a prostitute, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3515, prior to its repeal, or buying sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-42 43 6421, and amendments thereto; or

1 (E) lewd and lascivious behavior, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3508, prior 2 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5513, and amendments thereto; (5) is convicted of sexual battery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3517, prior 3 to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5505, and 4 5 amendments thereto: 6 (6) is convicted of an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as 7 defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or 8 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302, 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in this subsection; or 9 10 (7) has been convicted of an offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 2011, that is comparable to any crime defined in this subsection, or any 11 out of state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state 12 would be an offense defined in this subsection. 13 (c) "Sexually violent crime" means: 14 (1) Rape as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 15 16 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto; 17 (2) indecent liberties with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503, prior 18 to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and 19 amendments thereto; 20 (3) aggravated indecent liberties with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-21 3504, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, 22 and amendments thereto; 23 (4) criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 24 25 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto; (5) aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in K.S.A. 21-3506, prior 26 27 to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and 28 amendments thereto; 29 (6) indecent solicitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510, prior 30 to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5508, and 31 amendments thereto; 32 (7) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 33 21-3511, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-34 5508, and amendments thereto; 35 (8) sexual exploitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3516, prior 36 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto; 37 (9) aggravated sexual battery as defined in K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to 38 its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5505, and 39 amendments thereto; 40 aggravated incest as defined in K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its (10)repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5605, and amendments 41 42 thereto: 43 (11) electronic solicitation as defined in K.S.A. 21-3523, prior to its

repeal, and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5509, and amendments thereto, 1 2 committed on or after April 17, 2008;

(12) unlawful sexual relations as defined in K.S.A. 21-3520, prior to 3 4 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5512, and amendments thereto, 5 committed on or after July 1, 2010;

6 (13) aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3447, 7 prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and 8 amendments thereto, if committed in whole or in part for the purpose of 9 the sexual gratification of the defendant or another;

10 (14) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in section 11 4. and amendments thereto:

12 (13) (15) any conviction for an offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 2011, that is comparable to a sexually violent crime as defined in 13 14 this subsection, or any out of state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a sexually violent crime as defined in this 15 16 subsection;

17 (14) (16) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in 18 K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 19 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302, 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of a sexually 20 violent crime, as defined in this subsection; or

21 (15) (17) any act which at the time of sentencing for the offense has 22 been determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been sexually 23 motivated, unless the court, on the record, finds that the act involved non-24 forcible sexual conduct, the victim was at least 14 years of age and the 25 offender was not more than four years older than the victim. As used in this paragraph, "sexually motivated" means that one of the purposes for 26 27 which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of the 28 defendant's sexual gratification.

29 (d) "Sexually violent predator" means any person who, on or after 30 July 1, 2001, is found to be a sexually violent predator pursuant to K.S.A. 31 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto.

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(e) "Violent offender" includes any person who:

33 (1) On or after May 29, 1997, is convicted of any of the following 34 crimes:

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(A) Capital murder, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3439, prior to its repeal, 36 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5401, and amendments thereto;

37 (B) murder in the first degree, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3401, prior to 38 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5402, and amendments thereto;

39 (C) murder in the second degree, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3402, prior 40 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5403, and amendments thereto;

41 (D) voluntary manslaughter, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3403, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5404, and amendments thereto; 42

43 (E) involuntary manslaughter, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3404, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto;
 (F) kidnapping, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3420, prior to its repeal, or
 subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments thereto;

subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments thereto;
(G) aggravated kidnapping, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3421, prior to its
repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments
thereto: *or*

7 (H) criminal restraint, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3424, prior to its 8 repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5411, and amendments thereto, except by 9 a parent, and only when the victim is less than 18 years of age; or

(I) aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3447, prior
 to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and
 amendments thereto;

(2) on or after July 1, 2006, is convicted of any person felony and the
 court makes a finding on the record that a deadly weapon was used in the
 commission of such person felony;

16 (3) has been convicted of an offense in effect at any time prior to 17 July 1, 2011, that is comparable to any crime defined in this subsection, or 18 any out of state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state 19 would be an offense defined in this subsection; or

(4) is convicted of an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as
defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or
K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments
thereto, of an offense defined in this subsection.

24

(f) "Drug offender" means any person who has been convicted of:

(1) Unlawful manufacture or attempting such of any controlled
substance or controlled substance analog as defined in K.S.A. 65-4159,
prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a03, and amendments
thereto;

29 (2) possession of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, red phosphorus, 30 lithium metal, sodium metal, iodine, anhydrous ammonia, pressurized 31 ammonia or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers or salts of 32 isomers with intent to use the product to manufacture a controlled 33 substance as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 65-7006, prior to its 34 repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a09, and amendments 35 thereto;

(3) K.S.A. 65-4161, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A.
2010 Supp. 21-36a05, and amendments thereto. The provisions of this
paragraph shall not apply to violations of subsections (a)(2) through (a)(6)
or (b) of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a05, and amendments thereto, which
occurred on or after July 1, 2009, through April 15, 2010;

41 (4) an offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 2011, that is
42 comparable to any crime defined in this subsection, or any out of state
43 conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be an

1 offense defined in this subsection; or

(5) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in
K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an
offense defined in this subsection.

6 (g) Convictions which result from or are connected with the same act, 7 or result from crimes committed at the same time, shall be counted for the 8 purpose of this section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside 9 pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this section. A 10 conviction from any out of state court shall constitute a conviction for 11 purposes of this section.

(h) "School" means any public or private educational institution,
including, but not limited to, postsecondary school, college, university,
community college, secondary school, high school, junior high school,
middle school, elementary school, trade school, vocational school or
professional school providing training or education to an offender.

(i) "Employment" means any full-time, part-time, transient or day-labor employment, with or without compensation.

(j) "Reside" means to stay, sleep or maintain with regularity one's person and property in a particular place other than a location where the offender is incarcerated. It shall be presumed that an offender resides at any and all locations where the offender stays, sleeps or maintains the offender's person for seven or more consecutive days or parts of days, or for seven or more non-consecutive days in a period of 30 consecutive days.

(k) "Residence" means a particular and definable place where an
individual resides. Nothing in the Kansas offender registration act shall be
construed to state that an offender may only have one residence for the
purpose of such act.

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(l) "Transient" means having no fixed or identifiable residence.

(m) "Law enforcement agency having initial jurisdiction" means the
registering law enforcement agency of the county or location of
jurisdiction where the offender expects to most often reside upon the
offender's discharge, parole or release.

(n) "Registering law enforcement agency" means the sheriff's office
 or tribal police department responsible for registering an offender.

(o) "Registering entity" means any person, agency or other
governmental unit, or correctional facility, treatment facility or registering
law enforcement agency responsible for obtaining the required information
from, and explaining the required registration procedures to, any person
required to register pursuant to the Kansas offender registration act.
"Registering entity" shall include, but not be limited to, sheriff's offices,
tribal police departments, correctional facilities and treatment facilities.

1 (p) "Treatment facility" means any public or private facility, hospital 2 or institution providing inpatient treatment or counseling.

3 (q) "Correctional facility" means any public or private correctional 4 facility, juvenile detention facility, prison or jail.

5 (r) "Out of state" means: The District of Columbia; any federal, 6 military, or tribal jurisdiction, including those within this state; any foreign 7 jurisdiction; or any state or territory within the United States, other than 8 this state.

9 (s) "Duration of registration" means the length of time during which 10 an offender is required to register for a specified offense or violation.

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 22-4906 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-4906.(a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c), if convicted of any of the following offenses, an offender's duration of registration shall be, if confined, 15 years after the date of parole, discharge or release, whichever date is most recent, or, if not confined, 15 years from the date of conviction:

(A) Sexual battery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3517, prior to its repeal,
or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto,
when one of the parties involved is less than 18 years of age;

20 (B) adultery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3507, prior to its repeal, or 21 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5511, and amendments thereto, when one of the 22 parties involved is less than 18 years of age;

(C) patronizing a prostitute, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3515, prior to its
repeal, or *buying sexual relations, as defined in* K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 216421, and amendments thereto, when one of the parties involved is less
than 18 years of age;

(D) lewd and lascivious behavior, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3508, prior
to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5513, and amendments thereto,
when one of the parties involved is less than 18 years of age;

(E) capital murder, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3439, prior to its repeal,
or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5401, and amendments thereto;

(F) murder in the first degree, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3401, prior to
 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5402, and amendments thereto;

(G) murder in the second degree, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3402, prior
to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5403, and amendments thereto;

(H) voluntary manslaughter, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3403, prior to its
 repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5404, and amendments thereto;

(I) involuntary manslaughter, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3404, prior to
 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto;

40 (J) criminal restraint, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3424, prior to its repeal, 41 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5411, and amendments thereto, except by a 42 parent, and only when the victim is less than 18 years of age;

43 (K) any act which at the time of sentencing for the offense has been

determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been sexually motivated,
 unless the court, on the record, finds that the act involved non-forcible
 sexual conduct, the victim was at least 14 years of age and the offender
 was not more than four years older than the victim;

5 (L) conviction of any person felony and the court makes a finding on 6 the record that a deadly weapon was used in the commission of such 7 person felony;

8 (M) unlawful manufacture or attempting such of any controlled 9 substance or controlled substance analog as defined in K.S.A. 65-4159, 10 prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a03, and amendments 11 thereto;

12 (N) possession of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, red phosphorus, 13 lithium metal, sodium metal, iodine, anhydrous ammonia, pressurized 14 ammonia or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers or salts of 15 isomers with intent to use the product to manufacture a controlled 16 substance as defined by subsection (a) of K.S.A. 65-7006, prior to its 17 repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a09, and amendments 18 thereto;

(O) K.S.A. 65-4161, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A.
2010 Supp. 21-36a05, and amendments thereto; or

(P) any attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in
K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an
offense defined in this subsection.

(2) Except as otherwise provided by the Kansas offender registration act, the duration of registration terminates, if not confined, at the expiration of 15 years from the date of conviction. Any period of time during which any offender is incarcerated in any jail or correctional facility or during which the offender does not comply with any and all requirements of the Kansas offender registration act shall not count toward the duration of registration.

(b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c), if convicted of any of the following offenses, an offender's duration of registration shall be, if confined, 25 years after the date of parole, discharge or release, whichever date is most recent, or, if not confined, 25 years from the date of conviction:

(A) Criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 213505, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto, when one of the parties involved
is less than 18 years of age;

41 (B) indecent solicitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510, 42 prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5508, and 43 amendments thereto;

1 (C) electronic solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3523, prior to its 2 repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5509, and amendments thereto; (D) aggravated incest, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its 3 repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments 4 5 thereto: 6 (E) indecent liberties with a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503, prior 7 to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and 8 amendments thereto: 9 (F) unlawful sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3520, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5512, and amendments thereto; 10 (G) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3516, prior 11 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if 12 the victim is 14 or more years of age but less than 18 years of age; 13 (H) aggravated sexual battery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to 14 its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5505, and 15 16 amendments thereto: 17 (I) promoting prostitution, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3513, prior to its repeal, or promoting the sale of sexual relations as defined in K.S.A. 2011 18 19 Supp. 21-6420, and amendments thereto, if the prostitute person selling 20 sexual relations is 14 or more years of age but less than 18 years of age; or (J) any attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in 21 22 K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 23 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an 24 offense defined in this subsection. 25 (2) Except as otherwise provided by the Kansas offender registration act, the duration of registration terminates, if not confined, at the 26 expiration of 25 years from the date of conviction. Any period of time 27 28 during which any offender is incarcerated in any jail or correctional 29 facility or during which the offender does not comply with any and all requirements of the Kansas offender registration act shall not count toward 30 31 the duration of registration. 32 (c) Upon a second or subsequent conviction of an offense requiring 33 registration, an offender's duration of registration shall be for such 34 offender's lifetime. 35 (d) The duration of registration for any offender who has been 36 convicted of any of the following offenses shall be for such offender's 37 lifetime: 38 (1) Rape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 39 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto; 40 (2) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3511, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-41 5508, and amendments thereto; 42

43 (3) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in K.S.A.

1 21-3504, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;

3 (4) criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of
4 K.S.A. 21-3505, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4) of K.S.A.
5 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;

6 (5) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3506, prior 7 to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5504, and 8 amendments thereto;

9 (6) aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3447, prior 10 to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and 11 amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 18 years of age;

(7) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3516, prior
to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if
the victim is less than 14 years of age;

(8) promoting prostitution, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3513, prior to its
repeal, or *promoting the sale of sexual relations, as defined in* K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 21-6420, and amendments thereto, if the prostitute person selling
sexual relations is less than 14 years of age;

(9) kidnapping, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3420, prior to its repeal, or
subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments thereto;

(10) aggravated kidnapping, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3421, prior to its
 repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments
 thereto; or

(11) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in section
4, and amendments thereto; or

(11) (12) any attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined
in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A.
2011 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an
offense defined in this subsection.

(e) Any person who has been declared a sexually violent predator
pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, shall
register for such person's lifetime.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, for an
offender less than 14 years of age who is adjudicated as a juvenile offender
for an act which if committed by an adult would constitute a sexually
violent crime set forth in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 22-4902, and
amendments thereto, the court shall:

(1) Require registration until such offender reaches 18 years of age, at the expiration of five years from the date of adjudication or, if confined, from release from confinement, whichever date occurs later. Any period of time during which the offender is incarcerated in any jail, juvenile facility or correctional facility or during which the offender does not comply with any and all requirements of the Kansas offender registration act shall not 1 count toward the duration of registration;

2 (2) not require registration if the court, on the record, finds substantial 3 and compelling reasons therefor; or

4 (3) require registration, but such registration information shall not be open to inspection by the public or posted on any internet website, as 5 6 provided in K.S.A. 22-4909, and amendments thereto. If the court requires 7 registration but such registration is not open to the public, such offender 8 shall provide a copy of such court order to the registering law enforcement agency at the time of registration. The registering law enforcement agency 9 shall forward a copy of such court order to the Kansas bureau of 10 11 investigation.

12 If such offender violates a condition of release during the term of the 13 conditional release, the court may require such offender to register 14 pursuant to paragraph (1).

(g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, for an 15 16 offender 14 years of age or more who is adjudicated as a juvenile offender for an act which if committed by an adult would constitute a sexually 17 18 violent crime set forth in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 22-4902, and 19 amendments thereto, and such crime is not an off-grid felony or a felony 20 ranked in severity level 1 of the nondrug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-21 4704, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments 22 thereto, the court shall:

(1) Require registration until such offender reaches 18 years of age, at
the expiration of five years from the date of adjudication or, if confined,
from release from confinement, whichever date occurs later. Any period of
time during which the offender is incarcerated in any jail, juvenile facility
or correctional facility or during which the offender does not comply with
any and all requirements of the Kansas offender registration act shall not
count toward the duration of registration;

30 (2) not require registration if the court, on the record, finds substantial
 31 and compelling reasons therefor; or

32 (3) require registration, but such registration information shall not be 33 open to inspection by the public or posted on any internet website, as 34 provided in K.S.A. 22-4909, and amendments thereto. If the court requires 35 registration but such registration is not open to the public, such offender 36 shall provide a copy of such court order to the registering law enforcement 37 agency at the time of registration. The registering law enforcement agency 38 shall forward a copy of such court order to the Kansas bureau of 39 investigation.

If such offender violates a condition of release during the term of the
conditional release, the court may require such offender to register
pursuant to paragraph (1).

43 (h) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an offender

1 14 years of age or more who is adjudicated as a juvenile offender for an 2 act which if committed by an adult would constitute a sexually violent 3 crime set forth in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments 4 thereto, and such crime is an off-grid felony or a felony ranked in severity 5 level 1 of the nondrug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-4704, prior to its 6 repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto, shall be 7 required to register for such offender's lifetime.

8 (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a diversionary 9 agreement or probation order, either adult or juvenile, or a juvenile 10 offender sentencing order, requires registration under the Kansas offender registration act for an offense that would not otherwise require registration 11 12 as provided in subsection (a)(5) of K.S.A 22-4902, and amendments thereto, then all provisions of the Kansas offender registration act shall 13 14 apply, except that the duration of registration shall be controlled by such 15 diversionary agreement, probation order or juvenile offender sentencing 16 order.

(j) The duration of registration does not terminate if the convicted or
adjudicated offender again becomes liable to register as provided by the
Kansas offender registration act during the required period of registration.

20 (k) For any person moving to Kansas who has been convicted or 21 adjudicated in an out of state court, and who was required to register under 22 an out of state law, the duration of registration shall be the length of time 23 required by the out of state jurisdiction or by the Kansas offender 24 registration act, whichever length of time is longer. The provisions of this 25 subsection shall apply to convictions prior to June 1, 2006, and to persons 26 who moved to Kansas prior to June 1, 2006, and to convictions on or after 27 June 1, 2006, and to persons who moved to Kansas on or after June 1, 28 2006.

29 (1) For any person residing, maintaining employment or attending 30 school in this state who has been convicted or adjudicated by an out of 31 state court of an offense that is comparable to any crime requiring 32 registration pursuant to the Kansas offender registration act, but who was 33 not required to register in the jurisdiction of conviction, the duration of 34 registration shall be the duration required for the comparable offense 35 pursuant to the Kansas offender registration act. The duration of 36 registration shall begin upon establishing residency, beginning 37 employment or beginning school.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 38-2202. As used in the revised Kansas code for care of children,
unless the context otherwise indicates:

(a) "Abandon" or "abandonment" means to forsake, desert or, without
making appropriate provision for substitute care, cease providing care for
the child.

1 (b) "Adult correction facility" means any public or private facility, 2 secure or nonsecure, which is used for the lawful custody of accused or 3 convicted adult criminal offenders.

4 5 (c) "Aggravated circumstances" means the abandonment, torture, chronic abuse, sexual abuse or chronic, life threatening neglect of a child.

6 (d) "Child in need of care" means a person less than 18 years of age 7 at the time of filing of the petition or issuance of an ex parte protective 8 custody order pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2242, and amendments 9 thereto, who:

10 (1) Is without adequate parental care, control or subsistence and the 11 condition is not due solely to the lack of financial means of the child's 12 parents or other custodian;

(2) is without the care or control necessary for the child's physical,mental or emotional health;

(3) has been physically, mentally or emotionally abused or neglectedor sexually abused;

17

(4) has been placed for care or adoption in violation of law;

18

(5) has been abandoned or does not have a known living parent;

(6) is not attending school as required by K.S.A. 72-977 or 72-1111,and amendments thereto;

(7) except in the case of a violation of K.S.A. 41-727, subsection (j)
of K.S.A. 74-8810, subsection (m) or (n) of K.S.A. 79-3321, or subsection
(a)(14) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6301, and amendments thereto, or, except
as provided in paragraph (12), does an act which, when committed by a
person under 18 years of age, is prohibited by state law, city ordinance or
county resolution but which is not prohibited when done by an adult;

(8) while less than 10 years of age, commits any act which if done by
an adult would constitute the commission of a felony or misdemeanor as
defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5102, and amendments thereto;

30 (9) is willfully and voluntarily absent from the child's home without31 the consent of the child's parent or other custodian;

32 (10) is willfully and voluntarily absent at least a second time from a 33 court ordered or designated placement, or a placement pursuant to court 34 order, if the absence is without the consent of the person with whom the 35 child is placed or, if the child is placed in a facility, without the consent of 36 the person in charge of such facility or such person's designee;

(11) has been residing in the same residence with a sibling or another
person under 18 years of age, who has been physically, mentally or
emotionally abused or neglected, or sexually abused;

40 (12) while less than 10 years of age commits the offense defined in 41 or* subsection (a)(14) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6301, and amendments 42 thereto; or

43 (13) has had a permanent custodian appointed and the permanent

1 custodian is no longer able or willing to serve.

(e) "Citizen review board" is a group of community volunteers 2 appointed by the court and whose duties are prescribed by K.S.A. 2011 3 Supp. 38-2207 and 38-2208, and amendments thereto. 4

(f) "Civil custody case" includes any case filed under article 11, of 5 6 chapter 38 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto 7 (determination of parentage), article 21 of chapter 59 of the Kansas 8 Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto (adoption and relinquishment act), article 30 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and 9 amendments thereto (guardians and conservators), or article 16 of chapter 10 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto (divorce). 11

12 (g) "Court-appointed special advocate" means a responsible adult 13 other than an attorney guardian ad litem who is appointed by the court to represent the best interests of a child, as provided in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 14 15 38-2206, and amendments thereto, in a proceeding pursuant to this code.

16 (h) "Custody" whether temporary, protective or legal, means the 17 status created by court order or statute which vests in a custodian, whether 18 an individual or an agency, the right to physical possession of the child and 19 the right to determine placement of the child, subject to restrictions placed 20 by the court.

21 (i) "Extended out of home placement" means a child has been in the 22 custody of the secretary and placed with neither parent for 15 of the most 23 recent 22 months beginning 60 days after the date at which a child in the 24 custody of the secretary was removed from the home.

25 "Educational institution" means all schools at the elementary and (i) 26 secondary levels.

27 (k) "Educator" means any administrator, teacher or other professional 28 or paraprofessional employee of an educational institution who has exposure to a pupil specified in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-89b03, and 29 30 amendments thereto.

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"Harm" means physical or psychological injury or damage. (1)

(m) "Interested party" means the grandparent of the child, a person 32 33 with whom the child has been living for a significant period of time when 34 the child in need of care petition is filed, and any person made an 35 interested party by the court pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2241, and 36 amendments thereto or Indian tribe seeking to intervene that is not a party.

37 "Jail" means: (n)

38

(1) An adult jail or lockup; or

39 (2) a facility in the same building or on the same grounds as an adult 40 jail or lockup, unless the facility meets all applicable standards and 41 licensure requirements under law and there is: (A) Total separation of the juvenile and adult facility spatial areas such that there could be no 42 43 haphazard or accidental contact between juvenile and adult residents in the

1 respective facilities; (B) total separation in all juvenile and adult program

activities within the facilities, including recreation, education, counseling,
health care, dining, sleeping and general living activities; and (C) separate
juvenile and adult staff, including management, security staff and direct
care staff such as recreational, educational and counseling.

6 (o) "Juvenile detention facility" means any secure public or private 7 facility used for the lawful custody of accused or adjudicated juvenile 8 offenders which must not be a jail.

9 (p) "Juvenile intake and assessment worker" means a responsible 10 adult authorized to perform intake and assessment services as part of the 11 intake and assessment system established pursuant to K.S.A. 75-7023, and 12 amendments thereto.

(q) "Kinship care" means the placement of a child in the home of the
 child's relative or in the home of another adult with whom the child or the
 child's parent already has a close emotional attachment.

16 (r) "Law enforcement officer" means any person who by virtue of 17 office or public employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain 18 public order or to make arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all 19 crimes or is limited to specific crimes.

(s) "Multidisciplinary team" means a group of persons, appointed by
the court under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2228, and amendments thereto,
which has knowledge of the circumstances of a child in need of care.

(t) "Neglect" means acts or omissions by a parent, guardian or person
responsible for the care of a child resulting in harm to a child, or
presenting a likelihood of harm, and the acts or omissions are not due
solely to the lack of financial means of the child's parents or other
custodian. Neglect may include, but shall not be limited to:

(1) Failure to provide the child with food, clothing or shelternecessary to sustain the life or health of the child;

(2) failure to provide adequate supervision of a child or to remove a
child from a situation which requires judgment or actions beyond the
child's level of maturity, physical condition or mental abilities and that
results in bodily injury or a likelihood of harm to the child; or

34 (3) failure to use resources available to treat a diagnosed medical 35 condition if such treatment will make a child substantially more 36 comfortable, reduce pain and suffering, or correct or substantially diminish 37 a crippling condition from worsening. A parent legitimately practicing 38 religious beliefs who does not provide specified medical treatment for a 39 child because of religious beliefs shall not for that reason be considered a 40 negligent parent; however, this exception shall not preclude a court from 41 entering an order pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-42 2217, and amendments thereto.

43 (u) "Parent" when used in relation to a child or children, includes a

1 guardian and every person who is by law liable to maintain, care for or 2 support the child.

3 (v) "Party" means the state, the petitioner, the child, any parent of the 4 child and an Indian child's tribe intervening pursuant to the Indian child 5 welfare act.

6 (w) "Permanency goal" means the outcome of the permanency 7 planning process which may be reintegration, adoption, appointment of a 8 permanent custodian or another planned permanent living arrangement.

9 (x) "Permanent custodian" means a judicially approved permanent 10 guardian of a child pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2272, and 11 amendments thereto.

(y) "Physical, mental or emotional abuse" means the infliction of physical, mental or emotional harm or the causing of a deterioration of a child and may include, but shall not be limited to, maltreatment or exploiting a child to the extent that the child's health or emotional wellbeing is endangered.

(z) "Placement" means the designation by the individual or agencyhaving custody of where and with whom the child will live.

(aa) "Relative" means a person related by blood, marriage or adoption
but, when referring to a relative of a child's parent, does not include the
child's other parent.

(bb) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and rehabilitationservices or the secretary's designee.

(cc) "Secure facility" means a facility which is operated or structured so as to ensure that all entrances and exits from the facility are under the exclusive control of the staff of the facility, whether or not the person being detained has freedom of movement within the perimeters of the facility, or which relies on locked rooms and buildings, fences or physical restraint in order to control behavior of its residents. No secure facility shall be in a city or county jail.

(dd) "Sexual abuse" means any contact or interaction with a child in which the child is being used for the sexual stimulation of the perpetrator, the child or another person. Sexual abuse shall include allowing, permitting or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution the sale of sexual relations or to be photographed, filmed or depicted in pornographic material.

(ee) "Shelter facility" means any public or private facility or home
other than a juvenile detention facility that may be used in accordance with
this code for the purpose of providing either temporary placement for
children in need of care prior to the issuance of a dispositional order or
longer term care under a dispositional order.

42 (ff) "Transition plan" means, when used in relation to a youth in the 43 custody of the secretary, an individualized strategy for the provision of medical, mental health, education, employment and housing supports as
 needed for the adult and, if applicable, for any minor child of the adult, to
 live independently and specifically provides for the supports and any
 services for which an adult with a disability is eligible including, but not
 limited to, funding for home and community based services waivers.

(gg) "Youth residential facility" means any home, foster home or
structure which provides 24-hour-a-day care for children and which is
licensed pursuant to article 5 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes
Annotated, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 24. On January 1, 2014, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2243 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2243. (a) Upon notice and hearing, the court may issue an order directing who shall have temporary custody and may modify the order during the pendency of the proceedings as will best serve the child's welfare.

(b) A hearing pursuant to this section shall be held within 72 hours,
excluding Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the
office of the clerk of the court is not accessible, following a child having
been taken into protective custody.

(c) Whenever it is determined that a temporary custody hearing is
required, the court shall immediately set the time and place for the hearing.
Notice of a temporary custody hearing shall be given to all parties and
interested parties.

23 (d) Notice of the temporary custody hearing shall be given at least 24 24 hours prior to the hearing. The court may continue the hearing to afford the 25 24 hours prior notice or, with the consent of the party or interested party. proceed with the hearing at the designated time. If an order of temporary 26 27 custody is entered and the parent or other person having custody of the 28 child has not been notified of the hearing, did not appear or waive 29 appearance and requests a rehearing, the court shall rehear the matter 30 without unnecessary delay.

(e) Oral notice may be used for giving notice of a temporary custody
hearing where there is insufficient time to give written notice. Oral notice
is completed upon filing a certificate of oral notice.

34 (f) The court may enter an order of temporary custody after 35 determining there is probable cause to believe that the: (1) Child is 36 dangerous to self or to others; (2) child is not likely to be available within 37 the jurisdiction of the court for future proceedings; or (3) health or welfare 38 of the child may be endangered without further care; (4) child has been 39 subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking as defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, or commercial 40 sexual exploitation of a child as defined by section 4, and amendments 41 42 thereto; or (5) child committed an act which, if committed by an adult, 43 would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419, and

1 amendments thereto.

2 (g) (1) Whenever the court determines the necessity for an order of 3 temporary custody the court may place the child in the temporary custody 4 of:

5 (A) A parent or other person having custody of the child and may 6 enter a restraining order pursuant to subsection (h);

(B) a person, other than the parent or other person having custody,
who shall not be required to be licensed under article 5 of chapter 65 of the
Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;

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(C) a youth residential facility;

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(D) a shelter facility; or

12 (E) the secretary, if the child is 15 years of age or younger, or 16 or 13 17 years of age if the child has no identifiable parental or family resources 14 or shows signs of physical, mental, emotional or sexual abuse-; or

15 (F) directly to a secure facility or juvenile detention facility, 16 notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the child has been subjected 17 to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking as defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual 18 19 exploitation of a child as defined by section 4, and amendments thereto, or the child committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would 20 21 constitute a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419, and amendments 22 thereto.

23 (2) If the secretary presents the court with a plan to provide services 24 to a child or family which the court finds will assure the safety of the 25 child, the court may only place the child in the temporary custody of the secretary until the court finds the services are in place. The court shall 26 27 have the authority to require any person or entity agreeing to participate in 28 the plan to perform as set out in the plan. When the child is placed in the temporary custody of the secretary, the secretary shall have the 29 30 discretionary authority to place the child with a parent or to make other 31 suitable placement for the child. When the child is presently alleged, but 32 not yet adjudicated to be a child in need of care solely pursuant to 33 subsection (d)(9) or (d)(10) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202, and amendments thereto, the child may be placed in a juvenile detention 34 35 facility or other secure facility, but the total amount of time that the child 36 may be held in such facility under this section and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-37 2242, and amendments thereto, shall not exceed 24 hours, excluding 38 Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the office of the 39 clerk of the court is not accessible. The order of temporary custody shall 40 remain in effect until modified or rescinded by the court or an adjudication 41 order is entered but not exceeding 60 days, unless good cause is shown 42 and stated on the record.

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(h) If the court issues an order of temporary custody, the court may

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1 also enter an order restraining any alleged perpetrator of physical, sexual,

2 mental or emotional abuse of the child from residing in the child's home; 3 visiting, contacting, harassing or intimidating the child; or attempting to 4 visit, contact, harass or intimidate the child, other family members or 5 witnesses. Such restraining order shall be served by personal service 6 pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2237, and amendments 7 thereto, on any alleged perpetrator to whom the order is directed.

8 (i) (1) The court shall not enter the initial order removing a child from 9 the custody of a parent pursuant to this section unless the court first finds 10 probable cause that: (A)(i) the child is likely to sustain harm if not 11 immediately removed from the home;

(ii) allowing the child to remain in home is contrary to the welfare ofthe child; or

14 (iii) immediate placement of the child is in the best interest of the 15 child; and

(B) reasonable efforts have been made to maintain the family unit and
 prevent the unnecessary removal of the child from the child's home or that
 an emergency exists which threatens the safety to the child.

(2) Such findings shall be included in any order entered by the court.If the child is placed in the custody of the secretary, upon making the orderthe court shall provide the secretary with a written copy.

(j) If the court enters an order of temporary custody that provides for
placement of the child with a person other than the parent, the court shall
make a child support determination pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 382277, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 25. On January 1, 2014, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2260 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2260. (a) *Valid court order orders. (1)* During proceedings under this code, the court may enter an order directing a child who is the subject of the proceedings to remain in a present or future placement if:

31 (1) (A) The child and the child's guardian *ad litem* are present in court 32 when the order is entered;

33 (2) (B) the court finds that the child has been adjudicated a child in 34 need of care pursuant to subsections (d)(6), (d)(7), (d)(8), (d)(9), (d)(10) or 35 (d)(12) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202, and amendments thereto, and that 36 the child is not likely to be available within the jurisdiction of the court for 37 future proceedings;

 $\begin{array}{ll} 38 & (3) (C) & \text{the child and the guardian } ad litem receive oral and written \\ 39 & \text{notice of the consequences of violation of the order; and} \end{array}$

(4) (D) a copy of the written notice is filed in the official case file.

41 (2) (A) When a child is placed in protective custody pursuant to an ex
42 parte order entered under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2242, and amendments
43 thereto, the court may authorize placement of the child with a secure

1 facility or juvenile detention facility if the court finds that there is probable

cause to believe the child: (i) Has been subjected to human trafficking or 2 aggravated human trafficking as defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, 3 and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child as 4 defined by section 4, and amendments thereto, or committed an act which, 5 6 if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 7 21-6419, and amendments thereto; and (ii) has a history of running as 8 described in subsection (d)(9) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202, and 9 amendments thereto, or is not likely to remain in a foster home or similarly restrictive placement. Such placement is limited until a valid 10 temporary court order pursuant to this section is entered. 11

12 (B) When a temporary custody hearing has been held pursuant to subsection (f)(4) or (f)(5) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2243, and amendments 13 thereto, the court may authorize placement of the child with a secure 14 facility or juvenile detention facility if the court finds that there is probable 15 16 cause to believe the child: (i) Has been subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking as defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, 17 and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child as 18 19 defined by section 4, and amendments thereto, or committed an act which, 20 if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21 21-6419, and amendments thereto; and (ii) has a history of running as 22 described in subsection (d)(9) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202, and 23 amendments thereto, or is not likely to remain in a foster home or 24 similarly restrictive placement. Such placement is limited until a valid 25 dispositional court order pursuant to this section is entered.

26 (C) When a child has been adjudicated a child in need of care 27 pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2251, and amendments thereto, and the 28 court is entering dispositional orders pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-29 2255, and amendments thereto, the court may authorize placement of the child with a secure facility or juvenile detention facility if the court finds 30 31 that there is clear and convincing evidence to believe the child: (i) Has 32 been subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking as 33 defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, or 34 commercial sexual exploitation of a child as defined by section 4, and 35 amendments thereto, or committed an act which, if committed by an adult, 36 would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419, and 37 amendments thereto; and (ii) has a history of running as described in 38 subsection (d)(9) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202, and amendments thereto, 39 or is not likely to remain in a foster home or similarly restrictive 40 placement.

41 (D) The length of such secure placement under this subsection shall 42 not exceed 90 days. Upon a finding of necessity, the court may extend the 43 period of placement authorization for additional increments of 30 days, not to exceed 180 days, notwithstanding any other provision of chapter 38
 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

3 (b) *Application*. Any person may file a verified application for 4 determination that a child has violated an order entered pursuant to 5 subsection (a) and for an order authorizing holding the child in a secure 6 facility or juvenile detention facility. The application shall state the 7 applicant's belief that the child has violated the order entered pursuant to 8 subsection (a) without good cause and the specific facts supporting the 9 allegation.

10 (c) *Ex parte order*. After reviewing the application filed pursuant to subsection (b), the court may enter an *ex parte* order directing that the 11 child be taken into custody and held in a secure facility or juvenile 12 13 detention facility designated by the court, if the court finds probable cause 14 that the child violated the court's order to remain in placement without good cause. Pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2237, and amendments 15 16 thereto, the order shall be served on the child's parents, the child's legal 17 custodian and the child's guardian ad litem.

18 (d) *Preliminary hearing*. Within 24 hours following a child's being 19 taken into custody pursuant to an order issued under subsection (c), the 20 court shall hold a preliminary hearing to determine whether the child 21 admits or denies the allegations of the application and, if the child denies 22 the allegations, to determine whether probable cause exists to support the 23 allegations.

(1) Notice of the time and place of the preliminary hearing shall be
given orally or in writing to the child's parents, the child's legal custodian
and the child's guardian *ad litem*.

(2) At the hearing, the child shall have the right to a guardian *ad litem* and shall be served with a copy of the application.

(3) If the child admits the allegations or enters a no contest statement
and if the court finds that the admission or no contest statement is
knowledgeable and voluntary, the court shall proceed without delay to the
placement hearing pursuant to subsection (f).

(4) If the child denies the allegations, the court shall determine 33 34 whether probable cause exists to hold the child in a secure facility or 35 juvenile detention facility pending an evidentiary hearing pursuant to subsection (e). After hearing the evidence, if the court finds that: (A) There 36 37 is probable cause to believe that the child has violated an order entered 38 pursuant to subsection (a) without good cause; and (B) placement in a 39 secure facility or juvenile detention facility is necessary for the protection 40 of the child or to assure the presence of the child at the evidentiary hearing 41 pursuant to subsection (e), the court may order the child held in a secure 42 facility or juvenile detention facility pending the evidentiary hearing.

43 (e) *Evidentiary hearing*. The court shall hold an evidentiary hearing

1 on an application within 72 hours of the child's being taken into custody.

Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given orally or in
writing to the child's parents, the child's legal custodian and the child's
guardian *ad litem*. At the evidentiary hearing, the court shall determine by
a clear and convincing evidence whether the child has:

6 (1) Violated a court order entered pursuant to subsection (a) without 7 good cause;

8 (2) been provided at the hearing with the rights enumerated in 9 subsection (d)(2); and

10 (3) been informed of:

(A) The nature and consequences of the proceeding;

(B) the right to confront and cross-examine witnesses and presentevidence;

14 15

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(C) the right to have a transcript or recording of the proceedings; and

(D) the right to appeal.

16 (f) *Placement.* (1) If the child admits violating the order entered 17 pursuant to subsection (a) or if, after an evidentiary hearing, the court finds 18 that the child has violated such an order, the court shall immediately 19 proceed to a placement hearing. The court may enter an order awarding 20 custody of the child to:

21

(A) A parent or other legal custodian;

(B) a person other than a parent or other person having custody, who
shall not be required to be licensed under article 5 of chapter 65 of the
Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;

25

(C) a youth residential facility; or

(D) the secretary, if the secretary does not already have legal custodyof the child.

28 (2) The court may authorize the custodian to place the child in a 29 secure facility or juvenile detention facility, if the court determines that all other placement options have been exhausted or are inappropriate, based 30 31 upon a written report submitted by the secretary, if the child is in the 32 secretary's custody, or submitted by a public agency independent of the 33 court and law enforcement, if the child is in the custody of someone other 34 than the secretary. The report shall detail the behavior of the child and the 35 circumstances under which the child was brought before the court and 36 made subject to the order entered pursuant to subsection (a).

(3) The authorization to place the child in a secure facility or juvenile
detention facility pursuant to this subsection shall expire 60 days, inclusive
of weekend and legal holidays, after its issue. The court may grant
extensions of such authorization for two additional periods, each not to
exceed 60 days, upon rehearing pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2256,
and amendments thereto.

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(g) Payment. The secretary shall only pay for placement and services

1 for a child placed in a secure facility or juvenile detention facility pursuant

to subsection (f) upon receipt of a valid court order authorizing secure careplacement.

4 (h) *Limitations on facilities used.* Nothing in this section shall 5 authorize placement of a child in an adult jail or lockup.

6 (i) *Time limits, computation.* Except as otherwise specifically 7 provided by subsection (f), Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days 8 on which the office of the clerk of the court is not accessible shall not be 9 counted in computing any time limit imposed by this section.

Sec. 26. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2312 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2312. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) *and* (c), any records or files specified in this code concerning a juvenile may be expunged upon application to a judge of the court of the county in which the records or files are maintained. The application for expungement may be made by the juvenile, if 18 years of age or older or, if the juvenile is less than 18 years of age, by the juvenile's parent or next friend.

17 There shall be no expungement of records or files concerning acts (b) committed by a juvenile which, if committed by an adult, would constitute 18 19 a violation of K.S.A. 21-3401, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-20 5402, and amendments thereto, murder in the first degree; K.S.A. 21-3402, 21 prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5403, and amendments thereto, 22 murder in the second degree; K.S.A. 21-3403, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 23 2011 Supp. 21-5404, and amendments thereto, voluntary manslaughter; 24 K.S.A. 21-3404, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5405, and 25 amendments thereto, involuntary manslaughter; K.S.A. 21-3439, prior to 26 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5401, and amendments thereto, capital 27 murder; K.S.A. 21-3442, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 28 2011 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto, involuntary manslaughter 29 while driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs; K.S.A. 21-3502, 30 prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto, 31 rape; K.S.A. 21-3503, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 32 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto, indecent liberties with a child; 33 K.S.A. 21-3504, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 34 21-5506, and amendments thereto, aggravated indecent liberties with a 35 child; K.S.A. 21-3506, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 36 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto, aggravated criminal sodomy; 37 K.S.A. 21-3510, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38 21-5508, and amendments thereto, indecent solicitation of a child; K.S.A. 39 21-3511, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-40 5508, and amendments thereto, aggravated indecent solicitation of a child; 41 K.S.A. 21-3516, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and 42 amendments thereto, sexual exploitation; K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its 43 repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments thereto, aggravated incest; K.S.A. 21-3608, prior to its repeal, or
 subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5601, and amendments thereto,
 endangering a child; K.S.A. 21-3609, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011
 Supp. 21-5602, and amendments thereto, abuse of a child; or which would
 constitute an attempt to commit a violation of any of the offenses specified
 in this subsection.

7 (c) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, for any offender 8 who is required to register as provided in the Kansas offender registration 9 act, K.S.A. 22-4901 et seq., and amendments thereto, there shall be no 10 expungement of any conviction or any part of the offender's criminal 11 record while the offender is required to register as provided in the Kansas 12 offender registration act.

13 (e) (d) When a petition for expungement is filed, the court shall set a date for a hearing on the petition and shall give notice thereof to the 14 county or district attorney. The petition shall state: (1) The juvenile's full 15 16 name; (2) the full name of the juvenile as reflected in the court record, if 17 different than (1); (3) the juvenile's sex and date of birth; (4) the offense for which the juvenile was adjudicated; (5) the date of the trial; and (6) the 18 19 identity of the trial court. Except as otherwise provided by law, a petition 20 for expungement shall be accompanied by a docket fee in the amount of 21 \$100. On and after the effective date of this act through June 30, 2012, the 22 supreme court may impose a charge, not to exceed \$19 per case, to fund 23 the costs of non-judicial personnel. All petitions for expungement shall be 24 docketed in the original action. Any person who may have relevant 25 information about the petitioner may testify at the hearing. The court may inquire into the background of the petitioner. 26

(d) (e) (1) After hearing, the court shall order the expungement of the records and files if the court finds that:

29 (A) (i) The juvenile has reached 23 years of age or that two years
30 have elapsed since the final discharge; or

(ii) one year has elapsed since the final discharge for an adjudication
concerning acts committed by a juvenile which, if committed by an adult,
would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419, and
amendments thereto;

(B) since the final discharge of the juvenile, the juvenile has not been
convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or
adjudicated as a juvenile offender under the revised Kansas juvenile justice
code and no proceedings are pending seeking such a conviction or
adjudication; and

40 (C) the circumstances and behavior of the petitioner warrant 41 expungement.

42 (2) The court may require that all court costs, fees and restitution 43 shall be paid.

1 (e) (f) Upon entry of an order expunging records or files, the offense 2 which the records or files concern shall be treated as if it never occurred, 3 except that upon conviction of a crime or adjudication in a subsequent 4 action under this code the offense may be considered in determining the 5 sentence to be imposed. The petitioner, the court and all law enforcement 6 officers and other public offices and agencies shall properly reply on 7 inquiry that no record or file exists with respect to the juvenile. Inspection 8 of the expunged files or records thereafter may be permitted by order of the court upon petition by the person who is the subject thereof. The 9 10 inspection shall be limited to inspection by the person who is the subject of the files or records and the person's designees. 11

12 (f) (g) Copies A certified copy of any order made pursuant to subsection (a) or (e) (d) shall be sent to each public officer and agency in 13 the county having possession of any the Kansas bureau of investigation, 14 which shall notify every juvenile or criminal justice agency which may 15 16 possess records or files ordered to be expunged. If the officer or agency 17 fails to comply with the order within a reasonable time after its receipt, the 18 officer or such agency may be adjudged in contempt of court and punished 19 accordingly.

 $\begin{array}{ll} & (g) & (h) \\ \text{The court shall inform any juvenile who has been adjudicated} \\ \text{a juvenile offender of the provisions of this section.} \end{array}$

(h) (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the maintenance of information relating to an offense after records or files concerning the offense have been expunged if the information is kept in a manner that does not enable identification of the juvenile.

(i) (j) Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit or require
 expungement of files or records related to a child support order registered
 pursuant to the revised Kansas juvenile justice code.

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(1) The person whose record was expunged;

(2) a private detective agency or a private patrol operator, and the
request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in
conjunction with an application for employment with such agency or
operator by the person whose record has been expunged;

38 (3) a court, upon a showing of a subsequent conviction of the person39 whose record has been expunged;

40 (4) the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, or a designee of 41 the secretary, for the purpose of obtaining information relating to 42 employment in an institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01, and 43 amendments thereto, of the department of social and rehabilitation services 1 of any person whose record has been expunged;

2 (5) a person entitled to such information pursuant to the terms of the 3 expungement order;

4 (6) the Kansas lottery, and the request is accompanied by a statement 5 that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for 6 employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within 7 the Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the 8 Kansas lottery;

9 (7) the governor or the Kansas racing commission, or a designee of 10 the commission, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the 11 request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for executive 12 director of the commission, for employment with the commission, for 13 work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as deemed appropriate by the 14 executive director of the commission or for licensure, renewal of licensure 15 or continued licensure by the commission; Θ

16 17 (8) the Kansas sentencing commission-; or

(9) the Kansas bureau of investigation, for the purposes of:

18 (A) Completing a person's criminal history record information within 19 the central repository in accordance with K.S.A. 22-4701 et seq., and 20 amendments thereto; or

(B) providing information or documentation to the federal bureau of
 investigation, in connection with the national instant criminal background
 check system, to determine a person's qualification to possess a firearm.

24 (1) The provisions of subsection (k)(9) shall apply to all records 25 created prior to, on and after July 1, 2011.

Sec. 27. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2361 is hereby amended to read as 26 follows: 38-2361. (a) Upon adjudication as a juvenile offender pursuant to 27 28 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2356, and amendments thereto, modification of 29 sentence pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2367, and amendments thereto, or violation of a condition of sentence pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-30 31 2368, and amendments thereto, and subject to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 32 2011 Supp. 38-2365, and amendments thereto, the court may impose one 33 or more of the following sentencing alternatives. In the event that any 34 sentencing alternative chosen constitutes an order authorizing or requiring 35 removal of the juvenile from the juvenile's home and such findings either 36 have not previously been made or the findings are not or may no longer be 37 current, the court shall make determinations as required by K.S.A. 2011 38 Supp. 38-2334 and 38-2335, and amendments thereto.

(1) Place the juvenile on probation through court services or
community corrections for a fixed period, subject to terms and conditions
the court deems appropriate consistent with juvenile justice programs in
the community.

43 (2) Order the juvenile to participate in a community based program

1 available in such judicial district subject to the terms and conditions the 2 court deems appropriate. This alternative shall not be ordered with the 3 alternative in paragraph (12) and when ordered with the alternative in 4 paragraph (10) shall constitute a recommendation. Requirements 5 pertaining to child support may apply if custody is vested with other than a 6 parent.

7 (3) Place the juvenile in the custody of a parent or other suitable 8 person, subject to terms and conditions consistent with juvenile justice 9 programs in the community. This alternative shall not be ordered with the 10 alternative in paragraph (10) or (12). Requirements pertaining to child 11 support may apply if custody is vested with other than a parent.

(4) Order the juvenile to attend counseling, educational, mediation orother sessions, or to undergo a drug evaluation pursuant to subsection (b).

(5) Suspend or restrict the juvenile's driver's license or privilege to
 operate a motor vehicle on the streets and highways of this state pursuant
 to subsection (c).

17 (6) Order the juvenile to perform charitable or community service18 work.

(7) Order the juvenile to make appropriate reparation or restitutionpursuant to subsection (d).

(8) Order the juvenile to pay a fine not exceeding \$1,000 pursuant to
subsection (e).

(9) Place the juvenile under a house arrest program administered by
the court pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments
thereto.

(10) Place the juvenile in the custody of the commissioner as provided in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2365, and amendments thereto. This alternative shall not be ordered with the alternative in paragraph (3) or (12). Except for a mandatory drug and alcohol evaluation, when this alternative is ordered with alternatives in paragraphs (2), (4) and (9), such orders shall constitute a recommendation by the court. Requirements pertaining to child support shall apply under this alternative.

(11) Commit the juvenile to a sanctions house for a period no longerthan 28 days subject to the provisions of subsection (f).

35 (12) Commit the juvenile directly to the custody of the commissioner 36 for a period of confinement in a juvenile correctional facility and a period 37 of aftercare pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2369, and amendments 38 thereto. The provisions of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2365, and amendments 39 thereto, shall not apply to juveniles committed pursuant to this provision, 40 provided however, that 21 days prior to the juvenile's release from a 41 juvenile correctional facility, the commissioner or designee shall notify the 42 court of the juvenile's anticipated release date. The court shall set and hold 43 a permanency hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2365, and

amendments thereto, within seven days after the juvenile's release. This
 alternative may be ordered with the alternative in paragraph (7).
 Requirements pertaining to child support shall apply under this alternative.

4 5 6 (b) If the court orders the juvenile to attend counseling, educational, mediation or other sessions, or to undergo a drug and alcohol evaluation pursuant to subsection (a)(4), the following provisions apply:

7 (1) The court may order the juvenile offender to participate in 8 counseling or mediation sessions or a program of education, including placement in an alternative educational program approved by a local 9 10 school board. The costs of any counseling or mediation may be assessed as expenses in the case. No mental health center shall charge a fee for court-11 12 ordered counseling greater than what the center would have charged the person receiving the counseling if the person had requested counseling on 13 14 the person's own initiative. No mediator shall charge a fee for courtordered mediation greater than what the mediator would have charged the 15 16 person participating in the mediation if the person had requested mediation 17 on the person's own initiative. Mediation may include the victim but shall 18 not be mandatory for the victim; and

19 (2) if the juvenile has been adjudicated to be a juvenile by reason of a 20 violation of a statute that makes such a requirement, the court shall order 21 and, if adjudicated for any other offense, the court may order the juvenile 22 to submit to and complete a drug and alcohol evaluation by a community-23 based drug and alcohol safety action program certified pursuant to K.S.A. 24 8-1008, and amendments thereto, and to pay a fee not to exceed the fee 25 established by that statute for such evaluation. The court may waive the mandatory evaluation if the court finds that the juvenile completed a drug 26 27 and alcohol evaluation, approved by the community-based alcohol and 28 drug safety action program, within 12 months before sentencing. If the 29 evaluation occurred more than 12 months before sentencing, the court 30 shall order the juvenile to resubmit to and complete the evaluation and 31 program as provided herein. If the court finds that the juvenile and those 32 legally liable for the juvenile's support are indigent, the court may waive 33 the fee. In no event shall the fee be assessed against the commissioner or 34 the juvenile justice authority nor shall the fee be assessed against the 35 secretary of social and rehabilitation services or the department of social 36 and rehabilitation services if the juvenile is in the secretary's care, custody 37 and control.

(c) If the court orders suspension or restriction of a juvenile offender's
 driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the streets and
 highways of this state pursuant to subsection (a)(5), the following
 provisions apply:

42 (1) The duration of the suspension ordered by the court shall be for a43 definite time period to be determined by the court. Upon suspension of a

license pursuant to this subsection, the court shall require the juvenile 1 2 offender to surrender the license to the court. The court shall transmit the 3 license to the division of motor vehicles of the department of revenue, to 4 be retained until the period of suspension expires. At that time, the licensee may apply to the division for return of the license. If the license has 5 6 expired, the juvenile offender may apply for a new license, which shall be 7 issued promptly upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of other 8 conditions established by law for obtaining a license unless another 9 suspension or revocation of the juvenile offender's privilege to operate a 10 motor vehicle is in effect. As used in this subsection, "highway" and "street" have the meanings provided by K.S.A. 8-1424 and 8-1473, and 11 12 amendments thereto. Any juvenile offender who does not have a driver's 13 license may have driving privileges revoked. No Kansas driver's license 14 shall be issued to a juvenile offender whose driving privileges have been 15 revoked pursuant to this section for a definite time period to be determined 16 by the court; and

17 (2) in lieu of suspending a juvenile offender's driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state, the court 18 may enter an order which places conditions on the juvenile offender's 19 20 privilege of operating a motor vehicle on the streets and highways of this 21 state, a certified copy of which the juvenile offender shall be required to 22 carry any time the juvenile offender is operating a motor vehicle on the 23 streets and highways of this state. The order shall prescribe a definite time 24 period for the conditions imposed. Upon entering an order restricting a 25 juvenile offender's license, the court shall require the juvenile offender to surrender such juvenile offender's license to the court. The court shall 26 27 transmit the license to the division of vehicles, together with a copy of the 28 order. Upon receipt thereof, the division of vehicles shall issue without 29 charge a driver's license which shall indicate on its face that conditions 30 have been imposed on the juvenile offender's privilege of operating a 31 motor vehicle and that a certified copy of the order imposing the 32 conditions is required to be carried by the juvenile offender when 33 operating a motor vehicle on the streets and highways of this state. If the 34 juvenile offender is a nonresident, the court shall cause a copy of the order 35 to be transmitted to the division and the division shall forward a copy of it 36 to the motor vehicle administrator of the juvenile offender's state of 37 issuance. The court shall furnish to any juvenile offender whose driver's 38 license has had conditions imposed on it under this section a copy of the 39 order, which shall be recognized as a valid Kansas driver's license until the 40 division issues the restricted license provided for in this subsection. Upon 41 expiration of the period of time for which conditions are imposed pursuant 42 to this subsection, the juvenile offender may apply to the division for the 43 return of the license previously surrendered by the juvenile offender. In the

1 event the license has expired, the juvenile offender may apply to the 2 division for a new license, which shall be issued immediately by the 3 division upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of the other 4 conditions established by law unless such juvenile offender's privilege to 5 operate a motor vehicle on the streets and highways of this state has been 6 suspended or revoked prior thereto. If any juvenile offender violates any of 7 the conditions imposed under this subsection, the juvenile offender's 8 driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the streets and 9 highways of this state shall be revoked for a period as determined by the 10 court in which the juvenile offender is convicted of violating such 11 conditions

12 (d) The following provisions apply to the court's determination of 13 whether to order reparation or restitution pursuant to subsection (a)(7):

(1) The court shall order the juvenile to make reparation or restitution 14 to the aggrieved party for the damage or loss caused by the juvenile 15 16 offender's offense unless it finds compelling circumstances that would 17 render a plan of reparation or restitution unworkable. If the court finds 18 compelling circumstances that would render a plan of reparation or 19 restitution unworkable, the court shall enter such findings with 20 particularity on the record. In lieu of reparation or restitution, the court 21 may order the juvenile to perform charitable or social service for 22 organizations performing services for the community; and

23 (2) restitution may include, but shall not be limited to, the amount of 24 damage or loss caused by the juvenile's offense. Restitution may be made 25 by payment of an amount fixed by the court or by working for the parties sustaining loss in the manner ordered by the court. An order of monetary 26 27 restitution shall be a judgment against the juvenile that may be collected 28 by the court by garnishment or other execution as on judgments in civil 29 cases. Such judgment shall not be affected by the termination of the court's 30 jurisdiction over the juvenile offender.

(e) If the court imposes a fine pursuant to subsection (a)(8), thefollowing provisions apply:

(1) The amount of the fine may not exceed \$1,000 for each offense.
The amount of the fine should be related to the seriousness of the offense
and the juvenile's ability to pay. Payment of a fine may be required in a
lump sum or installments;

in determining whether to impose a fine and the amount to be
imposed, the court shall consider that imposition of a fine is most
appropriate in cases where the juvenile has derived pecuniary gain from
the offense and that imposition of a restitution order is preferable to
imposition of a fine; and

42 (3) any fine imposed by court shall be a judgment against the juvenile43 that may be collected by the court by garnishment or other execution as on

1 judgments in civil cases. Such judgment shall not be affected by the 2 termination of the court's jurisdiction over the juvenile.

3 (f) If the court commits the juvenile to a sanctions house pursuant to 4 subsection (a)(11), the following provisions shall apply:

5 (1) The court may order commitment for up to 28 days for the same 6 offense or violation of sentencing condition. The court shall review the 7 commitment every seven days and, may shorten the initial commitment or, 8 if the initial term is less than 28 days, may extend the commitment;

9 (2) if, in the sentencing order, the court orders a sanctions house 10 placement for a verifiable probation violation and such probation violation 11 occurs, the juvenile may immediately be taken to a sanctions house and 12 detained for no more than 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, 13 holidays, and days on which the office of the clerk of the court is not 14 accessible, prior to court review of the placement. The court and all parties 15 shall be notified of the sanctions house placement; and

(3) a juvenile over 18 years of age and less than 23 years of age at
sentencing shall be committed to a county jail, in lieu of a sanctions house,
under the same time restrictions imposed by paragraph (1), but shall not be
committed to or confined in a juvenile detention facility.

20 (g) Any order issued by the judge pursuant to this section shall be in 21 effect immediately upon entry into the court's minutes.

(h) In addition to the requirements of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2373, and amendments thereto, if a person is under 18 years of age and convicted of a felony or adjudicated as a juvenile offender for an offense if committed by an adult would constitute the commission of a felony, the court shall forward a signed copy of the journal entry to the commissioner within 30 days of final disposition.

28 (i) Except as further provided, if a juvenile has been adjudged to be a 29 juvenile offender for an offense that if committed by an adult would 30 constitute the commission of: (1) Aggravated human trafficking, as defined 31 in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, if the victim is 32 less than 14 years of age; (2) rape, as defined in subsection (a)(3) of 33 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto; (3) aggravated 34 indecent liberties with a child, as defined in subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 35 2011 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto; (4) aggravated criminal 36 sodomy, as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-37 5504, and amendments thereto; (5) promoting prostitution the sale of 38 sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6420, and 39 amendments thereto, if the prostitute person selling sexual relations is less 40 than 14 years of age; (6) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in subsection (a)(1) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments 41 42 thereto, if the victim is less than 14 years of age; or (7) an attempt, 43 conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-

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1 5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an offense defined 2 in parts (1) through (6); the court shall issue an order prohibiting the 3 juvenile from attending the attendance center that the victim of the offense 4 attends. If only one attendance center exists, for which the victim and 5 juvenile are eligible to attend, in the school district where the victim and 6 the juvenile reside, the court shall hear testimony and take evidence from 7 the victim, the juvenile, their families and a representative of the school 8 district as to why the juvenile should or should not be allowed to remain at 9 the attendance center attended by the victim. After such hearing, the court may issue an order prohibiting the juvenile from attending the attendance 10 center that the victim of the offense attends. 11

(j) The sentencing hearing shall be open to the public as provided inK.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2353, and amendments thereto.

14 Sec. 28. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-311 is hereby amended to read as 15 follows: 41-311. (a) No license of any kind shall be issued pursuant to the 16 liquor control act to a person:

(1) Who has not been a citizen of the United States for at least 10
years, except that the spouse of a deceased retail licensee may receive and
renew a retail license notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (a)
(1) if such spouse is otherwise qualified to hold a retail license and is a
United States citizen or becomes a United States citizen within one year
after the deceased licensee's death;

(2) who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this state,any other state or the United States;

(3) who has had a license revoked for cause under the provisions of the liquor control act, the beer and cereal malt beverage keg registration act or who has had any license issued under the cereal malt beverage laws of any state revoked for cause except that a license may be issued to a person whose license was revoked for the conviction of a misdemeanor at any time after the lapse of 10 years following the date of the revocation;

(4) who has been convicted of being the keeper or is keeping a house of prostitution any property, whether real or personal, where sexual relations is being sold or offered for sale by a person who is 18 years of age or older or has forfeited bond to appear in court to answer charges of being a keeper of a house of prostitution any property, whether real or personal, where sexual relations is being sold or offered for sale by a person who is 18 years of age or older;

(5) who has been convicted of being a proprietor of a gambling
house, pandering or any other crime opposed to decency and morality or
has forfeited bond to appear in court to answer charges for any of those
crimes;

(6) who is not at least 21 years of age;

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43 (7) who, other than as a member of the governing body of a city or

1 county, appoints or supervises any law enforcement officer, who is a law 2 enforcement official or who is an employee of the director;

3 (8) who intends to carry on the business authorized by the license as 4 agent of another;

5 (9) who at the time of application for renewal of any license issued 6 under this act would not be eligible for the license upon a first application, 7 except as provided by subsection (a)(12);

8 (10) who is the holder of a valid and existing license issued under article 27 of chapter 41 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated unless the person 9 10 agrees to and does surrender the license to the officer issuing the same upon the issuance to the person of a license under this act, except that a 11 retailer licensed pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2702, and amendments thereto, 12 13 shall be eligible to receive a retailer's license under the Kansas liquor 14 control act.

15 (11) who does not own the premises for which a license is sought, or 16 does not, at the time of application, have a written lease thereon;

17 (12) whose spouse would be ineligible to receive a license under this 18 act for any reason other than citizenship, residence requirements or age, 19 except that this subsection (a)(12) shall not apply in determining eligibility 20 for a renewal license:

21 (13) whose spouse has been convicted of a felony or other crime 22 which would disqualify a person from licensure under this section and 23 such felony or other crime was committed during the time that the spouse 24 held a license under this act: or

25 (14) who does not provide any data or information required by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-311b, and amendments thereto. 26

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(b) No retailer's license shall be issued to: (1) A person who is not a resident of this state;

29 (2) a person who has not been a resident of this state for at least four 30 years immediately preceding the date of application;

31 (3) a person who has a beneficial interest in a manufacturer, 32 distributor, farm winery or microbrewery licensed under this act, except 33 that the spouse of an applicant for a retailer's license may own and hold a 34 farm winery license, microbrewery license, or both, if the spouse does not 35 hold a retailer's license issued under this act;

36 (4) a person who has a beneficial interest in any other retail 37 establishment licensed under this act, except that the spouse of a licensee 38 may own and hold a retailer's license for another retail establishment;

39 (5) a copartnership, unless all of the copartners are qualified to obtain 40 a license;

(6) a corporation; or

42 (7) a trust, if any grantor, beneficiary or trustee would be ineligible to 43 receive a license under this act for any reason, except that the provisions of

subsection (a)(6) shall not apply in determining whether a beneficiary
 would be eligible for a license.

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(c) No manufacturer's license shall be issued to:

4 (1) A corporation, if any officer or director thereof, or any 5 stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock of the 6 corporation would be ineligible to receive a manufacturer's license for any 7 reason other than citizenship and residence requirements;

8 (2) a copartnership, unless all of the copartners shall have been 9 residents of this state for at least five years immediately preceding the date 10 of application and unless all the members of the copartnership would be 11 eligible to receive a manufacturer's license under this act;

(3) a trust, if any grantor, beneficiary or trustee would be ineligible to
receive a license under this act for any reason, except that the provisions of
subsection (a)(6) shall not apply in determining whether a beneficiary
would be eligible for a license;

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(4) an individual who is not a resident of this state;

(5) an individual who has not been a resident of this state for at leastfive years immediately preceding the date of application; or

(6) a person who has a beneficial interest in a distributor, retailer,
farm winery or microbrewery licensed under this act, except as provided in
K.S.A. 41-305, and amendments thereto.

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(d) No distributor's license shall be issued to:

23 (1) A corporation, if any officer, director or stockholder of the 24 corporation would be ineligible to receive a distributor's license for any 25 reason. It shall be unlawful for any stockholder of a corporation licensed 26 as a distributor to transfer any stock in the corporation to any person who 27 would be ineligible to receive a distributor's license for any reason, and 28 any such transfer shall be null and void, except that: (A) If any stockholder 29 owning stock in the corporation dies and an heir or devisee to whom stock 30 of the corporation descends by descent and distribution or by will is 31 ineligible to receive a distributor's license, the legal representatives of the 32 deceased stockholder's estate and the ineligible heir or devisee shall have 33 14 months from the date of the death of the stockholder within which to 34 sell the stock to a person eligible to receive a distributor's license, any such 35 sale by a legal representative to be made in accordance with the provisions 36 of the probate code; or (B) if the stock in any such corporation is the 37 subject of any trust and any trustee or beneficiary of the trust who is 21 38 years of age or older is ineligible to receive a distributor's license, the 39 trustee, within 14 months after the effective date of the trust, shall sell the 40 stock to a person eligible to receive a distributor's license and hold and 41 disburse the proceeds in accordance with the terms of the trust. If any legal 42 representatives, heirs, devisees or trustees fail, refuse or neglect to sell any 43 stock as required by this subsection, the stock shall revert to and become 1 the property of the corporation, and the corporation shall pay to the legal 2 representatives, heirs, devisees or trustees the book value of the stock.

2 representatives, heirs, devisees or trustees the book value of the stock.
3 During the period of 14 months prescribed by this subsection, the
4 corporation shall not be denied a distributor's license or have its
5 distributor's license revoked if the corporation meets all of the other
6 requirements necessary to have a distributor's license;

7 (2) a copartnership, unless all of the copartners are eligible to receive 8 a distributor's license;

9 (3) a trust, if any grantor, beneficiary or trustee would be ineligible to 10 receive a license under this act for any reason, except that the provisions of 11 subsection (a)(6) shall not apply in determining whether a beneficiary 12 would be eligible for a license; or

(4) a person who has a beneficial interest in a manufacturer, retailer,farm winery or microbrewery licensed under this act.

(e) No nonbeverage user's license shall be issued to a corporation, if
any officer, manager or director of the corporation or any stockholder
owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock of the corporation
would be ineligible to receive a nonbeverage user's license for any reason
other than citizenship and residence requirements.

20 (f) No microbrewery license or farm winery license shall be issued to 21 a:

22

(1) Person who is not a resident of this state;

(2) person who has not been a resident of this state for at least oneyear immediately preceding the date of application;

(3) person who has a beneficial interest in a manufacturer or
distributor licensed under this act, except as provided in K.S.A. 41-305,
and amendments thereto;

(4) person, copartnership or association which has a beneficial
interest in any retailer licensed under this act or under K.S.A. 41-2702, and
amendments thereto, except that the spouse of an applicant for a
microbrewery or farm winery license may own and hold a retailer's license
if the spouse does not hold a microbrewery or farm winery license issued
under this act;

(5) copartnership, unless all of the copartners are qualified to obtain alicense;

(6) corporation, unless stockholders owning in the aggregate 50% or
more of the stock of the corporation would be eligible to receive such
license and all other stockholders would be eligible to receive such license
except for reason of citizenship or residency; or

40 (7) a trust, if any grantor, beneficiary or trustee would be ineligible to
41 receive a license under this act for any reason, except that the provisions of
42 subsection (a)(6) shall not apply in determining whether a beneficiary
43 would be eligible for a license.

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(g) The provisions of subsections (b)(1), (b)(2), (c)(3), (c)(4), (d)(3), 1 2 (f)(1), (f)(2) and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-311b, and amendments thereto, 3 shall not apply in determining eligibility for the 10th, or a subsequent, 4 consecutive renewal of a license if the applicant has appointed a citizen of 5 the United States who is a resident of Kansas as the applicant's agent and 6 filed with the director a duly authenticated copy of a duly executed power 7 of attorney, authorizing the agent to accept service of process from the 8 director and the courts of this state and to exercise full authority, control and responsibility for the conduct of all business and transactions within 9 10 the state relative to alcoholic liquor and the business licensed. The agent must be satisfactory to and approved by the director, except that the 11 12 director shall not approve as an agent any person who:

13 (1) Has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this state, any14 other state or the United States;

15 (2) has had a license issued under the alcoholic liquor or cereal malt 16 beverage laws of this or any other state revoked for cause, except that a 17 person may be appointed as an agent if the person's license was revoked 18 for the conviction of a misdemeanor and 10 years have lapsed since the 19 date of the revocation;

(3) has been convicted of being the keeper or is keeping a house of
prostitution any property, whether real or personal, where sexual relations
is being sold or offered for sale by a person who is 18 years of age or
older or has forfeited bond to appear in court to answer charges of being a
keeper of a house of prostitution any property, whether real or personal,
where sexual relations is being sold or offered for sale by a person who is
18 years of age or older;

(4) has been convicted of being a proprietor of a gambling house,
pandering or any other crime opposed to decency and morality or has
forfeited bond to appear in court to answer charges for any of those
crimes; or

31

(5) is less than 21 years of age.

Sec. 29. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-2601 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 41-2601. As used in the club and drinking establishment act:

(a) The following terms shall have the meanings provided by K.S.A.
41-102 and amendments thereto: (1) "Alcoholic liquor"; (2) "director"; (3)
"original package"; (4) "person"; (5) "sale"; and (6) "to sell."

(b) "Beneficial interest" shall not include any interest a person may
have as owner, operator, lessee or franchise holder of a licensed hotel or
motel on the premises of which a club or drinking establishment is located.

40 (c) "Caterer" means an individual, partnership or corporation which 41 sells alcoholic liquor by the individual drink, and provides services related 42 to the serving thereof, on unlicensed premises which may be open to the 43 public, but does not include a holder of a temporary permit, selling 1 alcoholic liquor in accordance with the terms of such permit.

2 (d) "Cereal malt beverage" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 413 2701 and amendments thereto.

(e) "Class A club" means a premises which is owned or leased by a
corporation, partnership, business trust or association and which is
operated thereby as a bona fide nonprofit social, fraternal or war veterans'
club, as determined by the director, for the exclusive use of the corporate
stockholders, partners, trust beneficiaries or associates (hereinafter referred
to as members) and their families and guests accompanying them.

10 (f) "Class B club" means a premises operated for profit by a 11 corporation, partnership or individual, to which members of such club may 12 resort for the consumption of food or alcoholic beverages and for 13 entertainment.

14

(g) "Club" means a class A or class B club.

(h) "Minibar" means a closed cabinet, whether nonrefrigerated or
wholly or partially refrigerated, access to the interior of which is restricted
by means of a locking device which requires the use of a key, magnetic
card or similar device.

(i) "Drinking establishment" means premises which may be open tothe general public, where alcoholic liquor by the individual drink is sold.

(j) "Food" means any raw, cooked or processed edible substance or
 ingredient, other than alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage, used or
 intended for use or for sale, in whole or in part, for human consumption.

(k) "Food service establishment" has the meaning provided by K.S.A.
36-501 and amendments thereto.

26 (l) "Hotel" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 36-501 and 27 amendments thereto.

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(m) "Minor" means a person under 21 years of age.

(n) "Morals charge" means a charge involving prostitution the sale of *sexual relations*; procuring any person; soliciting of a child under 18 years
of age for any immoral act involving sex; possession or sale of narcotics,
marijuana, amphetamines or barbiturates; rape; incest; gambling; illegal
cohabitation; adultery; bigamy; or a crime against nature.

34 (o) "Municipal corporation" means the governing body of any county35 or city.

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(p) "Restaurant" means:

(1) In the case of a club, a licensed food service establishment which,
as determined by the director, derives from sales of food for consumption
on the licensed club premises not less than 50% of its gross receipts from
all sales of food and beverages on such premises in a 12-month period;

(2) in the case of a drinking establishment subject to a food sales
requirement under K.S.A. 41-2642 and amendments thereto, a licensed
food service establishment which, as determined by the director, derives

from sales of food for consumption on the licensed drinking establishment 1 premises not less than 30% of its gross receipts from all sales of food and 2 beverages on such premises in a 12-month period; and 3

(3) in the case of a drinking establishment subject to no food sales 4 requirement under K.S.A. 41-2642 and amendments thereto, a licensed 5 6 food service establishment.

7 (q) "RV resort" means premises where a place to park recreational 8 vehicles, as defined in K.S.A. 75-1212 and amendments thereto, is offered for pay, primarily to transient guests, for overnight or longer use while 9 such recreational vehicles are used as sleeping or living accommodations. 10

11

(r) "Secretary" means the secretary of revenue.

(s) "Temporary permit" means a temporary permit issued pursuant to 12 K.S.A. 41-2645 and amendments thereto. 13

Sec. 30. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 60-4104 is hereby amended to read as 14 follows: 60-4104. Conduct and offenses giving rise to forfeiture under this 15 16 act, whether or not there is a prosecution or conviction related to the 17 offense. are:

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(a) All offenses which statutorily and specifically authorize forfeiture;

19 (b) violations of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5701 through 21-5717, and 20 amendments thereto:

(c) theft, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto;

22 (d) criminal discharge of a firearm, as defined in subsections (a)(1)and (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6308, and amendments thereto; 23

(e) gambling, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6404, and amendments thereto, 24 25 and commercial gambling, as defined in subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6406, and amendments thereto; 26

(f) counterfeiting, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5825, and amendments 27 28 thereto:

violations of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6108, and amendments 29 (g) 30 thereto:

31 (h) medicaid fraud, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5925 through 21-5934, and 32 amendments thereto;

33 (i) an act or omission occurring outside this state, which would be a violation in the place of occurrence and would be described in this section 34 if the act occurred in this state, whether or not it is prosecuted in any state; 35

(j) an act or omission committed in furtherance of any act or omission 36 37 described in this section including any inchoate or preparatory offense, 38 whether or not there is a prosecution or conviction related to the act or 39 omission:

40 (k) any solicitation or conspiracy to commit any act or omission described in this section, whether or not there is a prosecution or 41 conviction related to the act or omission: 42

43 violations of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5423, and amendments (1)

2 (m) unlawful conduct of dog fighting and unlawful possession of dog fighting paraphernalia, as defined in subsections (a) and (b) of K.S.A. 3 2011 Supp. 21-6414, and amendments thereto; 4 5 (n) unlawful conduct of cockfighting and unlawful possession of 6 cockfighting paraphernalia, as defined in subsections (a) and (b) of K.S.A. 7 2011 Supp. 21-6417, and amendments thereto; 8 (o) prostitution selling sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 9 Supp. 21-6419, and amendments thereto, promoting prostitution the sale of sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6420, and 10 amendments thereto, and patronizing a prostitute buying sexual relations, 11 12 as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6421, and amendments thereto; (p) human trafficking and aggravated human trafficking, K.S.A. 2011 13 14 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto; (q) violations of K.S.A. 9-2012, and amendments thereto; 15 16 (r) mistreatment of a dependent adult, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5417, 17 and amendments thereto: (s) giving a worthless check, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5821, and 18 19 amendments thereto; 20 (t) forgery, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5823, and amendments thereto; 21 (u) making false information, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5824, and 22 amendments thereto; 23 (v) criminal use of a financial card, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5828, and 24 amendments thereto: 25 (w) violations of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5839, and amendments 26 thereto: 27 (x) identity theft and identity fraud, as defined in subsections (a) and 28 (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6107, and amendments thereto; and (v) electronic solicitation, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5509, and 29 30 amendments thereto. 31 Sec. 31. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 68-2255 is hereby amended to read as 32 follows: 68-2255. (a) As used in this section: 33 (1) "Adult cabaret" means a nightclub, bar, restaurant or similar 34 commercial establishment which regularly features: (A) Persons who appear in a state of nudity or semi-nudity; 35 (B) live performances which are characterized by the exposure of 36 37 specified anatomical areas or by specified sexual activities; or 38 (C) films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides or other photographic reproductions which are characterized by the depiction or 39 description of specified sexual activities or specified anatomical areas; 40 (2) "nudity" or a "state of nudity" means the showing of the human 41 male or female genitals, pubic area, vulva, anus, anal cleft or cleavage 42 43 with less than a fully opaque covering, the showing of the female breast

1 thereto;

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with less than a fully opaque covering of any part of the nipple or the
 showing of the covered male genitals in a discernibly turgid state;

3 (3) "semi-nudity" means a state of dress in which opaque clothing 4 fails to cover the genitals, anus, anal cleft or cleavage, pubic area, vulva, 5 nipple and areola of the female breast below a horizontal line across the 6 top of the areola at its highest point. Semi-nudity shall include the entire 7 lower portion of the female breast, but shall not include any portion of the 8 cleavage of the human female breast exhibited by wearing apparel 9 provided the areola is not exposed in whole or part;

10 (4) "sexually-oriented business" means any business which offers its 11 patrons goods of which a substantial portion are sexually-oriented 12 materials. Any business where more than 10% of display space is used for 13 sexually-oriented materials shall be presumed to be a sexually-oriented 14 business;

(5) "sexually-oriented materials" means any textual, pictorial or three
dimensional material that depicts nudity, sexual conduct, sexual
excitement or sadomasochistic abuse in a way which is patently offensive
to the average person applying contemporary adult community standards
with respect to what is suitable for minors;

(6) "sign" or "outdoor advertising" means any outdoor sign, display,
device, notice, bulletin, figure, painting, drawing, message, placard, poster,
billboard or other thing which is designed, intended or used to advertise or
inform, any part of the advertising or informative contents of which is
located within an adjacent area, and is visible from the state highway.

25 (b) No sign or other outdoor advertising, for an adult cabaret or sexually-oriented business shall be located within one mile of any state 26 27 highway except if such business is located within one mile of a state 28 highway then the business may display a maximum of two exterior signs 29 on the premises of the business, consisting of one identification sign and 30 one sign solely giving notice that the premises are off limits to minors. The 31 identification sign shall be no more than 40 square feet in size and shall 32 include no more than the following information: Name, street address, 33 telephone number and operating hours of the business.

(c) Signs existing at the time of the effective date of this act, which
did not conform to the requirements of this section, and amendments
thereto, may be allowed to continue as a nonconforming use, but should be
made to conform within three years from July 1, 2006.

(d) Any owner of such a business who violates the provisions of this
section shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor. Each week a violation of
this section continues to exist shall constitute a separate offense.

41 (e) This section is designed to protect the following public policy42 interests of this state, including, but not limited to:

(1) To mitigate the adverse secondary effects of sexually-oriented

businesses; (2) to improve traffic safety; (3) to limit harm to minors; and
 (4) to reduce prostitution the sale of sexual relations, crime, juvenile
 delinquency, deterioration in property values and lethargy in neighborhood
 improvement efforts.

5 (f) The attorney general shall represent the state in all actions and 6 proceedings arising from this section, and amendments thereto. All costs 7 incurred by the attorney general to defend or prosecute this section, 8 including payment of all court costs, civil judgments and, if necessary, any 9 attorneys fees, shall be paid from the state general fund.

10 Sec. 32. On January 1, 2014, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2243 and 38-11 2260 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 33. K.S.A. 22-2530 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302,
21-5303, 21-5401, 21-6419, 21-6420, 21-6421, 21-6614, 21-6614a, 216614b, 21-6614c, 21-6626, 21-6627, 21-6815, 22-2515, 22-3601, 22-3717,
22-3901, 22-4902, 22-4902a, 22-4906, 22-4906a, 38-2202, 38-2312, 382312a, 38-2312b, 38-2361, 41-311, 41-2601, 60-4104 and 68-2255 are
hereby repealed.

18 Sec. 34. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its19 publication in the statute book.