

2012 Kansas Statutes

59-1503. Time for distribution. If at any time prior to final settlement it appears that there is sufficient money to satisfy all the demands against an estate, the executor or administrator, on order of the court, may make payment of legacies and distribution of shares, except that specific legacies shall be first satisfied. If any demands are not yet barred or six months have not passed since the date of death, no executor or administrator shall be compelled to pay legacies or make distribution unless ordered to do so by the court and until bond or security is given by the legatee or distributee to refund the legatee's or distributee's due proportion of any demand which may afterward be established against the estate and the cost of its recovery, except that upon petition of the executor or administrator, or upon petition of a legatee or distributee with the approval of the executor or administrator, the court may waive the requirement that bond or security be given by the legatee or distributee. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, whenever any executor or administrator of an estate has been served prior to settlement with an order of garnishment having the effect of attaching and creating a first and prior lien upon any property or funds within the estate to which any person is or may become entitled as a legatee or distributee upon settlement and distribution of the estate, the executor or administrator shall not deliver or pay over any such property or funds to that legatee or distributee until further order of the court from which the order of garnishment was issued.

History: L. 1939, ch. 180, § 114; L. 1971, ch. 194, § 1; L. 1972, ch. 222, § 13; L. 1972, ch. 215, § 11; L. 1985, ch. 191, § 23; July 1.