REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

MADAM PRESIDENT:

The Committee on **Financial Institutions and Insurance** recommends **HB 2099**, as amended by House Committee, on page 1, by striking all in lines 7 through 36;

By striking all on pages 2 and 3;

On page 4, by striking all in lines 1 through 7 and inserting the following:

"Section 1. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 40-229a is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-229a.

(a) (1) (A) All cash, securities, real estate deeds, mortgages or other assets, excluding real estate and mortgages, deposited with the commissioner of insurance pursuant to the provisions of the insurance code of the state of Kansas shall be deposited with any Kansas financial institution acceptable to the commissioner through which a custodial or controlled account, a joint custody receipt arrangement or any combination of these or other measures that are acceptable to the commissioner is used.

- (B) All such deposits shall be held by such financial institution on behalf of the commissioner in trust for the use and benefit of such company and such company's policyholders and creditors. Such assets shall be released from such deposits only upon written approval of the commissioner.
- (C) All income from deposits belong to the depositing organization and shall be paid to it as it becomes available. The commissioner, upon written approval, may direct the financial institution to permit exchange of securities or assets upon deposit of specified substituted securities or assets.
 - (D) An authorized signature form must be submitted to the commissioner of insurance

prior to acceptance of any deposit. Each signature on the authorized signature form must be the original handwritten name of each signee. No copies, facsimiles, electronic or digital signatures will be recognized on this form.

- (D) (E) All forms for deposit, withdrawal or exchange shall be prescribed, prepared and furnished by the commissioner and no facsimile signatures shall be used or recognized.
- (E) (F) The commissioner or assistant commissioner of insurance or insurance department employee authorized by the commissioner may at any time inspect the securities on deposit in any such financial institution.
- (F) (G) Nothing in this act shall be construed to hold the state of Kansas, the commissioner, assistant commissioner or authorized employee liable either personally or officially for any default of such financial institution.
- (2) Real estate shall be deposited with the commissioner by the depositing organization executing a deed or assignment conveying title thereto to the commissioner, in trust for the use and benefit of such company. Such deeds or assignment shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which such real estate is situated. When the depositing organization is authorized to withdraw real estate from deposit, the commissioner shall execute deeds to such organization or such other persons, companies or corporations as directed by such organization. The costs of registering such deeds shall be paid by the depositing organization.
- (3)—All deposits made with the commissioner shall be audited by the commissioner and the state treasurer not less frequently than once each three years. The commissioner may accept an audit performed by another governmental agency acceptable to the commissioner, in lieu of this audit requirement.
- (b) Assets, except real estate assets, deposited pursuant to this section shall be held by the custodian on behalf of the commissioner as in trust for the use and benefit of the depositing

organization. Such assets shall remain the specific property of the organization and shall not be subject to the claim of any third party against the custodian.

- (c) The custodian is authorized to redeposit such assets with a clearing corporation as defined in K.S.A. 84-8-102, and amendments thereto, if such clearing corporation is domiciled in the United States. The custodian is authorized to hold such assets through the federal reserve bank book-entry system.
- (d) The commissioner shall adopt rules and regulations to establish requirements relating to deposits under this section appropriate to assure the security and safety of such deposits, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (1) Capital and surplus of the custodian;
 - (2) title in which deposited assets are held;
 - (3) records to be kept by the custodian and the commissioner's access thereto;
 - (4) periodic reports by the custodian to the commissioner;
 - (5) responsibility of the custodian to indemnify the depositor for loss of deposited assets;
 - (6) withdrawal or exchange of deposited assets; and
- (7) authority of the commissioner to terminate the deposit if the condition of the custodian should threaten the security of the deposited assets.
 - (e) As used in this section:
 - (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance; and
- (2) "financial institution" means a federal home loan bank, a savings and loan association and savings bank organized under the laws of the United States or another state, a national bank, state bank or trust company, which have main or branch offices in this state, shall at all times during which such federal home loan bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, national bank, state bank or trust company acts as a custodian be:

- (A) No less than adequately capitalized as determined by the standards adopted by the regulator charged with establishing standards for, and assessing, the institution's solvency;
- (B) regulated by either state or federal banking laws, the federal home loan bank act, as amended or is a member of the federal reserve system; and
 - (C) legally qualified to accept custody of securities.
- (3) "Main office" and "branch" shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in K.S.A. 9-1408, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 40-2c01 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2c01. As used in this act:
- (a) "Adjusted RBC report" means an RBC report which has been adjusted by the commissioner in accordance with K.S.A. 40-2c04, and amendments thereto.
- (b) "Corrective order" means an order issued by the commissioner specifying corrective actions which the commissioner has determined are required to address an RBC level event.
- (c) "Domestic insurer" means any insurance company or risk retention group which is licensed and organized in this state.
- (d) "Foreign insurer" means any insurance company or risk retention group not domiciled in this state which is licensed or registered to do business in this state pursuant to article 41 of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or K.S.A. 40-209, and amendments thereto.
 - (e) "NAIC" means the national association of insurance commissioners.
- (f) "Life and health insurer" means any insurance company licensed under article 4 or 5 of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or a licensed property and casualty insurer writing only accident and health insurance.
- (g) "Property and casualty insurer" means any insurance company licensed under articles 9, 10,11, 12, 12a, 15 or 16 of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, but shall

not include monoline mortgage guaranty insurers, financial guaranty insurers and title insurers.

- (h) "Negative trend" means, with respect to a life and health insurer, a negative trend over a period of time, as determined in accordance with the "trend test calculation" included in the RBC instructions defined in subsection (j).
 - (i) "RBC" means risk-based capital.
- (j) "RBC instructions" means the risk-based capital instructions promulgated by the NAIC, which are in effect on December 31, 2012 2013, or any later version promulgated by the NAIC as may be adopted by the commissioner under K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 40-2c29, and amendments thereto.
- (k) "RBC level" means an insurer's company action level RBC, regulatory action level RBC, authorized control level RBC, or mandatory control level RBC where:
- (1) "Company action level RBC" means, with respect to any insurer, the product of 2.0 and its authorized control level RBC;
- (2) "regulatory action level RBC" means the product of 1.5 and its authorized control level RBC;
- (3) "authorized control level RBC" means the number determined under the risk-based capital formula in accordance with the RBC instructions; and
- (4) "mandatory control level RBC" means the product of .70 and the authorized control level RBC.
- (I) "RBC plan" means a comprehensive financial plan containing the elements specified in K.S.A. 40-2c06, and amendments thereto. If the commissioner rejects the RBC plan, and it is revised by the insurer, with or without the commissioner's recommendation, the plan shall be called the "revised RBC plan."
 - (m) "RBC report" means the report required by K.S.A. 40-2c02, and amendments thereto.
 - (n) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of:

- (1) An insurer's capital and surplus or surplus only if a mutual insurer; and
- (2) such other items, if any, as the RBC instructions may provide.
- (o) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 40-2a08 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2a08. Any insurance company other than life heretofore or hereafter organized under any law of this state may invest by loans or otherwise, with the direction or approval of a majority of its board of directors or authorized committee thereof, any of its funds, or any part thereof in the eommon stock equity interests of any eorporation business entity organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America, or of any state, district, insular or territorial possession thereof; or of the Dominion of Canada or any province thereof; or of any other country or subdivision thereof; in an amount, based upon cost, not exceeding 15% of its admitted assets or not exceeding the combined capital and surplus, whichever is the lesser, as shown by the company's last annual report as filed with the state commissioner of insurance or a more recent quarterly financial statement as filed with the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners, within 45 days following the end of the calendar quarter to which the interim statement pertains. Such insurance company may write exchange traded, covered call options on-shares equity interests it owns and may purchase call options for the sole purpose of closing out a position taken previously with respect to one or more options having been written. The purchase of a call option for any reason other than as a closing transaction and the writing of naked (uncovered) call options are hereby prohibited. Investments in common stocks equity interests and the writing of call options shall be further limited as follows: provided in subsections (a) through (g) except that subsections (a) through (e) shall only apply to an amount that exceeds 7.5% of any insurance company's admitted assets.
- (a) The obligations, if any, shown on the last published annual statement of such-corporation business entity must be eligible for investment under K.S.A. 40-2a05, and amendments thereto;

- (b) cash dividends have been paid during each of the last three years preceding the date of acquisition;
- (c) the stock equity interest is registered with a national securities exchange regulated under the securities exchange act of 1934, as amended, or is regularly traded on a national or regional basis;
- (d) the <u>company business entity</u> shall have earnings in three of the last five years preceding the date of acquisition;
- (e) investments in common stock in any one corporation shall at no time exceed 2% of the admitted assets of the investing insurance company determined on the basis of the cost of such shares to the insurance company at time of purchase, and at no time shall an insurance company purchase more than 5% of the outstanding shares of stock of any one given corporation at no time shall an insurance company invest in more than 5% of the outstanding equity interests of any one such business entity, nor an amount more than 2% of the investing insurance company's admitted assets in the outstanding equity interests of any one such business entity, determined on the basis of the cost of such equity interests to the insurance company at the time of purchase;
- (f) stock an equity interest owned by an insurance company that is obligated under an unexpired written call option shall be valued at the lesser of the striking price or current market value. For the purposes of this subsection, "striking price" means the price per—share equity interest, exclusive of selling costs, the company would receive should the call option be exercised by the holder;
 - (g) the provisions of subsections (b) and (d) shall not apply, if at the time of acquisition:
 - (1) The issuing <u>corporation business entity</u> has net assets of \$10,000,000 or more;
 - (2) the issuing corporation business entity has a net worth of \$1,000,000 or more; and
- (3) the issuing <u>corporation</u> <u>business entity</u> has an aggregate market value of \$500,000,000 or more.

(h) As used in this section:

- (1) "Business entity" includes a sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability company, association, partnership, joint stock company, joint venture, mutual fund, trust, joint tenancy or other similar form of business organization, whether organized for profit or not-for-profit.
 - (2) "Equity interest" means any of the following:
 - (A) Common stock;
 - (B) trust certificate;
- (C) equity investment in an investment company other than a money market mutual fund permitted under K.S.A. 40-2a22, and amendments thereto;
 - (D) investment in a common trust fund of a bank regulated by a federal or state agency;
- (E) an ownership interest in minerals, oil or gas, the rights to which have been separated from the underlying fee interest in the real estate where the minerals, oil or gas are located;
 - (F) instruments which are mandatorily, or at the option of the issuer, convertible to equity;
 - (G) limited partnership interests;
 - (H) member interests in limited liability companies;
- (I) warrants or other rights to acquire equity interests that are created by the person that owns or would issue the equity to be acquired; or
 - (J) any other security representing an ownership interest in a business entity.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 40-2a14 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2a14. Any insurance company other than life heretofore or hereafter organized under any law of this state may invest with the direction or approval of a majority of its board of directors or authorized committee thereof, any of its funds, or any part thereof in loans secured by collateral consisting of a pledge of bonds, securities, stock or evidences of indebtedness qualified in K.S.A. 40-2a01 to 40-2a08, inclusive: Provided, That article 2a of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, except that the amount of the loan-is not in excess of eighty percent (80%) shall not exceed 80% of the market value of

the securities: Provided further, That asset securing the loan. In addition, all restrictions, limitations or conditions placed on any security investment authorized within K.S.A. 40-2a01 to 40-2a08, inclusive article 2a of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall apply to the collateral securities pledged to the payment of loans authorized in this section.

- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 40-2a27 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2a27. (a) No insurance company shall acquire, directly or indirectly, any medium grade or lower grade obligation of any institution if, after giving effect to any such acquisition, the aggregate amount of all medium grade and lower grade obligations then held by such insurer would exceed 20% of its admitted assets. Within this limitation no more than 10% of its admitted assets shall consist of lower grade obligations; no more than three percent of its admitted assets shall consist of obligations designated "5" or "6" in the valuations of securities manual; and, no more than one percent of its admitted assets shall consist of obligations designated "6" in the valuations of securities manual. Attaining or exceeding the limit of any one category shall not preclude an insurer from acquiring obligations in other categories subject to the specific and multi-category limits.
- (b) No insurer organized under the laws of this state may invest more than one percent of its admitted assets in medium grade obligations issued, guaranteed or insured by any one institution nor may it invest more than one-half of one percent of its admitted assets in lower grade obligations issued, guaranteed or insured by any one institution. In no event, shall such insurer invest more than one percent of its admitted assets in any medium or lower grade obligations issued, guaranteed or insured by any one institution.
- (c) Nothing contained in this act shall prohibit an insurer from acquiring any obligations which it has committed to acquire if the insurer would have been permitted to acquire that obligation pursuant to this act on the date on which such insurer committed to purchase that obligation.
 - (d) Notwithstanding the limitations of subsection (b) an insurer may acquire an obligation of an

institution in which the insurer already has one or more obligations, if the obligation is acquired in order to protect an investment previously made in the obligations of the institution, except all such acquired obligations shall not exceed one-half of one percent of the insurer's admitted assets.

- (e) Nothing contained in this act shall prohibit an insurer to which this act applies from acquiring an obligation as a result of a restructuring of a medium or lower grade obligation already held or require such insurer to sell or otherwise dispose of any obligation legally acquired prior to the effective date of this act.
- (f) Nothing contained in this act shall permit or be construed as permitting an insurer to exceed, alter or otherwise circumvent any of the limitations or restrictions applicable to the investments authorized by—K.S.A. 40-2a01 et seq. article 2a of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 40-2a16, and amendments thereto, the total-investment in medium and lower grade securities shall not exceed the limitations set forth in thissection.
- (h) (g) The board of directors of any insurance company organized under the laws of this state which acquires or invests, directly or indirectly, more than two percent of its admitted assets in medium grade and lower grade obligations, shall adopt a written plan for the making of such investments. The plan, in addition to guidelines with respect to the quality of the issues invested in, shall contain diversification standards acceptable to the commissioner which may include, but not be limited to, standards for issuer, industry, duration, liquidity and geographic location.
- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 40-2a28 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2a28. (a) Any insurance company other than life organized under any law of this state may invest, by loans or otherwise, with the direction or approval of a majority of its board of directors or authorized committee thereof, any of its funds, or any part thereof, in asset-backed securities, subject to the following:

- (1) To be an admitted asset under this section, an asset-backed security must, at the time of acquisition, be designated "1" or "2" by the national association of insurance commissioners in its most recently published valuations of securities manual or supplement thereto; and
- (2) the investment in any one issue of asset-backed securities shall not exceed 2% of the admitted assets of the investing insurance company as shown by its last annual report or a more recent quarterly financial statement filed with the commissioner. Each issue designated as provided in paragraph (1) shall constitute a single issue regardless of any other obligations or securities issued by the same or any affiliated issuer; and
- (3) the investing company's aggregate investment in asset-backed securities as provided in this section shall not exceed 20% of the admitted assets of such company, as shown by such company's last annual report as filed with the commissioner of insurance or a more recent quarterly financial statement as filed with the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners, within 45 days following the end of the calendar quarter to which the interim statement pertains.
 - (b) As used in this section:
- (1) "Asset-backed security" means any security or other instrument representing or evidencing an interest in, a loan to, a participation in a loan to, or any other right to receive payments from a business entity of any type or form, which has as its primary business activity the acquisition and holding of financial assets, directly or through a trustee, for the benefit of such business entity's debt or equity holders; and
- (2) "financial asset" means a single asset or a pool of assets consisting of interest-bearing obligations or other contractual obligations representing or constituting the right to receive payment from the asset or pool of assets.
 - Sec. 7. K.S.A. 40-2b07 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2b07. Any life insurance

company organized under any law of this state may invest by loans or otherwise, with the direction or approval of a majority of its board of directors or authorized committee thereof, any of its funds, or any part thereof in the common stock equity interests of any corporation business entity organized and doing business under the laws of the United States or any state, or of the District of Columbia, or of the Dominion of Canada or any province of the Dominion of Canada, in an amount, based upon cost, not exceeding 15% of its admitted assets or not exceeding the combined capital and surplus, whichever is the lesser, as shown by the company's last annual report as filed with the state commissioner of insurance or a more recent quarterly financial statement as filed with the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners, within 45 days following the end of the calendar quarter to which the interim statement pertains. Such life insurance company may write exchange traded, covered call options on-shares equity interests it owns and may purchase call options for the sole purpose of closing out a position taken previously with respect to one or more options having been written. The purchase of a call option for any reason other than as a closing transaction and the writing of naked, uncovered, call options are hereby prohibited. Investments in-common stocks equity interests and the writing of call options shall be further limited as follows: provided in subsections (a) through (g) except that subsections (a) through (e) shall only apply to an amount that exceeds 7.5% of a life insurance company's admitted assets.

- (a) The obligations, if any, shown on the last published annual statement of such-eorporation business entity must be eligible for investment under K.S.A. 40-2b05, and amendments thereto;
- (b) cash dividends have been paid during each of the last three years preceding the date of acquisition;
- (c) the-stock equity interest is registered with a national securities exchange regulated under the securities exchange act of 1934, as amended, or is regularly traded on a national or regional basis;
 - (d) the <u>company business entity</u> shall have earnings in three of the last five years preceding the

date of acquisition;

- (e) at no time shall an insurance company invest in more than 5% of the total number of the outstanding shares of any one such corporation outstanding equity interests of any one such business entity, nor an amount more than 2% of the investing insurance company's admitted assets in shares the outstanding equity interests of any one such corporation business entity, determined on the basis of the cost of such shares equity interests to the insurance company at the time of purchase;
- (f) stock an equity interest owned by an insurance company that is obligated under an unexpired written call option shall be valued at the lesser of the striking price or current market value. For the purposes of this subsection, "striking price" means the price per—share equity interest, exclusive of selling costs, the company would receive should the call option be exercised by the holder;
 - (g) the provisions of subsections (b) and (d) shall not apply if at the time of acquisition:
 - (1) The issuing <u>corporation business entity</u> has net assets of \$10,000,000 or more;
 - (2) the issuing corporation business entity has a net worth of \$1,000,000 or more; and
- (3) the issuing—<u>corporation</u> <u>business entity</u> has an aggregate market value of \$500,000,000 or more.
 - (h) As used in this section:
- (1) "Business entity" includes a sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability company, association, partnership, joint stock company, joint venture, mutual fund, trust, joint tenancy or similar form of business organization, whether organized for profit or not-for-profit.
 - (2) "Equity interest" means any of the following:
 - (A) Common stock;
 - (B) trust certificate;
- (C) equity investment in an investment company other than a money market mutual fund permitted under K.S.A. 40-2b24, and amendments thereto;

- (D) investment in a common trust fund of a bank regulated by a federal or state agency;
- (E) an ownership interest in minerals, oil or gas, the rights to which have been separated from the underlying fee interest in the real estate where the minerals, oil or gas are located;
 - (F) instruments which are mandatorily, or at the option of the issuer, convertible to equity;
 - (G) limited partnership interests:
 - (H) member interests in limited liability companies;
- (I) warrants or other rights to acquire equity interests that are created by the person that owns or would issue the equity to be acquired; or
 - (J) any other security representing an ownership interest in a business entity.
- Sec. 8. K.S.A. 40-2b12 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2b12. Any life insurance company heretofore or hereafter organized under any law of this state may invest by loans or otherwise, with the direction or approval of a majority of its board of directors or authorized committee thereof, any of its funds, or any part thereof in loans secured by collateral consisting of a pledge of bonds, mortgages, securities, stock or evidence of indebtedness qualified in K.S.A. 40-2b01 to 40-2b09, inclusive: Provided, That article 2b of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, except that the amount of the loan-is not in excess of eighty percent (80%) shall not exceed 80% of the market value of the securities: And provided further, That asset securing the loan. In addition, all restrictions, limitations or conditions placed on any security investment authorized within K.S.A. 40-2b01 to 40-2b09, inclusive article 2b of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall apply to the collateral securities pledged to the payment of loans authorized in this section.
- Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 40-2b28 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2b28. (a) No insurance company shall acquire, directly or indirectly, any medium grade or lower grade obligation of any institution if, after giving effect to any such acquisition, the aggregate amount of all medium grade

and lower grade obligations then held by such insurer would exceed 20% of its admitted assets. Within this limitation no more than 10% of its admitted assets shall consist of lower grade obligations; no more than three percent of its admitted assets shall consist of obligations designated "5" or "6" in the valuations of securities manual; and, no more than one percent of its admitted assets shall consist of obligations designated "6" in the valuations of securities manual. Attaining or exceeding the limit of any one category shall not preclude an insurer from acquiring obligations in other categories subject to the specific and multi-category limits.

- (b) No insurer organized under the laws of this state may invest more than one percent of its admitted assets in medium grade obligations issued, guaranteed or insured by any one institution nor may it invest more than one-half of one percent of its admitted assets in lower grade obligations issued, guaranteed or insured by any one institution. In no event, shall such insurer invest more than one percent of its admitted assets in any medium or lower grade obligations issued, guaranteed or insured by any one institution.
- (c) Nothing contained in this act shall prohibit an insurer from acquiring any obligations which it has committed to acquire if the insurer would have been permitted to acquire that obligation pursuant to this act on the date on which such insurer committed to purchase that obligation.
- (d) Notwithstanding the limitations of subsection (b), an insurer may acquire an obligation of an institution in which the insurer already has one or more obligations, if the obligation is acquired in order to protect an investment previously made in the obligations of the institution, except that all such acquired obligations shall not exceed one-half of one percent of the insurer's admitted assets.
- (e) Nothing contained in this act shall prohibit an insurer to which this act applies from acquiring an obligation as a result of a restructuring of a medium or lower grade obligation already held or require such insurer to sell or otherwise dispose of any obligation legally acquired prior to the effective date of this act.

- (f) Nothing contained in this act shall permit or be construed as permitting an insurer to exceed, alter or otherwise circumvent any of the limitations or restrictions applicable to the investments authorized by K.S.A. 40-2b01 et seq., article 2b of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 40-2b13, and amendments thereto, the total-investment in medium and lower grade securities shall not exceed the limitations set forth in this-section.
- (h)—The board of directors of any insurance company organized under the laws of this state which acquires or invests, directly or indirectly, more than two percent of its admitted assets in medium grade and lower grade obligations, shall adopt a written plan for the making of such investments. The plan, in addition to guidelines with respect to the quality of the issues invested in, shall contain diversification standards acceptable to the commissioner which may include, but not be limited to, standards for issuer, industry, duration, liquidity and geographic location.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 40-2b29 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2b29. (a) Any life insurance company organized under any law of this state may invest, by loans or otherwise, with the direction or approval of a majority of its board of directors or authorized committee thereof, any of its funds, or any part thereof, in asset-backed securities, subject to the following:
- (1) To be an admitted asset under this section, an asset-backed security must, at the time of acquisition, be designated "1" or "2" by the national association of insurance commissioners in its most recently published valuations of securities manual or supplement thereto; and
- (2) the investment in any one issue of asset-backed securities shall not exceed 2% of the admitted assets of the life insurance company as shown by its last annual report or a more recent quarterly financial statement filed with the commissioner. Each issue designated as provided in paragraph (1) shall constitute a single issue regardless of any other obligations or securities issued by

the same or any affiliated issuer; and

- (3) the life insurance company's aggregate investment in asset-backed securities as provided in this section shall not exceed 20% of the admitted assets of such company, as shown by such company's last annual report as filed with the commissioner of insurance or a more recent quarterly financial statement as filed with the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners, within 45 days following the end of the calendar quarter to which the interim statement pertains.
 - (b) As used in this section:
- (1) "Asset-backed security" means any security or other instrument representing or evidencing an interest in, a loan to, a participation in a loan to, or any other right to receive payments from a business entity of any type or form, which has as its primary business activity the acquisition and holding of financial assets, directly or through a trustee, for the benefit of such business entity's debt or equity holders; and
- (2) "financial asset" means a single asset or a pool of assets consisting of interest-bearing obligations or other contractual obligations representing or constituting the right to receive payment from the asset or pool of assets.
- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2-224 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-224. (a) The state fair board is hereby authorized to purchase safe burglary and messenger robbery insurance coverage in amounts deemed appropriate by such board for the period of the annual Kansas state fair and during the remainder of the year. Such board is also authorized to purchase insurance coverage for any rented or borrowed motorized vehicles used during the state fair indemnifying the board against loss or damage to such vehicles and against liability for the operation of such vehicles. The insurance shall be acquired through the committee on surety bonds and insurance as provided by law.
 - (b) The state fair board is hereby authorized to purchase event cancellation and rain insurance

coverage in amounts deemed appropriate by such board for the period of the annual Kansas state fair and during the remainder of the year.

- (c) Any insurance purchased pursuant to this section shall not be required to be acquired through the committee on surety bonds and insurance as required by K.S.A 75-4101 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-4105 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-4105. Except as provided in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-4125 and K.S.A. 2-224, and amendments thereto, all surety bonds and insurance contracts purchased pursuant to this act shall be purchased by the committee in the manner prescribed for the purchase of supplies, materials, equipment or contractual services under K.S.A. 75-3738 to 75-3744, inclusive, and amendments thereto. The director of accounts and reports shall not pay any premium or rate on any surety bond or insurance contract until the purchase of such surety bond or contract shall have been approved by the secretary of the committee. Surety bonds or insurance contracts having a premium or rate in excess of \$500 purchased hereunder shall be purchased on sealed bids as provided by law for the purchase of other materials, equipment or contractual services. Where more than one state agency is covered by any bond or insurance contract, the committee shall prorate the cost of premiums or rates on any and all such bonds or contracts, except as provided in K.S.A. 75-4114, and amendments thereto, purchased as charges upon the funds of the state agency wherein any covered state officers or employees are employed or covered property is located or controlled. Such prorated charges shall constitute a lawful charge by the committee upon the funds available to any such state agency and shall be paid by each such state agency to the committee, or to the surety or insurance carrier if the committee requires it, in the manner provided by law for the payment of other obligations of such state agency.
- Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-4109 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-4109. (a) <u>Subject</u> to the provisions of K.S.A. 2-224, and amendments thereto, the committee, at least once every three

years, shall approve the property and casualty insurance coverages that shall be purchased by each state agency.

- (b) <u>Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2-224</u>, and amendments thereto, the committee shall require that each state agency purchase the insurance coverages prescribed by K.S.A. 74-4703, 74-4705, 74-4707, 75-712e, 75-2728, 76-218, 76-391, 76-394, 76-747 and 76-491, and amendments—to these sections thereto, and shall prescribe the terms, conditions and amounts of such coverage giving due regard to the operations and requirements of the agencies involved.
- (c) <u>Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2-224</u>, and amendments thereto, the committee shall, in addition to the coverages specified in subsection (b), designate the insurance coverages to be purchased by each state agency that are deemed by the committee to be necessary to protect the state for property of others that may be in the possession or control of such state agencies.
- (d) Such coverages as are specified in subsections (b) and (c) may also include coverages on property of the state that are deemed by the committee to be incidental to the basic coverages herein required, and the committee shall prescribe the terms, conditions and amounts of all insurance coverages purchased pursuant to this section. Property of the state board of regents of any university or college which is referred to in subsection (b) may be self-insured as provided under this act.
- (e) No property insurance coverage may be purchased by the committee, except as provided herein or by K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-4125, and amendments thereto, or specifically required by other Kansas statutes or appropriations.
- Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 40-3118 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3118. (a) No motor vehicle shall be registered or reregistered in this state unless the owner, at the time of registration, has in effect a policy of motor vehicle liability insurance covering such motor vehicle, as provided in this act, or is a self-insurer thereof, or the motor vehicle is used as a driver training motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 72-5015, and amendments thereto, in an approved driver training course

by a school district or an accredited nonpublic school under an agreement with a motor vehicle dealer, and such policy of motor vehicle liability insurance is provided by the school district or accredited nonpublic school. As used in this section, the term "financial security" means such policy or selfinsurance. The director shall require that the owner certify and provide verification of financial security, in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 8-173, and amendments thereto, that the owner has such financial security, and the owner of each motor vehicle registered in this state shall maintain financial security continuously throughout the period of registration. In addition, when an owner certifies that such financial security is a motor vehicle liability insurance policy meeting the requirements of this act, the director may require that the owner or owner's insurance company produce records to prove the fact that such insurance was in effect at the time the vehicle was registered and has been maintained continuously from that date. Such records may be produced by displaying such records on a cellular phone or any other type of portable electronic device. Any person to whom such records are displayed on such cellular phone or other type of portable electronic device shall be prohibited from viewing any other content or information stored on such cellular phone or other type of portable electronic device. Failure to produce such records shall be prima facie evidence that no financial security exists with regard to the vehicle concerned. It shall be the duty of insurance companies, upon the request of the director, to notify the director within 30 calendar days of the date of the receipt of such request by the director of any insurance that was not in effect on the date of registration and maintained continuously from that date.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in K.S.A. 40-276, 40-276a and 40-277, and amendments thereto, and except for termination of insurance resulting from nonpayment of premium or upon the request for cancellation by the insured, no motor vehicle liability insurance policy, or any renewal thereof, shall be terminated by cancellation or failure to renew by the insurer until at least 30 days after mailing a notice of termination, by certified or registered mail or United States post office certificate of

mailing, to the named insured at the latest address filed with the insurer by or on behalf of the insured. Time of the effective date and hour of termination stated in the notice shall become the end of the policy period. Every such notice of termination sent to the insured for any cause whatsoever shall include on the face of the notice a statement that financial security for every motor vehicle covered by the policy is required to be maintained continuously throughout the registration period, that the operation of any such motor vehicle without maintaining continuous financial security therefor is a class B misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$300 and not more than \$1,000 and that the registration for any such motor vehicle for which continuous financial security is not provided is subject to suspension and the driver's license of the owner thereof is subject to suspension.

- (c) The director of vehicles shall verify a sufficient number of insurance certifications each calendar year as the director deems necessary to insure compliance with the provisions of this act. The owner or owner's insurance company shall verify the accuracy of any owner's certification upon request, as provided in subsection (a).
- (d) (1) In addition to any other requirements of this act, the director shall require a person to acquire insurance and for such person's insurance company to maintain on file with the division evidence of such insurance for a period of one year when a person has been convicted in this or another state of any of the violations enumerated in K.S.A. 8-285, and amendments thereto.
- (2) The director shall also require any driver whose driving privileges have been suspended pursuant to this section to maintain such evidence of insurance as required above.
- (3) The company of the insured shall immediately mail notice to the director whenever any policy required by this subsection to be on file with the division is terminated by the insured or the insurer for any reason. The receipt by the director of such termination shall be prima facie evidence that no financial security exists with regard to the person concerned.
 - (4) No cancellation notice shall be sent to the director if the insured adds or deletes a vehicle,

adds or deletes a driver, renews a policy or is issued a new policy by the same company. No cancellation notice shall be sent to the director prior to the date the policy is terminated if the company allows a grace period for payment until such grace period has expired and the policy is actually terminated.

- (5) For the purposes of this act, the term "conviction" includes pleading guilty or nolo contendere, being convicted or being found guilty of any violation enumerated in this subsection without regard to whether sentence was suspended or probation granted. A forfeiture of bail, bond or collateral deposited to secure a defendant's appearance in court, which forfeiture has not been vacated, shall be equivalent to a conviction.
- (6) The requirements of this subsection shall apply whether or not such person owns a motor vehicle.
- (e) Whenever the director shall receive prima facie evidence, as prescribed by this section, that continuous financial security covering any motor vehicle registered in this state is not in effect, the director shall notify the owner by registered or certified mail or United States post office certificate of mailing that, at the end of 30 days after the notice is mailed, the registration for such motor vehicle and the driving privileges of the owner of the vehicle shall be suspended or revoked, pursuant to such rules and regulations as the secretary of revenue shall adopt, unless within 10 days after the notice is mailed:

 (1) Such owner shall demonstrate proof of continuous financial security covering such vehicle to the satisfaction of the director. Such proof of continuous financial security may be provided by the owner by displaying such proof on a cellular phone or other portable electronic device; or (2) such owner shall mail a written request which is postmarked within 10 days after the notice is mailed requesting a hearing with the director. Any person to whom such proof of continuous financial security is displayed on a cellular phone or other portable electronic device shall view only such evidence of continuous financial security. Such person shall be prohibited from viewing any other content or information

stored on such cellular phone or other portable electronic device. Upon receipt of a timely request for a hearing, the director shall afford such person an opportunity for hearing within the time and in the manner provided in K.S.A. 8-255, and amendments thereto. If, within the ten-day period or at the hearing, such owner is unable to demonstrate proof of continuous financial security covering the motor vehicle in question, the director shall revoke the registration of such motor vehicle and suspend the driving privileges of the owner of the vehicle.

- (f) Whenever the registration of a motor vehicle or the driving privileges of the owner of the vehicle are suspended or revoked for failure of the owner to maintain continuous financial security, such suspension or revocation shall remain in effect until satisfactory proof of insurance has been filed with the director as required by subsection (d) and a reinstatement fee in the amount herein prescribed is paid to the division of vehicles. Such reinstatement fee shall be in the amount of \$100 except that if the registration of a motor vehicle of any owner is revoked within one year following a prior revocation of the registration of a motor vehicle of such owner under the provisions of this act such fee shall be in the amount of \$300. The division of vehicles shall remit such fees to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state highway fund.
- (g) In no case shall any motor vehicle, the registration of which has been revoked for failure to have continuous financial security, be reregistered in the name of the owner thereof, the owner's spouse, parent or child or any member of the same household, until the owner complies with subsection (f). In the event the registration plate has expired, no new plate shall be issued until the motor vehicle owner complies with the reinstatement requirements as required by this act.
- (h) Evidence that an owner of a motor vehicle, registered or required to be registered in this state, has operated or permitted such motor vehicle to be operated in this state without having in force

and effect the financial security required by this act for such vehicle, together with proof of records of the division of vehicles indicating that the owner did not have such financial security, shall be prima facie evidence that the owner did at the time and place alleged, operate or permit such motor vehicle to be operated without having in full force and effect financial security required by the provisions of this act.

- (i) Any owner of a motor vehicle registered or required to be registered in this state who shall make a false certification concerning financial security for the operation of such motor vehicle as required by this act, shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Any person, firm or corporation giving false information to the director concerning another's financial security for the operation of a motor vehicle registered or required to be registered in this state, knowing or having reason to believe that such information is false, shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- (j) The director shall administer and enforce the provisions of this act relating to the registration of motor vehicles, and the secretary of revenue shall adopt such rules and regulations as may be necessary for its administration.
- (k) Whenever any person has made application for insurance coverage and such applicant has submitted payment or partial payment with such application, the insurance company, if payment accompanied the application and if insurance coverage is denied, shall refund the unearned portion of the payment to the applicant or agent—with the notice of denial of coverage. Such refund may:
 - (1) Accompany the notice of denial of coverage; or
 - (2) be separately returned in not more than 10 days from the date of such notice.

If payment did not accompany the application to the insurance company but was made to the agent, the agent shall refund the unearned portion of the payment to the applicant upon receipt of the company's notice of denial.

(l) For the purpose of this act, "declination of insurance coverage" means a final denial, in whole

or in part, by an insurance company or agent of requested insurance coverage.";

Also on page 4, in line 8, by striking all after "K.S.A."; in line 9, by striking all before "are" and inserting "2-224, 40-2a08, 40-2a14, 40-2a28, 40-2b07, 40-2b12 and 40-2b29 and K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 40-229a, 40-2a27, 40-2b28, 40-2c01, 40-3118, 75-4105 and 75-4109";

And by renumbering remaining sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, by striking all after the semicolon; by striking all in lines 2 and 3; in line 4, by striking all before the period and inserting "pertaining to security deposits; pertaining to risk based capital requirements for certain insurers; pertaining to investments by insurance companies; pertaining to purchase of certain insurance coverage by the Kansas state fair; pertaining to the return of premiums separate from the notice of denial of coverage; amending K.S.A. 2-224, 40-2a08, 40-2a14, 40-2a28, 40-2b07, 40-2b12 and 40-2b29 and K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 40-229a, 40-2a27, 40-2b28, 40-2c01, 40-3118, 75-4105 and 75-4109 and repealing the existing sections"; and the bill be passed as amended.