Session of 2013

## HOUSE BILL No. 2037

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

1-22

AN ACT concerning public property; relating to historic and religious
 displays.

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4 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

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Section 1. The legislature hereby finds and declares as follows:

6 (a) The public buildings and their surrounding grounds provide 7 Kansas citizens and others a place at which they may conduct public 8 business, visit and interact with government officials and learn about the 9 state's history and government;

(b) The public buildings and public properties are themselvesimportant symbols of Kansas history;

(c) Whether it be former battlegrounds, Native American sites, parks,
 recreation areas, historic government sites, homes of famous Kansans or
 any other site of interest, without historic artifacts, monuments, symbols
 and texts on the properties and in the buildings, most persons would not
 even know of the significance of the site or building;

(d) It is in the best interests of the citizens of Kansas that its public
buildings and public properties reflect the state's rich history by exhibiting
items of significance to Kansas civic and cultural development;

(e) The display of historic artifacts, monuments, symbols and texts in
and on the grounds of Kansas public buildings and public properties
promotes its citizens' awareness of their common history and an
appreciation of the persons and events contributing to that history;

(f) The free exercise of religion, as well as the right to have no
religion, is a right guaranteed by the constitution of the United States and
the constitution of Kansas;

(g) The right of the people to express themselves is enshrined in the
freedom of speech guaranteed by the constitution of the United States and
the constitution of Kansas;

(h) While the authors of the constitution of the United States and the
constitution of Kansas were guaranteeing the free exercise of religion and
prohibiting the establishment of a state-sponsored religion, these same
authors and the public officials of that time period publicly and regularly
proclaimed a belief in a supreme being, prayed openly and placed
religious-based statements and symbols in and on their public buildings
and properties, and that tradition has continued unbroken to this day; and

1 (i) The free exercise of religion, in all of its myriad expressions, is a 2 significant component of Kansas historical heritage and may be 3 acknowledged as such.

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Sec. 2. As used in this act:

5 (a) "State" means the state of Kansas and any department or branch of 6 state government, or any agency, authority, institution or other 7 instrumentality thereof.

8 (b) "Municipality" means any county, township, city, school district 9 or other political or taxing subdivision of the state, or any agency, 10 authority, institution or other instrumentality thereof.

(c) "Public building and public properties" means any building or
 public property owned, leased or otherwise utilized for a public purpose by
 the state or any municipality.

Sec. 3. (a) Historic artifacts, monuments, symbols and texts, including, but not limited to, religious materials, may be displayed in Kansas public schools, within the framework of applicable legal precedents, if they are displayed in connection with a course of study that is academic, balanced, objective and not devotional in nature, and that neither favors nor disfavors religion generally or any particular religious belief; and

(b) Historic artifacts, monuments, symbols and texts, including, but
not limited to, religious materials, may be displayed in Kansas public
buildings and on Kansas public properties if they are displayed in a: (1)
Balanced, objective and not solely religious manner;

(2) manner that neither favors nor disfavors religion generally;

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(3) manner that neither favors nor disfavors any religious belief; and

(4) manner which promotes the display of Kansas historic, cultural,political and general heritage and achievements.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after itspublication in the statute book.