HOUSE BILL No. 2710

By Committee on Judiciary

2-14

AN ACT concerning crimes and punishment; relating to a mandatory term of imprisonment of 35 years for certain sex offenders; amending K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6627 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6627 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6627. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b) or (d) (c) or (e), a defendant who is 18 years of age or older and is convicted of—the following erimes a crime listed in subsection (g) committed on or after July 1, 2006, but prior to July 1, 2014, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years unless the court determines that the defendant should be sentenced as determined in subsection—(a)(2): (a)(3).

- (A) Aggravated human trafficking, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 14 years of age;
- (B) rape, as defined in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto;
- (C) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined insubsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;
- (D) aggravated eriminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;
 - (E) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6422, and amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 14 years of age;
- (F) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in subsection (a)(1) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if the child is less than 14 years of age; and
- (G) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments-thereto, of an offense defined in subsections (a)(1)(A) through (a)(1)(F).
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (b), (c) or (e), a defendant who is 18 years of age or older and is convicted of a crime listed in subsection (g) committed on or after July 1, 2014, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years unless the court determines that the defendant

1 2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22 23

2425

26

27 28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37 38

39

40 41

42 43 should be sentenced as determined in subsection (a)(3).

- (3) The provision of subsection (a)(1) subsections (a)(1) and (a)(2) requiring a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years shall not apply if the court finds:
- (A) The defendant is an aggravated habitual sex offender and sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6626, and amendments thereto; or
- (B) the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification, is subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range: (i) Exceeds 300 months for a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years; or (ii) exceeds 420 months for a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 35 years. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established pursuant to the sentencing range.
- (b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c), if a defendant who is 18 years of age or older is convicted of a crime listed in subsection (g) committed on or after July 1, 2014, upon reasonable notice by the prosecuting attorney, the court shall determine whether the defendant shall be required to serve an additional term of imprisonment of 10 years, in addition to being sentenced to a term of imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years.
- The court shall conduct a separate proceeding following the determination of the defendant's guilt for the jury to determine whether one or more aggravating circumstances enumerated in subsection (f) exist. Such proceeding shall be conducted by the court before a jury as soon as practicable. If any person who served on the trial jury is unable to serve on the jury for the proceeding, the court shall substitute an alternate juror who has been impaneled for the trial jury. If there are insufficient alternate jurors to replace trial jurors who are unable to serve at the proceeding, the court may conduct such proceeding before a jury which may have 12 or less jurors, but at no time less than six jurors. If the jury has been discharged prior to the proceeding, a new jury shall be impaneled. Any decision of the jury regarding the existence of an aggravating circumstance shall be beyond a reasonable doubt. Jury selection procedures, qualifications of jurors and grounds for exemption or challenge of prospective jurors in criminal trials shall be applicable to the selection of such jury. The jury at the proceeding may be waived in the manner provided by K.S.A. 22-3403, and amendments thereto, for waiver of a trial jury. If the jury at the proceeding has been waived, such proceeding shall be conducted by the court.
- (3) In the proceeding, evidence may be presented concerning any matter relating to any of the aggravating circumstances enumerated in

1 2

subsection (f). Only such evidence of aggravating circumstances as the prosecuting attorney has made known to the defendant prior to the proceeding shall be admissible and no evidence secured in violation of the constitution of the United States or of the state of Kansas shall be admissible. No testimony by the defendant at the time of the proceeding shall be admissible against the defendant at any subsequent criminal proceeding.

- (4) At the conclusion of the evidentiary presentation, the court shall allow the parties a reasonable period of time in which to present oral argument. At the conclusion of the evidentiary portion of the proceeding, the court shall provide oral and written instructions to the jury to guide its deliberations. If the prosecuting attorney relies on subsection (f)(2)(A) as an aggravating circumstance, and the court finds that one or more of the defendant's prior convictions satisfy such subsection, the jury shall be instructed that a certified journal entry of a prior conviction is presumed to prove the existence of such prior conviction or convictions beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (5) If, by unanimous vote, the jury finds beyond a reasonable doubt that one or more of the aggravating circumstances enumerated in subsection (f) exist, the defendant shall be sentenced to serve an additional term of imprisonment of 10 years in addition to being sentenced to a term of imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years. The jury shall designate, in writing, signed by the foreman of the jury, the statutory aggravating circumstances which it found. If, after a reasonable time for deliberation, the jury is unable to reach a unanimous decision on the existence of one or more of such aggravating circumstances, the court shall dismiss the jury and the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years. In nonjury cases, the court shall follow the requirements of this subsection in determining the existence of one or more of the aggravating circumstances.
- (b) (c) (1) On and after July 1, 2006, if a defendant who is 18 years of age or older is convicted of a crime listed in subsection $\frac{1}{2}(g)$ and such defendant has previously been convicted of a crime listed in subsection $\frac{1}{2}(g)$, a crime in effect at any time prior to July 1, 2011, which is substantially the same as a crime listed in subsection $\frac{1}{2}(g)$ or a crime under a law of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as a crime listed in subsection $\frac{1}{2}(g)$, the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 40 years. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to a crime committed under K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5507, and amendments thereto, or a crime under a law of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5507, and

amendments thereto.

- (2) The provision of subsection $\frac{b}{1}(c)(1)$ requiring a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 40 years shall not apply if the court finds:
- (A) The defendant is an aggravated habitual sex offender and sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6626, and amendments thereto; or
- (B) the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification, is subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range exceeds 480 months. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established pursuant to the sentencing range.
- (e) (d) When a person is sentenced pursuant to subsection (a)—or, (b) or (c), such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years, 35 years, 40 years or be sentenced as determined in subsection—(a)(2) (a)(3) or subsection (b)(2), whichever is applicable, and shall not be eligible for probation or suspension, modification or reduction of sentence. In addition, a person sentenced pursuant to this section shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving such mandatory term of imprisonment, and such imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits.
- (d) (1) (e) On or after July 1, 2006, for a first time conviction of—an offense a crime listed in subsection—(a)(1) (g), the sentencing judge shall impose the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment provided by subsection (a) or subsection (b), unless the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons, following a review of mitigating circumstances, to impose a departure. If the sentencing judge departs from such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, the judge shall state on the record at the time of sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons for the departure. The departure sentence shall be the sentence pursuant to the revised Kansas sentencing guidelines act, article 68 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and, subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6818, and amendments thereto, no sentence of a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall be imposed hereunder.
 - (2) (f) As used in this subsection, section:
- (1) "Mitigating circumstances" shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (A) The defendant has no significant history of prior criminal activity;
- 42 (B) the crime was committed while the defendant was under the 43 influence of extreme mental or emotional disturbances;

1

2

3 4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34 35

36

43

(C) the victim was an accomplice in the crime committed by another person, and the defendant's participation was relatively minor;

- (D) the defendant acted under extreme distress or under the substantial domination of another person;
- (E) the capacity of the defendant to appreciate the criminality of the defendant's conduct or to conform the defendant's conduct to the requirements of law was substantially impaired; and
 - (F) the age of the defendant at the time of the crime.
 - (2) "Aggravating circumstances" shall be limited to the following:
- (A) The defendant committed the crime in an especially heinous, atrocious or cruel manner. A finding that the victim was aware of such victim's fate or had conscious pain and suffering as a result of the physical trauma is not necessary to find that the manner in which the defendant harmed the victim was especially heinous, atrocious or cruel. Conduct which is heinous, atrocious or cruel may include, but is not limited to:
 - (1) Prior stalking of or criminal threats to the victim;
- (2) preparation or planning, indicating an intention that the harm was meant to be especially heinous, atrocious or cruel;
 - (3) infliction of mental anguish or physical abuse;
- (4) torture of the victim;
 - (5) continuous acts of violence; or
- (6) any other conduct the trier of fact expressly finds is especially heinous.
 - (B) The defendant had a fiduciary relationship with the victim.
- 25 (C) The defendant had knowledge that victim was in a vulnerable position.
 - (g) Crimes in this section shall include the following:
 - (1) Aggravated human trafficking, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 14 years of age;
 - (2) rape, as defined in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto;
 - (3) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;
 - (4) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;
- 37 (5) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 38 2013 Supp. 21-6422, and amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 14 39 years of age;
- 40 (6) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in subsection (a)(1) or 41 (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if the child 42 is less than 14 years of age; and
 - (7) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in

3

4

5

6 7

K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto,
of an offense defined in subsections (c)(1) through (c)(6).

- (e) (h) The provisions of K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto, shall not apply to any defendant sentenced pursuant to this section.
 - Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6627 is hereby repealed.
- 8 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.