## 2016 Kansas Statutes

- 40-2259. Genetic screening or testing; prohibiting the use of; exceptions; restrictions. (a) As used in this section, "genetic screening or testing" means a laboratory test of a person's genes or chromosomes for abnormalities, defects or deficiencies, including carrier status, that are linked to physical or mental disorders or impairments, or that indicate a susceptibility to illness, disease or other disorders, whether physical or mental, which test is a direct test for abnormalities, defects or deficiencies, and not an indirect manifestation of genetic disorders.
- (b) An insurance company, health maintenance organization, nonprofit medical and hospital, dental, optometric or pharmacy corporation, or a group subject to K.S.A. 12-2616 et seq., and amendments thereto, offering group policies and certificates of coverage or individual policies providing hospital, medical or surgical expense benefits, shall not:
  - (1) Require or request directly or indirectly any individual or a member of the individual's family to obtain a genetic test;
- (2) require or request directly or indirectly any individual to reveal whether the individual or a member of the individual's family has obtained a genetic test or the results of the test, if obtained by the individual or a member of the individual's family;
- (3) condition the provision of insurance coverage or health care benefits on whether an individual or a member of the individual's family has obtained a genetic test or the results of the test, if obtained by the individual or a member of the individual's family;
- (4) consider in the determination of rates or any other aspect of insurance coverage or health care benefits provided to an individual whether an individual or a member of the individual's family has obtained a genetic test or the results of the test, if obtained by the individual or a member of the individual's family;
- (5) require any individual, as a condition of enrollment or continued enrollment, to pay a premium or contribution which is greater than such premium or contribution for a similarly situated individual on the basis of whether the individual or a member of the individual's family has obtained a genetic test or the results of such test; or
- (6) adjust premium or contribution amounts on the basis of whether the individual or a member of the individual's family has obtained a genetic test or the result of such test.
- (c) Subsection (b) does not apply to an insurer writing life insurance, disability income insurance or long-term care insurance coverage.
- (d) An insurer writing life insurance, disability income insurance or long-term care insurance coverage that obtains information under paragraphs (1) or (2) of subsection (b), shall not:
- (1) Use the information contrary to paragraphs (3) or (4) of subsection (b) in writing a type of insurance coverage other than life for the individual or a member of the individual's family; or
  - (2) provide for rates or any other aspect of coverage that is not reasonably related to the risk involved.

History: L. 1997, ch. 190, § 14; L. 2010, ch. 108, § 4; July 1.