

## 2016 Kansas Statutes

**60-405. Effect of erroneous exclusion of evidence.** A verdict or finding shall not be set aside, nor shall the judgment or decision based thereon be reversed, by reason of the erroneous exclusion of evidence unless it appears of record that the proponent of the evidence either made known the substance of the evidence in a form and by a method approved by the judge, or indicated the substance of the expected evidence by questions indicating the desired answers.

**History:** L. 1963, ch. 303, 60-405; Jan. 1, 1964.