Session of 2017

HOUSE BILL No. 2338

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

2-9

AN ACT concerning the prisoner review board; comment sessions; Kansas
 open meetings act; amending K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 22-3717 and 75-4318
 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

6 Section 1. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 22-3717 is hereby amended to read as 7 follows: 22-3717. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this section; K.S.A. 8 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4624, 21-4635 through 9 21-4638 and 21-4642, prior to their repeal; K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6617, 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-6624, 21-6625 and 21-6626, and amendments 10 11 thereto; and K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto; an inmate, including 12 an inmate sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4618, prior to its repeal, or 13 K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6707, and amendments thereto, shall be eligible for 14 parole after serving the entire minimum sentence imposed by the court, 15 less good time credits.

16 (b) (1) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment for life without the 17 possibility of parole pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6617, and 18 amendments thereto, shall not be eligible for parole.

19 (2) Except as provided by K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, prior to 20 their repeal, and K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-6624 and 21-21 6625, and amendments thereto, an inmate sentenced to imprisonment for 22 the crime of: (A) Capital murder committed on or after July 1, 1994, shall 23 be eligible for parole after serving 25 years of confinement, without 24 deduction of any good time credits; (B) murder in the first degree based 25 upon a finding of premeditated murder committed on or after July 1, 1994, 26 but prior to July 1, 2014, shall be eligible for parole after serving 25 years 27 of confinement, without deduction of any good time credits; and (C) 28 murder in the first degree as described in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5402(a) 29 (2), and amendments thereto, committed on or after July 1, 2014, shall be 30 eligible for parole after serving 25 years of confinement, without 31 deduction of any good time credits.

(3) Except as provided by subsections (b)(1), (b)(2) and (b)(5),
K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, K.S.A. 21-4635 through
21-4638, prior to their repeal, and K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6620, 21-6623,
21-6624 and 21-6625, and amendments thereto, an inmate sentenced to
imprisonment for an off-grid offense committed on or after July 1, 1993,

but prior to July 1, 1999, shall be eligible for parole after serving 15 years
 of confinement, without deduction of any good time credits and an inmate
 sentenced to imprisonment for an off-grid offense committed on or after
 July 1, 1999, shall be eligible for parole after serving 20 years of
 confinement without deduction of any good time credits.

6 (4) Except as provided by K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its 7 repeal, an inmate sentenced for a class A felony committed before July 1, 8 1993, including an inmate sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4618, prior to 9 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6707, and amendments thereto, shall 10 be eligible for parole after serving 15 years of confinement, without 11 deduction of any good time credits.

(5) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment for a violation of K.S.A.
21-3402(a), prior to its repeal, committed on or after July 1, 1996, but
prior to July 1, 1999, shall be eligible for parole after serving 10 years of
confinement without deduction of any good time credits.

16 (6) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-17 4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments 18 thereto, committed on or after July 1, 2006, shall be eligible for parole 19 after serving the mandatory term of imprisonment without deduction of 20 any good time credits.

(c) (1) Except as provided in subsection (e), if an inmate is sentenced
 to imprisonment for more than one crime and the sentences run
 consecutively, the inmate shall be eligible for parole after serving the total
 of:

(A) The aggregate minimum sentences, as determined pursuant to
K.S.A. 21-4608, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6606, and
amendments thereto, less good time credits for those crimes which are not
class A felonies; and

(B) an additional 15 years, without deduction of good time credits,for each crime which is a class A felony.

(2) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 214643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments
thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, the inmate shall be
eligible for parole after serving the mandatory term of imprisonment.

(d) (1) Persons sentenced for crimes, other than off-grid crimes,
(d) (1) Persons sentenced for crimes, other than off-grid crimes,
(e) committed on or after July 1, 1993, or persons subject to subparagraph
(f), will not be eligible for parole, but will be released to a mandatory
(f) period of postrelease supervision upon completion of the prison portion of
(f) their sentence as follows:

40 (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons 41 sentenced for nondrug severity levels 1 through 4 crimes, drug severity 42 levels 1 and 2 crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 43 1, 2012, and drug severity levels 1, 2 and 3 crimes committed on or after

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1 July 1, 2012, must serve 36 months on postrelease supervision.

2 (B) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons sentenced for nondrug severity levels 5 and 6 crimes, drug severity level 3 3 crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 1, 2012, and 4 5 drug severity level 4 crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, must serve 6 24 months on postrelease supervision.

7 (C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons 8 sentenced for nondrug severity levels 7 through 10 crimes, drug severity 9 level 4 crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 1, 2012, and drug severity level 5 crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, 10 must serve 12 months on postrelease supervision. 11

12 (D) Persons sentenced to a term of imprisonment that includes a sentence for a sexually violent crime as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and 13 amendments thereto, a sexually motivated crime in which the offender has 14 15 been ordered to register pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3717(d)(1)(D)(vii), and 16 amendments thereto, electronic solicitation, K.S.A. 21-3523, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5509, and amendments thereto, or 17 18 unlawful sexual relations, K.S.A. 21-3520, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5512, and amendments thereto, shall serve the period of 19 20 postrelease supervision as provided in subsections (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or 21 (d)(1)(C) plus the amount of good time and program credit earned and 22 retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 23 Supp. 21-6821, and amendments thereto, on postrelease supervision.

(i) If the sentencing judge finds substantial and compelling reasons to 24 25 impose a departure based upon a finding that the current crime of conviction was sexually motivated, departure may be imposed to extend 26 27 the postrelease supervision to a period of up to 60 months.

28 (ii) If the sentencing judge departs from the presumptive postrelease 29 supervision period, the judge shall state on the record at the time of sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons for the departure. 30 31 Departures in this section are subject to appeal pursuant to K.S.A. 21-32 4721, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6820, and amendments 33 thereto.

34 (iii) In determining whether substantial and compelling reasons exist, 35 the court shall consider:

36 (a) Written briefs or oral arguments submitted by either the defendant 37 or the state; 38

(b) any evidence received during the proceeding;

39 the presentence report, the victim's impact statement and any (c) 40 psychological evaluation as ordered by the court pursuant to K.S.A. 21-41 4714(e), prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6813(e), and amendments thereto; and 42

43 (d) any other evidence the court finds trustworthy and reliable. (iv) The sentencing judge may order that a psychological evaluation
 be prepared and the recommended programming be completed by the
 offender. The department of corrections or the prisoner review board shall
 ensure that court ordered sex offender treatment be carried out.

5 (v) In carrying out the provisions of subsection (d)(1)(D), the court 6 shall refer to K.S.A. 21-4718, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-7 6817, and amendments thereto.

8 (vi) Upon petition and payment of any restitution ordered pursuant to 9 K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6604, and amendments thereto, the prisoner review board may provide for early discharge from the postrelease supervision 10 period imposed pursuant to subsection (d)(1)(D)(i) upon completion of 11 12 court ordered programs and completion of the presumptive postrelease supervision period, as determined by the crime of conviction, pursuant to 13 subsection (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C). Early discharge from 14 postrelease supervision is at the discretion of the board. 15

(vii) Persons convicted of crimes deemed sexually violent or sexually
motivated shall be registered according to the offender registration act,
K.S.A. 22-4901 through 22-4910, and amendments thereto.

(viii) Persons convicted of K.S.A. 21-3510 or 21-3511, prior to their
repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto, shall be
required to participate in a treatment program for sex offenders during the
postrelease supervision period.

(E) The period of postrelease supervision provided in subparagraphs (A) and (B) may be reduced by up to 12 months and the period of postrelease supervision provided in subparagraph (C) may be reduced by up to six months based on the offender's compliance with conditions of supervision and overall performance while on postrelease supervision. The reduction in the supervision period shall be on an earned basis pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of corrections.

(F) In cases where sentences for crimes from more than one severity
level have been imposed, the offender shall serve the longest period of
postrelease supervision as provided by this section available for any crime
upon which sentence was imposed irrespective of the severity level of the
crime. Supervision periods will not aggregate.

(G) Except as provided in subsection (u), persons convicted of a
sexually violent crime committed on or after July 1, 2006, and who are
released from prison, shall be released to a mandatory period of
postrelease supervision for the duration of the person's natural life.

39 (2) Persons serving a period of postrelease supervision pursuant to 40 subsections (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C) may petition the prisoner 41 review board for early discharge. Upon payment of restitution, the prisoner 42 review board may provide for early discharge.

43 (3) Persons serving a period of incarceration for a supervision

violation shall not have the period of postrelease supervision modified
 until such person is released and returned to postrelease supervision.

3 (4) Offenders whose crime of conviction was committed on or after 4 July 1, 2013, and whose probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison 5 6 sanction is revoked pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3716(c), and amendments 7 thereto, or whose underlying prison term expires while serving a sanction 8 pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3716(c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D), and amendments thereto, shall serve a period of postrelease supervision upon the 9 completion of the underlying prison term. 10

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(5) As used in this subsection, "sexually violent crime" means:

(A) Rape, K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp.
21-5503, and amendments thereto;

(B) indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3503, prior to its repeal,
or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5506(a), and amendments thereto;

16 (C) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3504, prior 17 to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5506(b), and amendments thereto;

18 (D) criminal sodomy, K.S.A. 21-3505(a)(2) and (a)(3), prior to its 19 repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5504(a)(3) and (a)(4), and amendments 20 thereto;

(E) aggravated criminal sodomy, K.S.A. 21-3506, prior to its repeal,
or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5504(b), and amendments thereto;

(F) indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3510, prior to its repeal,
or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5508(a), and amendments thereto;

(G) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3511, prior
to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5508(b), and amendments thereto;

(H) sexual exploitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3516, prior to its repeal,
or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto;

(I) aggravated sexual battery, K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to its repeal, or
 K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5505(b), and amendments thereto;

(J) aggravated incest, K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A.
2016 Supp. 21-5604(b), and amendments thereto;

(K) aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3447,
prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5426(b), and amendments
thereto, if committed in whole or in part for the purpose of the sexual
gratification of the defendant or another;

37 (L) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A.
38 2016 Supp. 21-6422, and amendments thereto; or

(M) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in
K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2016
Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of a
sexually violent crime as defined in this section.

43 (6) As used in this subsection, "sexually motivated" means that one of

the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the
 purpose of the defendant's sexual gratification.

3 (e) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment for a crime committed 4 while on parole or conditional release, the inmate shall be eligible for 5 parole as provided by subsection (c), except that the prisoner review board 6 may postpone the inmate's parole eligibility date by assessing a penalty not 7 exceeding the period of time which could have been assessed if the 8 inmate's parole or conditional release had been violated for reasons other 9 than conviction of a crime.

10 (f) If a person is sentenced to prison for a crime committed on or after July 1, 1993, while on probation, parole, conditional release or in a 11 community corrections program, for a crime committed prior to July 1, 12 1993, and the person is not eligible for retroactive application of the 13 sentencing guidelines and amendments thereto pursuant to K.S.A. 21-14 4724, prior to its repeal, the new sentence shall not be aggregated with the 15 16 old sentence, but shall begin when the person is paroled or reaches the 17 conditional release date on the old sentence. If the offender was past the offender's conditional release date at the time the new offense was 18 19 committed, the new sentence shall not be aggregated with the old sentence 20 but shall begin when the person is ordered released by the prisoner review 21 board or reaches the maximum sentence expiration date on the old 22 sentence, whichever is earlier. The new sentence shall then be served as 23 otherwise provided by law. The period of postrelease supervision shall be 24 based on the new sentence, except that those offenders whose old sentence 25 is a term of imprisonment for life, imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, or an indeterminate sentence with a maximum 26 27 term of life imprisonment, for which there is no conditional release or 28 maximum sentence expiration date, shall remain on postrelease 29 supervision for life or until discharged from supervision by the prisoner 30 review board.

31 (g) Subject to the provisions of this section, the prisoner review board 32 may release on parole those persons confined in institutions who are 33 eligible for parole when: (1) The board believes that the inmate should be 34 released for hospitalization, deportation or to answer the warrant or other 35 process of a court and is of the opinion that there is reasonable probability 36 that the inmate can be released without detriment to the community or to 37 the inmate; or (2) the secretary of corrections has reported to the board in 38 writing that the inmate has satisfactorily completed the programs required 39 by any agreement entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments 40 thereto, or any revision of such agreement, and the board believes that the inmate is able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a law abiding citizen 41 42 and is of the opinion that there is reasonable probability that the inmate 43 can be released without detriment to the community or to the inmate.

1 Parole shall not be granted as an award of clemency and shall not be 2 considered a reduction of sentence or a pardon.

3 (h) The prisoner review board shall hold a parole hearing at least the 4 month prior to the month an inmate will be eligible for parole under 5 subsections (a), (b) and (c). At least one month preceding the parole 6 hearing, the county or district attorney of the county where the inmate was 7 convicted shall give written notice of the time and place of the public 8 private comment sessions for the inmate to any victim of the inmate's 9 crime who is alive and whose address is known to the county or district 10 attorney or, if the victim is deceased, to the victim's family if the family's address is known to the county or district attorney. Except as otherwise 11 12 provided, failure to notify pursuant to this section shall not be a reason to 13 postpone a parole hearing. In the case of any inmate convicted of an off-14 grid felony or a class A felony, the secretary of corrections shall give written notice of the time and place of the public private comment session 15 16 for such inmate at least one month preceding the public private comment 17 session to any victim of such inmate's crime or the victim's family 18 pursuant to K.S.A. 74-7338, and amendments thereto. If notification is not 19 given to such victim or such victim's family in the case of any inmate 20 convicted of an off-grid felony or a class A felony, the board shall 21 postpone a decision on parole of the inmate to a time at least 30 days after 22 notification is given as provided in this section. Nothing in this section 23 shall create a cause of action against the state or an employee of the state 24 acting within the scope of the employee's employment as a result of the 25 failure to notify pursuant to this section. If granted parole, the inmate may be released on parole on the date specified by the board, but not earlier 26 27 than the date the inmate is eligible for parole under subsections (a), (b) and 28 (c). At each parole hearing and, if parole is not granted, at such intervals 29 thereafter as it determines appropriate, the board shall consider: (1) 30 Whether the inmate has satisfactorily completed the programs required by 31 any agreement entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, 32 or any revision of such agreement; and (2) all pertinent information 33 regarding such inmate, including, but not limited to, the circumstances of 34 the offense of the inmate; the presentence report; the previous social 35 history and criminal record of the inmate; the conduct, employment, and 36 attitude of the inmate in prison; the reports of such physical and mental 37 examinations as have been made, including, but not limited to, risk factors 38 revealed by any risk assessment of the inmate; comments of the victim and 39 the victim's family including in person comments, contemporaneous 40 comments and prerecorded comments made by any technological means; 41 comments of the public; official comments; any recommendation by the staff of the facility where the inmate is incarcerated; proportionality of the 42 43 time the inmate has served to the sentence a person would receive under

1 the Kansas sentencing guidelines for the conduct that resulted in the 2 inmate's incarceration; and capacity of state correctional institutions.

3 (i) In those cases involving inmates sentenced for a crime committed 4 after July 1, 1993, the prisoner review board will review the inmate's 5 proposed release plan. The board may schedule a hearing if they desire. 6 The board may impose any condition they deem necessary to insure public 7 safety, aid in the reintegration of the inmate into the community, or items 8 not completed under the agreement entered into under K.S.A. 75-5210a, 9 and amendments thereto. The board may not advance or delay an inmate's 10 release date. Every inmate while on postrelease supervision shall remain in the legal custody of the secretary of corrections and is subject to the orders 11 12 of the secretary.

13 (j) (1) Before ordering the parole of any inmate, the prisoner review 14 board shall have the inmate appear either in person or via a video conferencing format and shall interview the inmate unless impractical 15 16 because of the inmate's physical or mental condition or absence from the 17 institution. Every inmate while on parole shall remain in the legal custody 18 of the secretary of corrections and is subject to the orders of the secretary. 19 Whenever the board formally considers placing an inmate on parole and 20 no agreement has been entered into with the inmate under K.S.A. 75-21 5210a, and amendments thereto, the board shall notify the inmate in 22 writing of the reasons for not granting parole. If an agreement has been 23 entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, and the inmate 24 has not satisfactorily completed the programs specified in the agreement, 25 or any revision of such agreement, the board shall notify the inmate in writing of the specific programs the inmate must satisfactorily complete 26 27 before parole will be granted. If parole is not granted only because of a 28 failure to satisfactorily complete such programs, the board shall grant 29 parole upon the secretary's certification that the inmate has successfully 30 completed such programs. If an agreement has been entered under K.S.A. 31 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, and the secretary of corrections has 32 reported to the board in writing that the inmate has satisfactorily 33 completed the programs required by such agreement, or any revision 34 thereof, the board shall not require further program participation. 35 However, if the board determines that other pertinent information 36 regarding the inmate warrants the inmate's not being released on parole, 37 the board shall state in writing the reasons for not granting the parole. If 38 parole is denied for an inmate sentenced for a crime other than a class A or 39 class B felony or an off-grid felony, the board shall hold another parole 40 hearing for the inmate not later than one year after the denial unless the 41 board finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted 42 at a hearing if held in the next three years or during the interim period of a 43 deferral. In such case, the board may defer subsequent parole hearings for

1 up to three years but any such deferral by the board shall require the board 2 to state the basis for its findings. If parole is denied for an inmate 3 sentenced for a class A or class B felony or an off-grid felony, the board 4 shall hold another parole hearing for the inmate not later than three years 5 after the denial unless the board finds that it is not reasonable to expect 6 that parole would be granted at a hearing if held in the next 10 years or 7 during the interim period of a deferral. In such case, the board may defer 8 subsequent parole hearings for up to 10 years, but any such deferral shall 9 require the board to state the basis for its findings.

10 (2) Inmates sentenced for a class A or class B felony who have not had a board hearing in the five years prior to July 1, 2010, shall have such 11 inmates' cases reviewed by the board on or before July 1, 2012. Such 12 13 review shall begin with the inmates with the oldest deferral date and progress to the most recent. Such review shall be done utilizing existing 14 15 resources unless the board determines that such resources are insufficient. 16 If the board determines that such resources are insufficient, then the 17 provisions of this paragraph are subject to appropriations therefor.

(k) (1) Parolees and persons on postrelease supervision shall be
 assigned, upon release, to the appropriate level of supervision pursuant to
 the criteria established by the secretary of corrections.

21 (2) Parolees and persons on postrelease supervision are, and shall 22 agree in writing to be, subject to searches of the person and the person's 23 effects, vehicle, residence and property by a parole officer or a department 24 of corrections enforcement, apprehension and investigation officer, at any 25 time of the day or night, with or without a search warrant and with or without cause. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize 26 27 such officers to conduct arbitrary or capricious searches or searches for the sole purpose of harassment. 28

29 (3) Parolees and persons on postrelease supervision are, and shall 30 agree in writing to be, subject to searches of the person and the person's 31 effects, vehicle, residence and property by any law enforcement officer 32 based on reasonable suspicion of the person violating conditions of parole 33 or postrelease supervision or reasonable suspicion of criminal activity. Any 34 law enforcement officer who conducts such a search shall submit a written 35 report to the appropriate parole officer no later than the close of the next 36 business day after such search. The written report shall include the facts 37 leading to such search, the scope of such search and any findings resulting 38 from such search.

(1) The prisoner review board shall promulgate rules and regulations
in accordance with K.S.A. 77-415 et seq., and amendments thereto, not
inconsistent with the law and as it may deem proper or necessary, with
respect to the conduct of parole hearings, postrelease supervision reviews,
revocation hearings, orders of restitution, reimbursement of expenditures

by the state board of indigents' defense services and other conditions to be
 imposed upon parolees or releasees. Whenever an order for parole or
 postrelease supervision is issued it shall recite the conditions thereof.

4 (m) Whenever the prisoner review board orders the parole of an 5 inmate or establishes conditions for an inmate placed on postrelease 6 supervision, the board:

7 (1) Unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a 8 plan of payment unworkable, shall order as a condition of parole or postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease 9 10 supervision pay any transportation expenses resulting from returning the parolee or the person on postrelease supervision to this state to answer 11 criminal charges or a warrant for a violation of a condition of probation, 12 13 assignment to a community correctional services program, parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision; 14

(2) to the extent practicable, shall order as a condition of parole or
postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease
supervision make progress towards or successfully complete the
equivalent of a secondary education if the inmate has not previously
completed such educational equivalent and is capable of doing so;

(3) may order that the parolee or person on postrelease supervision
 perform community or public service work for local governmental
 agencies, private corporations organized not-for-profit or charitable or
 social service organizations performing services for the community;

(4) may order the parolee or person on postrelease supervision to pay
the administrative fee imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4529, and
amendments thereto, unless the board finds compelling circumstances
which would render payment unworkable;

28 (5) unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a 29 plan of payment unworkable, shall order that the parolee or person on 30 postrelease supervision reimburse the state for all or part of the 31 expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense services to provide counsel and other defense services to the person. In determining the 32 33 amount and method of payment of such sum, the prisoner review board 34 shall take account of the financial resources of the person and the nature of 35 the burden that the payment of such sum will impose. Such amount shall 36 not exceed the amount claimed by appointed counsel on the payment 37 voucher for indigents' defense services or the amount prescribed by the 38 board of indigents' defense services reimbursement tables as provided in 39 K.S.A. 22-4522, and amendments thereto, whichever is less, minus any 40 previous payments for such services;

41 (6) shall order that the parolee or person on postrelease supervision
42 agree in writing to be subject to searches of the person and the person's
43 effects, vehicle, residence and property by a parole officer or a department

of corrections enforcement, apprehension and investigation officer, at any
 time of the day or night, with or without a search warrant and with or
 without cause. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize
 such officers to conduct arbitrary or capricious searches or searches for the
 sole purpose of harassment; and

6 (7) shall order that the parolee or person on postrelease supervision 7 agree in writing to be subject to searches of the person and the person's 8 effects, vehicle, residence and property by any law enforcement officer 9 based on reasonable suspicion of the person violating conditions of parole 10 or postrelease supervision or reasonable suspicion of criminal activity.

(n) If the court which sentenced an inmate specified at the time of
sentencing the amount and the recipient of any restitution ordered as a
condition of parole or postrelease supervision, the prisoner review board
shall order as a condition of parole or postrelease supervision that the
inmate pay restitution in the amount and manner provided in the journal
entry unless the board finds compelling circumstances which would render
a plan of restitution unworkable.

(o) Whenever the prisoner review board grants the parole of an
 inmate, the board, within 14 days of the date of the decision to grant
 parole, shall give written notice of the decision to the county or district
 attorney of the county where the inmate was sentenced.

(p) When an inmate is to be released on postrelease supervision, the secretary, within 30 days prior to release, shall provide the county or district attorney of the county where the inmate was sentenced written notice of the release date.

(q) Inmates shall be released on postrelease supervision upon the
 termination of the prison portion of their sentence. Time served while on
 postrelease supervision will vest.

29 (r) An inmate who is allocated regular good time credits as provided 30 in K.S.A. 22-3725, and amendments thereto, may receive meritorious 31 good time credits in increments of not more than 90 days per meritorious 32 act. These credits may be awarded by the secretary of corrections when an 33 inmate has acted in a heroic or outstanding manner in coming to the 34 assistance of another person in a life threatening situation, preventing 35 injury or death to a person, preventing the destruction of property or taking 36 actions which result in a financial savings to the state.

(s) The provisions of subsections (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B), (d)(1)(C) and
(d)(1)(E) shall be applied retroactively as provided in subsection (t).

(t) For offenders sentenced prior to July 1, 2014, who are eligible for
modification of their postrelease supervision obligation, the department of
corrections shall modify the period of postrelease supervision as provided
for by this section:

43 (1) On or before September 1, 2013, for offenders convicted of:

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1 (A) Severity levels 9 and 10 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid 2 for nondrug crimes;

3 (B) severity level 4 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug 4 crimes committed prior to July 1, 2012; and

5 (C) severity level 5 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug 6 crimes committed on and after July 1, 2012;

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(2) on or before November 1, 2013, for offenders convicted of:

8 (A) Severity levels 6, 7 and 8 crimes on the sentencing guidelines 9 grid for nondrug crimes;

10 (B) level 3 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes 11 committed prior to July 1, 2012; and

12 (C) level 4 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes 13 committed on or after July 1, 2012; and

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(3) on or before January 1, 2014, for offenders convicted of:

15 (A) Severity levels 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 crimes on the sentencing 16 guidelines grid for nondrug crimes;

17 (B) severity levels 1 and 2 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid 18 for drug crimes committed at any time; and

(C) severity level 3 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drugcrimes committed on or after July 1, 2012.

21 (u) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-22 4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments 23 thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, shall be placed on parole for life and shall not be discharged from supervision by the prisoner 24 25 review board. When the board orders the parole of an inmate pursuant to this subsection, the board shall order as a condition of parole that the 26 27 inmate be electronically monitored for the duration of the inmate's natural 28 life.

29 (v) Whenever the prisoner review board orders a person to be 30 electronically monitored pursuant to this section, or the court orders a 31 person to be electronically monitored pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6604(r), and amendments thereto, the board shall order the person to 32 33 reimburse the state for all or part of the cost of such monitoring. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the board 34 35 shall take account of the financial resources of the person and the nature of 36 the burden that the payment of such sum will impose.

(w) (1) On and after July 1, 2012, for any inmate who is a sex
offender, as defined in K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto,
whenever the prisoner review board orders the parole of such inmate or
establishes conditions for such inmate placed on postrelease supervision,
such inmate shall agree in writing to not possess pornographic materials.

42 (A) As used in this subsection, "pornographic materials" means any 43 obscene material or performance depicting sexual conduct, sexual contact 1 or a sexual performance; and any visual depiction of sexually explicit 2 conduct.

3 (B) As used in this subsection, all other terms have the meanings 4 provided by K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto.

5 (2) The provisions of this subsection shall be applied retroactively to 6 every sex offender, as defined in K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments 7 thereto, who is on parole or postrelease supervision on July 1, 2012. The 8 prisoner review board shall obtain the written agreement required by this 9 subsection from such offenders as soon as practicable.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 75-4318 is hereby amended to read as 10 follows: 75-4318. (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (g), all 11 meetings for the conduct of the affairs of, and the transaction of business 12 by, all legislative and administrative bodies and agencies of the state and 13 political and taxing subdivisions thereof, including boards, commissions, 14 15 authorities, councils, committees, subcommittees and other subordinate 16 groups thereof, receiving or expending and supported in whole or in part 17 by public funds shall be open to the public and no binding action by such 18 public bodies or agencies shall be by secret ballot. Meetings of task forces, 19 advisory committees or subcommittees of advisory committees created 20 pursuant to a governor's executive order shall be open to the public in 21 accordance with this act.

(b) Notice of the date, time and place of any regular or special
meeting of a public body or agency designated in subsection (a) shall be
furnished to any person requesting such notice, except that:

(1) If notice is requested by petition, the petition shall designate one
 person to receive notice on behalf of all persons named in the petition, and
 notice to such person shall constitute notice to all persons named in the
 petition;

(2) if notice is furnished to an executive officer of an employees'
organization or trade association, such notice shall be deemed to have been
furnished to the entire membership of such organization or association;
and

(3) the public body or agency may require that a request to receive notice must be submitted again to the public body or agency prior to the commencement of any subsequent fiscal year of the public body or agency during which the person wishes to continue receiving notice, but, prior to discontinuing notice to any person, the public body or agency must notify the person that notice will be discontinued unless the person resubmits a request to receive notice.

40 (c) It shall be the duty of the presiding officer or other person calling
41 the meeting, if the meeting is not called by the presiding officer, to furnish
42 the notice required by subsection (b).

43 (d) Prior to any meeting mentioned by subsection (a), any agenda

relating to the business to be transacted at such meeting shall be made
 available to any person requesting the agenda.

3 (e) The use of cameras, photographic lights and recording devices 4 shall not be prohibited at any meeting mentioned by subsection (a), but 5 such use shall be subject to reasonable rules designed to insure the orderly 6 conduct of the proceedings at such meeting.

7 (f) Except as provided by section 22 of article 2 of the constitution of 8 the state of Kansas, interactive communications in a series shall be open if 9 they collectively involve a majority of the membership of the public body 10 or agency, share a common topic of discussion concerning the business or 11 affairs of the public body or agency, and are intended by any or all of the 12 participants to reach agreement on a matter that would require binding 13 action to be taken by the public body or agency.

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(g) The provisions of the open meetings law shall not apply:

(1) To any administrative body that is authorized by law to exercise
 quasi-judicial functions when such body is deliberating matters relating to
 a decision involving such quasi-judicial functions;

(2) to the prisoner review board when conducting parole hearings or
 parole violation hearings held at a correctional institution *or comment sessions with victims or the families of victims*;

(3) to any impeachment inquiry or other impeachment matter referred
 to any committee of the house of representatives prior to the report of such
 committee to the full house of representatives; and

(4) if otherwise provided by state or federal law or by rules of theKansas senate or house of representatives.

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Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 22-3717 and 75-4318 are hereby repealed.

27 Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 28 publication in the statute book.