

As Amended by House Committee

Session of 2019

HOUSE BILL No. 2073

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

1-24

1 AN ACT concerning crimes, punishment and criminal procedure; relating  
2 to sodomy; appeal of departure sentence; liability of defendant for  
3 expenses by state board of indigents' defense services; amending  
4 K.S.A. 22-4513 and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5504 and 21-6820 and  
5 repealing the existing sections.

6  
7 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:*

8 Section 1. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5504 is hereby amended to read as  
9 follows: 21-5504. (a) Criminal sodomy is:

10 (1) ~~Sodomy between persons who are 16 or more years of age and~~  
11 ~~members of the same sex;~~

12 (2) ~~—~~Sodomy between a person and an animal;

13 (3) ~~(2)~~ sodomy with a child who is 14 or more years of age but less  
14 than 16 years of age; or

15 (4) ~~(3)~~ causing a child 14 or more years of age but less than 16 years  
16 of age to engage in sodomy with any person *other than the offender* or an  
17 animal.

18 (b) Aggravated criminal sodomy is:

19 (1) Sodomy with a child who is under 14 years of age;

20 (2) causing a child under 14 years of age to engage in sodomy with  
21 any person *other than the offender* or an animal; or

22 (3) sodomy with a victim who does not consent to the sodomy or  
23 causing a victim, without the victim's consent, to engage in sodomy with  
24 any person or an animal under any of the following circumstances:

25 (A) When the victim is overcome by force or fear;

26 (B) when the victim is unconscious or physically powerless; or

27 (C) when the victim is incapable of giving consent because of mental  
28 deficiency or disease, or when the victim is incapable of giving consent  
29 because of the effect of any alcoholic liquor, narcotic, drug or other  
30 substance, which condition was known by, or was reasonably apparent to,  
31 the offender.

32 (c) (1) Criminal sodomy as defined in:

33 (A) Subsection (a)(1) ~~or (a)(2)~~ is a class B nonperson misdemeanor;  
34 and

35 (B) subsection (a)(2) ~~or (a)(3) or (a)(4)~~ is a severity level 3, person  
36 felony.

1 (2) Aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in:

2 (A) Subsection (b)(3) is a severity level 1, person felony; and

3 (B) subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) is a severity level 1, person felony,  
4 except as provided in subsection (c)(3).

5 (3) Aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)  
6 (2) or attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation to commit aggravated  
7 criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) is an off-grid  
8 person felony, when the offender is 18 years of age or older.

9 (d) If the offender is 18 years of age or older, the provisions of:

10 (1) ~~Subsection (e) of K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5301(c)~~, and amendments  
11 thereto, shall not apply to a violation of attempting to commit the crime of  
12 aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2);

13 (2) ~~subsection (e) of K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5302(c)~~, and amendments  
14 thereto, shall not apply to a violation of conspiracy to commit the crime of  
15 aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2); and

16 (3) ~~subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5303(d)~~, and amendments  
17 thereto, shall not apply to a violation of criminal solicitation to commit the  
18 crime of aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (b)(1) or (b)  
19 (2).

20 (e) It shall be a defense to a prosecution of criminal sodomy, as  
21 defined in subsection (a)(3), and aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined  
22 in subsection (b)(1), that the child was married to the accused at the time  
23 of the offense.

24 (f) Except as provided in subsection (b)(3)(C), it shall not be a  
25 defense that the offender did not know or have reason to know that the  
26 victim did not consent to the sodomy, that the victim was overcome by  
27 force or fear, or that the victim was unconscious or physically powerless.

28 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-6820 is hereby amended to read as  
29 follows: 21-6820. (a) A departure sentence is subject to appeal by the  
30 defendant or the state. The appeal shall be to the appellate courts in  
31 accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court.

32 (b) Pending review of the sentence, the sentencing court or the  
33 appellate court may order the defendant confined or placed on conditional  
34 release, including bond.

35 (c) On appeal from a judgment or conviction entered for a felony  
36 committed on or after July 1, 1993, the appellate court shall not review:

37 (1) Any sentence that is within the presumptive sentence for the  
38 crime; or

39 (2) any sentence resulting from an agreement between the state and  
40 the defendant which the sentencing court approves on the record.

41 (d) In any appeal from a judgment of conviction imposing a sentence  
42 that departs from the presumptive sentence prescribed by the sentencing  
43 grid for a crime, sentence review shall be limited to whether the sentencing

1 court's findings of fact and reasons justifying a departure:

2 (1) Are supported by the evidence in the record; and

3 (2) constitute substantial and compelling reasons for departure.

4 (e) In any *direct* appeal, the appellate court may review a claim that:

5 (1) A sentence that departs from the presumptive sentence resulted  
6 from partiality, prejudice, oppression or corrupt motive;

7 (2) the sentencing court erred in either including or excluding  
8 recognition of a prior conviction or juvenile adjudication for criminal  
9 history scoring purposes; or

10 (3) the sentencing court erred in ranking the crime severity level of  
11 the current crime or in determining the appropriate classification of a prior  
12 conviction or juvenile adjudication for criminal history purposes.

13 (f) The appellate court may reverse or affirm the sentence. If the  
14 appellate court concludes that the trial court's factual findings are not  
15 supported by evidence in the record or do not establish substantial and  
16 compelling reasons for a departure, it shall remand the case to the trial  
17 court for resentencing.

18 (g) The appellate court shall issue a written opinion whenever the  
19 judgment of the sentencing court is reversed. The court may issue a written  
20 opinion in any other case when it is believed that a written opinion will  
21 provide guidance to sentencing judges and others in implementing the  
22 sentencing guidelines adopted by the Kansas sentencing commission. The  
23 appellate courts may provide by rule for summary disposition of cases  
24 arising under this section when no substantial question is presented by the  
25 appeal.

26 (h) A review under summary disposition shall be made solely upon  
27 the record that was before the sentencing court. Written briefs shall not be  
28 required unless ordered by the appellate court and the review and decision  
29 shall be made in an expedited manner according to rules adopted by the  
30 supreme court.

31 (i) The sentencing court shall retain authority irrespective of any  
32 notice of appeal for 90 days after entry of judgment of conviction to  
33 modify its judgment and sentence to correct any arithmetic or clerical  
34 errors.

35 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 22-4513 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-  
36 4513. (a) If the defendant is convicted, all expenditures made by the state  
37 board of indigents' defense services to provide counsel and other defense  
38 services to such defendant or the amount allowed by the board of  
39 indigents' defense reimbursement tables as provided in K.S.A. 22-4522,  
40 and amendments thereto, whichever is less, shall be taxed against the  
41 defendant and shall be enforced as judgments for payment of money in  
42 civil cases.

43 (b) ~~In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum,~~

1 ~~the court shall take account of the financial resources of the defendant and~~  
2 ~~the nature of the burden that payment of such sum will impose. A~~  
3 ~~defendant who has been required to pay such sum and who is not willfully~~  
4 ~~in default in the payment thereof may at any time petition the court which~~  
5 ~~sentenced the defendant to waive payment of such sum or of any unpaid~~  
6 ~~portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of~~  
7 ~~the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the~~  
8 ~~defendant's immediate family, the court may waive payment of all or part~~  
9 ~~of the amount due or modify the method of payment.~~

10 (e) Whenever any judgment has been entered pursuant to subsection  
11 (a) ~~of this section~~, a sum equal to such judgment may be recovered by the  
12 state of Kansas for the benefit of the state general fund from any persons  
13 to whom the indigent defendant shall have transferred any of the  
14 defendant's property without adequate monetary consideration after the  
15 commission of the alleged crime, to the extent of the value of such  
16 transfer, and such persons are hereby made liable to reimburse the state of  
17 Kansas with interest at 6% per annum. Any action to recover judgment for  
18 such expenditures shall be prosecuted by the attorney general, who may  
19 require the assistance of the county attorney of the county in which the  
20 action is to be filed, and such action shall be governed by the provisions of  
21 the code of civil procedure relating to actions for the recovery of money.  
22 No action shall be brought against any person under the provisions of this  
23 section to recover for sums expended on behalf of an indigent defendant,  
24 unless such action shall have been filed within two years after the date of  
25 the expenditure by the state board of indigents' defense services.

26 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 22-4513 and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5504 and 21-6820  
27 are hereby repealed.

28 Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its  
29 publication in the statute book.