HOUSE BILL No. 2173

By Committee on Agriculture

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AN ACT concerning industrial hemp; establishing a commercial industrial hemp program; amending K.S.A. 65-4101 and 65-4105 and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3901, 2-3902, 2-3903, 21-5701 and 21-5702 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 65-4101c and 65-4105b and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5701a.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) The Kansas department of agriculture, in consultation with the governor and attorney general, may submit a plan to the United States department of agriculture under which the Kansas department of agriculture will monitor and regulate the commercial production of industrial hemp within the state in accordance with 7 U.S.C. § 1621 et seq. and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder.

- (b) If the Kansas department of agriculture proposes to develop and submit a plan to the United States department of agriculture, any such plan shall include the following:
- (1) A procedure to maintain relevant information regarding land on which industrial hemp is produced, including a legal description of the land, for a period of not less than three calendar years;
- (2) a procedure for testing, using post-decarboxylation or other similarly reliable methods, the delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration levels of industrial hemp produced;
- (3) a procedure for the effective disposal of industrial hemp and hemp products that are found to be in violation of this act;
- (4) any licensing requirements or other regulations deemed necessary by the Kansas department of agriculture for the proper monitoring and regulation of industrial hemp cultivation and production for commercial purposes, including, but not limited to, fees for licenses, license renewals and other necessary expenses to defray the cost of implementing and operating the plan on an ongoing basis;
- (5) a procedure for conducting annual inspections of, at a minimum, a random sample of hemp producers to verify that hemp is not produced in violation of this act; and
- (6) any other procedures necessary to meet the requirements set forth in 7 U.S.C. § 1621 et seq. and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder.

(c) (1) A hemp producer who negligently violates this section or any rules and regulations adopted thereunder shall not be subject to any state or local criminal enforcement action, but shall comply with the following corrective actions as applicable:

- (A) A reasonable date by which the hemp producer shall correct the negligent violation; and
- (B) a requirement that the hemp producer shall periodically report to the Kansas department of agriculture on the hemp producer's compliance with this section and rules and regulations adopted thereunder, for a period of not less than the next two calendar years.
- (2) A hemp producer that negligently violates this section or any rules and regulations adopted thereunder three times in a five-year period shall be ineligible to produce industrial hemp for a period of five years beginning on the date of the third violation.
- (3) The Kansas department of agriculture shall immediately report any violation by a hemp producer with a greater culpable mental state than negligence to the attorney general and such hemp producer shall not be subject to the exemption in subsection (c)(1).
- (d) Any person otherwise eligible to become a licensed hemp producer shall not be eligible to produce industrial hemp if:
- (1) Such person has been convicted of a felony relating to a controlled substance under state or federal law within the immediately preceding 10 years; or
- (2) such person has submitted any materially false information in any application to become a licensed hemp producer.
- (e) The secretary of agriculture may promulgate rules and regulations to implement the plan submitted to the United States department of agriculture and to otherwise effectuate the provisions of this section.
- (f) Upon the repeal of 7 U.S.C. § 5940 or either the adoption of a federal plan by the United States department of agriculture that allows for the cultivation and production of industrial hemp for commercial purposes within the state or upon the adoption of rules and regulations by the Kansas secretary of agriculture that establish the cultivation and production of industrial hemp for commercial purposes within the state, the Kansas department of agriculture may discontinue the industrial hemp research program established pursuant to K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3902, and amendments thereto.
- (g) Any licensing or other fees collected pursuant to this section and any rules and regulations adopted hereunder shall be deposited in the alternative crop act licensing fee fund established by K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3903, and amendments thereto, for all costs of the administration of the commercial production of industrial hemp.
 - (h) This section shall be a part of and supplemental to the alternative

 crop act, K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3901 et seq., and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3901 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-3901. (a) K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3901—and 2-3902 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the alternative crop-research act.
 - (b) As used in the alternative crop-research act:
- (1) "Certified seed" means industrial hemp seed that has been certified by a certifying agency, as defined by K.S.A. 2-1415, and amendments thereto, as having a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of-no not more than 0.3% on a dry weight basis.
- (2) <u>"Commercial" means the cultivation or production of industrial</u> <u>hemp for purposes other than research as authorized under section 1, and amendments thereto.</u>
- (3) "Delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration" means the combined percentage of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol and its optical isomers, their salts and acids, and salts of their acids, reported as free THC on a dry weight basis, of any part of the plant cannabis sativa L.
 - (3) "Department" means the Kansas department of agriculture.
- (4) "Hemp products" means all products made from industrial hemp, including, but not limited to, cloth, cordage, fiber, food, fuel, paint, paper, particleboard, plastics, seed, seed meal and seed oil for consumption and certified seed for cultivation, if the seeds originate from industrial hemp varieties.
- (5) "Hemp producer" means any individual, licensed or otherwise, engaging in the cultivation, production, distribution or processing of industrial hemp for commercial purposes pursuant to section 1, and amendments thereto.
- (5)(6) "Industrial hemp" means all parts and varieties of the plant cannabis sativa L., cultivated or possessed by a state educational-institution or the department, whether growing or not, that contain a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no not more than 0.3% on a dry weight basis.
- (6)(7) "Seed research" means research conducted to develop or recreate better strains of industrial hemp, particularly for the purpose of seed production.
- (7)(8) "State educational institution" means the university of Kansas, Kansas state university, Wichita state university, Emporia state university, Pittsburg state university and Fort Hays state university.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3902 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-3902. (a) The department *Kansas department of agriculture*, alone or in coordination with a state educational institution, may cultivate industrial hemp grown from certified seed and promote the research and development of industrial hemp, in accordance with 7 U.S.C. § 5940. This

research may include:

- (1) Oversight and analysis of growth of industrial hemp to conduct agronomy research and analysis of required soils, growing conditions and harvest methods relating to the production of various varieties of industrial hemp that may be suitable for various commercial hemp products;
- (2) seed research on various types of industrial hemp that are best suited to be grown in Kansas, including seed availability, creation of hybrid types, in-the-ground variety trials and seed production;
- (3) analysis on the economic feasibility of developing an industrial hemp market in various types of industrial hemp that can be grown in Kansas;
- (4) analysis on the estimated value-added benefits, including environmental benefits, that Kansas businesses would reap by having an industrial hemp market of Kansas-grown industrial hemp varieties;
- (5) a study on the agronomy research conducted worldwide relating to industrial hemp varieties, production and utilization;
- (6) a study on the feasibility of attracting federal and private funding for industrial hemp research; and
- (7) a pilot program in Russell county, and other counties as determined by the department, for the purpose of economic development, research, cultivation, market analysis, manufacturing and transportation of industrial hemp and industrial hemp products.
- (b) In the event that the department acts alone to cultivate industrial hemp grown from certified seed and to promote the research and development of industrial hemp, the secretary of agriculture shall establish an advisory board within the department to review and recommend applications for pilot projects and research proposals to the secretary. The secretary shall not approve any such project or proposal without the recommendation of the advisory board.
- (c) The department shall oversee and annually license all individuals participating in the cultivation, growth, research, oversight, study, analysis, transportation, processing or distribution of certified seed or industrial hemp pursuant to this act. The department shall establish fees for licenses, license renewals and other necessary expenses to defray the cost of implementing and operating the alternative crop-research act in this state on an ongoing basis.
- (d) (1) The department shall require, as a qualification for initial or continuing licensure, all individuals seeking a license or license renewal under this act to be fingerprinted and to submit to a state and national criminal history record check. The fingerprints shall be used to identify the individual and to determine whether the individual has a record of criminal history in this state or any other jurisdiction. The department is authorized to submit the fingerprints to the Kansas bureau of investigation and the

federal bureau of investigation for a state and national criminal history record check. The department may use the information obtained from fingerprinting and the criminal history record check for purposes of verifying the identification of the individual and for making an official determination of the qualifications for initial or continuing licensure pursuant to this act and rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this act. Disclosure or use of any information received by the department for any purpose other than the purpose provided for in this section shall be a class A misdemeanor and shall constitute grounds for removal from office or termination of employment.

- (2) An individual who has been convicted of any of the following shall be disqualified from initial or continuing licensure under this act: A felony violation of article 57 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, prior to their transfer, or any felony violation of any provision of the uniform controlled substances act, prior to July 1, 2009.
- (3) The Kansas bureau of investigation may charge a reasonable fee for conducting a criminal history record check.
- (4) The applicant shall pay the costs of fingerprinting and the state and national criminal history record check.
- (e) The secretary of agriculture shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of the alternative crop research act on or before December 31, 2018. Such rules and regulations shall include, but not be limited to, a requirement that license holders shall have a current license in their possession at all times that they are engaged in cultivation, growth, research, oversight, study, analysis, transportation, processing or distribution of certified seed or industrial hemp pursuant to this act.
- (f) The department shall submit a report to the legislature outlining the steps and timeline to implement a process that would allow individuals and business entities to grow and process industrial hemp in Kansas and to sell industrial hemp in other states. Such report shall be submitted to the senate standing committee on agriculture and natural resources and the house standing committee on agriculture on or before January 14, 2019. The department shall send such committees an annual supplemental report on the continued progress of such process at the beginning of each regular legislative session for the following three years.
- (g) Nothing in the alternative crop-research act shall be construed to authorize any individual to violate any state or federal law.
- (h) The legislature shall review the provisions of this act prior to July 1, 2022.
 - Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3903 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-3903. (a) There is hereby created in the state treasury The alternative crop—research act licensing fee fund *created in the state*

 treasury shall be renamed the alternative crop act licensing fee fund and continue to be administered by the secretary of agriculture. All expenditures from the alternative crop-research act licensing fee fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers signed by the secretary of agriculture or the secretary's designee.

- (b) Licensing and renewal fees shall be established pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary under the alternative crop research act. The amounts received for such fees shall be deposited in the state treasury in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the alternative crop-research act licensing fee fund.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5701 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-5701. As used in K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5701 through 21-5717, and amendments thereto: (a) "Controlled substance" means any drug, substance or immediate precursor included in any of the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105, 65-4107, 65-4109, 65-4111 and 65-4113, and amendments thereto.
- (b) (1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance that is intended for human consumption, and at least one of the following:
- (A) The chemical structure of the substance is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance listed in or added to the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107, and amendments thereto;
- (B) the substance has a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107, and amendments thereto; or
- (C) with respect to a particular individual, such individual represents or intends the substance to have a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107, and amendments thereto.
 - (2) "Controlled substance analog" does not include:
 - (A) A controlled substance;
- $\left(B\right) \;\;$ a substance for which there is an approved new drug application; or
- (C) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under section 505 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. § 355, to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is permitted by the exemption.

(c) "Cultivate" means the planting or promotion of growth of five or more plants which that contain or can produce controlled substances.

- (d) "Distribute" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of some item whether or not there is an agency relationship. "Distribute" includes, but is not limited to, sale, offer for sale or any act that causes some item to be transferred from one person to another. "Distribute" does not include acts of administering, dispensing or prescribing a controlled substance as authorized by the pharmacy act of the state of Kansas, the uniform controlled substances act or otherwise authorized by law.
 - (e) "Drug" means:

- (1) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States pharmacopeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States or official national formulary or any supplement to any of them;
- (2) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in humans or animals;
- (3) substances, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of humans or animals; and
- (4) substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in paragraph (1), (2) or (3). It does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories.
- (f) "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment and materials of any kind—which that are used, or primarily intended or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance and in violation of this act. "Drug paraphernalia" shall include, but is not limited to:
- (1) Kits used or intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or harvesting any species of plant—which that is a controlled substance or from which a controlled substance can be derived;
- (2) kits used or intended for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing or preparing controlled substances;
- (3) isomerization devices used or intended for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant that is a controlled substance;
- (4) testing equipment used or intended for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled substances;
- 39 (5) scales and balances used or intended for use in weighing or measuring controlled substances;
 - (6) diluents and adulterants, including, but not limited to, quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and lactose, which that are used or intended for use in cutting controlled substances;

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(7) separation gins and sifters used or intended for use in removing twigs and seeds from or otherwise cleaning or refining marijuana;

- (8) blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices used or intended for use in compounding controlled substances;
- (9) capsules, balloons, envelopes, bags and other containers used or intended for use in packaging small quantities of controlled substances;
- (10) containers and other objects used or intended for use in storing or concealing controlled substances;
- (11) hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used or intended for use in parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body;
- (12) objects used or primarily intended or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, hashish oil, phencyclidine (PCP), methamphetamine or amphetamine into the human body, such as:
- (A) Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls;
- (B) water pipes, bongs or smoking pipes designed to draw smoke through water or another cooling device;
- (C) carburetion pipes, glass or other heat resistant tubes or any other device used, intended to be used or designed to be used to cause vaporization of a controlled substance for inhalation;
 - (D) smoking and carburetion masks;
- (E) roach clips, objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
 - (F) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials:
- 29 (G) chamber smoking pipes;
 - (H) carburetor smoking pipes;
- 31 (I) electric smoking pipes;
 - (J) air-driven smoking pipes;
- 33 (K) chillums;
 - (L) bongs;
- 35 (M) ice pipes or chillers;
 - (N) any smoking pipe manufactured to disguise its intended purpose;
- 37 (O) wired cigarette papers; or
 - (P) cocaine freebase kits.
- "Drug paraphernalia" shall not include any products, chemicals or materials described in K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5709(a), and amendments thereto.
- 42 (g) "Immediate precursor" means a substance—which that the state board of pharmacy has found to be and by rules and regulations designates

as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use and which that is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit manufacture.

- (h) "Isomer" means all enantiomers and diastereomers.
- (i) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis. "Manufacture" does not include:
- (1) The preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for the individual's own lawful use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a controlled substance:
- (A) By a practitioner or the practitioner's agent pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
- (B) by a practitioner or by the practitioner's authorized agent under such practitioner's supervision for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis or by a pharmacist or medical care facility as an incident to dispensing of a controlled substance; or
- (2) the addition of diluents or adulterants, including, but not limited to, quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose or lactose, which that are intended for use in cutting a controlled substance.
- (j) "Marijuana" means all parts of all varieties of the plant Cannabis whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. "Marijuana" does not include: (1) The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, except the resin extracted therefrom, fiber, oil or cake or the sterilized seed of the plant—which that is incapable of germination; (2) any substance listed in schedules II through V of the uniform controlled substances act; of (3) cannabidiol (other trade name: 2-[(3-methyl-6-(1-methylethenyl)-2-cyclohexen-1-yl]-5-pentyl-1,3-benzenediol); or (4) industrial hemp as defined in K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3901, and amendments thereto, when cultivated, produced, possessed or used for activities authorized by the alternative crop act.
 - (k) "Minor" means a person under 18 years of age.
- (l) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of

extraction and chemical synthesis:

- (1) Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;
- (2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which that is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph (1) but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
 - (3) opium poppy and poppy straw;
- (4) coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which that is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
- (m) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. "Opiate" does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under K.S.A. 65-4102, and amendments thereto, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). "Opiate" does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.
- (n) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum l. except its seeds.
- (o) "Person" means an individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association or any other legal entity.
- (p) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
- (q) "Possession" means having joint or exclusive control over an item with knowledge of and intent to have such control or knowingly keeping some item in a place where the person has some measure of access and right of control.
- (r) "School property" means property upon which is located a structure used by a unified school district or an accredited nonpublic school for student instruction or attendance or extracurricular activities of pupils enrolled in kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12. This definition shall not be construed as requiring that school be in session or that classes are actually being held at the time of the offense or that children must be present within the structure or on the property during the time of any alleged criminal act. If the structure or property meets the above definition, the actual use of that structure or property at the time alleged shall not be a defense to the crime charged or the sentence imposed.

(s) "Simulated controlled substance" means any product—which that identifies itself by a common name or slang term associated with a controlled substance and—which that indicates on its label or accompanying promotional material that the product simulates the effect of a controlled substance.

- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 21-5702 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-5702. (a) Prosecutions for crimes committed prior to July 1, 2009, shall be governed by the law in effect at the time the crime was committed. For purposes of this section, a crime was committed prior to July 1, 2009, if any element of the crime occurred prior thereto.
- (b) The prohibitions of this act shall apply unless the conduct prohibited is authorized by the pharmacy act of the state of Kansas, the uniform controlled substances act, the alternative crop—research act or otherwise authorized by law.
- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 65-4101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-4101. As used in this act: (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by:
- (1) A practitioner or pursuant to the lawful direction of a practitioner; or
- (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner.
- (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser. It does not include a common carrier, public warehouseman or employee of the carrier or warehouseman.
- (c) "Application service provider" means an entity that sells electronic prescription or pharmacy prescription applications as a hosted service where the entity controls access to the application and maintains the software and records on its server.
 - (d) "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
- (e) "Bureau" means the bureau of narcotics and dangerous drugs, United States department of justice, or its successor agency.
- (f) "Controlled substance" means any drug, substance or immediate precursor included in any of the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105, 65-4107, 65-4109, 65-4111 and 65-4113, and amendments thereto.
- (g) (1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance that is intended for human consumption, and at least one of the following:
- (A) The chemical structure of the substance is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance listed in or added to the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107, and amendments thereto;
 - (B) the substance has a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect

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on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107, and amendments thereto; or

- (C) with respect to a particular individual, such individual represents or intends the substance to have a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107, and amendments thereto.
 - (2) "Controlled substance analog" does not include:
 - (A) A controlled substance;
- (B) a substance for which there is an approved new drug application; or
- (C) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under section 505 of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. § 355, to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is permitted by the exemption.
- (h) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance-which that, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization bears the trademark, trade name or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance.
- (i) "Cultivate" means the planting or promotion of growth of five or more plants which that contain or can produce controlled substances.
- (j) "DEA" means the U.S. department of justice, drug enforcement administration.
- (k) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance, whether or not there is an agency relationship.
- (l) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the packaging, labeling or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery, or pursuant to the prescription of a mid-level practitioner.
- (m) "Dispenser" means a practitioner or pharmacist who dispenses, or a physician assistant who has authority to dispense prescription-only drugs in accordance with K.S.A. 65-28a08(b), and amendments thereto.
- (n) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
 - (o) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
 - (p) "Drug" means: (1) Substances recognized as drugs in the official

United States pharmacopeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States or official national formulary or any supplement to any of them; (2) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in human or animals; (3) substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of human or animals; and (4) substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in paragraph (1), (2) or (3). It does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories.

- (q) "Immediate precursor" means a substance—which that the board has found to be and by rule and regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use and which that is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit manufacture.
- (r) "Electronic prescription" means an electronically prepared prescription that is authorized and transmitted from the prescriber to the pharmacy by means of electronic transmission.
- (s) "Electronic prescription application" means software that is used to create electronic prescriptions and that is intended to be installed on the prescriber's computers and servers where access and records are controlled by the prescriber.
- (t) "Electronic signature" means a confidential personalized digital key, code, number or other method for secure electronic data transmissions which that identifies a particular person as the source of the message, authenticates the signatory of the message and indicates the person's approval of the information contained in the transmission.
- (u) "Electronic transmission" means the transmission of an electronic prescription, formatted as an electronic data file, from a prescriber's electronic prescription application to a pharmacy's computer, where the data file is imported into the pharmacy prescription application.
- (v) "Electronically prepared prescription" means a prescription that is generated using an electronic prescription application.
- (w) "Facsimile transmission" or "fax transmission" means the transmission of a digital image of a prescription from the prescriber or the prescriber's agent to the pharmacy. "Facsimile transmission" includes, but is not limited to, transmission of a written prescription between the prescriber's fax machine and the pharmacy's fax machine; transmission of an electronically prepared prescription from the prescriber's electronic prescription application to the pharmacy's fax machine, computer or printer; or transmission of an electronically prepared prescription from the prescriber's fax machine to the pharmacy's fax machine, computer or printer.
 - (x) "Intermediary" means any technology system that receives and

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transmits an electronic prescription between the prescriber and the pharmacy.

- (y) "Isomer" means all enantiomers and diastereomers.
- (z) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for the individual's own lawful use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a controlled substance:
- (1) By a practitioner or the practitioner's agent pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
- (2) by a practitioner or by the practitioner's authorized agent under such practitioner's supervision for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis or by a pharmacist or medical care facility as an incident to dispensing of a controlled substance.
- (aa) "Marijuana" means all parts of all varieties of the plant Cannabis whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. It does not include:

 (1) The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture.
- cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, except the resin extracted therefrom, fiber, oil or cake or the sterilized seed of the plant—which that is incapable of germination; (2) any substance listed in schedules II through V of the uniform controlled substances act;—or (3) cannabidiol (other trade name: 2-[(3-methyl-6-(1-methylethenyl)-2-cyclohexen-1-yl]-5-pentyl-1,3-benzenediol); or (4) industrial hemp as defined in K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3901, and amendments thereto, when cultivated, produced, possessed or used for activities authorized by the alternative crop act.
- (bb) "Medical care facility" shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto.
- (cc) "Mid-level practitioner" means a certified nurse-midwife engaging in the independent practice of midwifery under the independent practice of midwifery act, an advanced practice registered nurse issued a license pursuant to K.S.A. 65-1131, and amendments thereto, who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written protocol with a

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responsible physician under K.S.A. 65-1130, and amendments thereto, or a physician assistant licensed under the physician assistant licensure act who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written agreement with a supervising physician under K.S.A. 65-28a08, and amendments thereto.

- (dd) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- (1) Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;
- (2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which that is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph (1) but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
 - (3) opium poppy and poppy straw;
- (4) coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which that is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
- (ee) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under K.S.A. 65-4102, and amendments thereto, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.
- (ff) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum l. except its seeds.
- (gg) "Person" means an individual, corporation, government, or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association or any other legal entity.
- (hh) "Pharmacist" means any natural person licensed under K.S.A. 65-1625 et seq., and amendments thereto, to practice pharmacy.
- (ii) "Pharmacist intern" means: (1) A student currently enrolled in an accredited pharmacy program; (2) a graduate of an accredited pharmacy program serving such person's internship; or (3) a graduate of a pharmacy program located outside of the United States—which that is not accredited and who had successfully passed equivalency examinations approved by the board.
- (jj) "Pharmacy prescription application" means software that is used to process prescription information, is installed on a pharmacy's computers and servers, and is controlled by the pharmacy.

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1 (kk) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium 2 poppy, after mowing.

- (II) "Practitioner" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, optometrist, or scientific investigator or other person authorized by law to use a controlled substance in teaching or chemical analysis or to conduct research with respect to a controlled substance.
 - (mm) "Prescriber" means a practitioner or a mid-level practitioner.
- (nn) "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled substance.
- (oo) "Readily retrievable" means that records kept by automatic data processing applications or other electronic or mechanized recordkeeping systems can be separated out from all other records within a reasonable time not to exceed 48 hours of a request from the board or other authorized agent or that hard-copy records are kept on which certain items are asterisked, redlined or in some other manner visually identifiable apart from other items appearing on the records.
- (pp) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for such person's own use or for the use of a member of such person's household or for administering to an animal owned by such person or by a member of such person's household.
- Sec. 8. K.S.A. 65-4105 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-4105. (a) The controlled substances listed in this section are included in schedule I and the number set forth opposite each drug or substance is the DEA controlled substances code which that has been assigned to it.
- (b) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- Acetyl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-30 (1) 31 Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-32 (2) 33 34 (3) Acetylmethadol......9601 Acryl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacrylamide; 35 (4) acryloylfentanyl).....9811 36 AH-7921 (3,4-dichloro-N-[(1-(5)

- 41 (except levo-alphacetylmethadol also known as levo-alpha-42 acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate or LAAM)
- 42 acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate or LAAM)
 43 (8) Alphameprodine......9604

I	(9)	Alphamethadol	
2	(10)	Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethy	1-4-
3		piperidyl] propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-	
4		propanilido) piperidine)	
5	(11)	Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-	-
6		piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)	9832
7	(12)	Benzethidine	9606
8	(13)	Betacetylmethadol	9607
9	(14)	Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-pipe	ridinyl]-
10		N-phenylpropanamide)	9830
11	(15)	Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (other name: N-[1-(2-hydrox	y-2-
12		phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)	
13	(16)	Beta-hydroxythiofentanyl (N-[1-[2-hydroxy-2-(thiophen-2-	
14		yl)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl]-N-phenylpropionamide)	9836
15	(17)	Betameprodine	
16	(18)	Betamethadol	9609
17	(19)	Betaprodine	9611
18	(20)	Butyryl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-	
19	` ′	phenylbutyramide)	9822
20		Clonitazene	9612
21	(22)	Cyclopentyl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-	
22		phenylcyclopentanecarboxamide)	
23	(23)	Cyclopropyl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-	
24		phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide)	9845
25	(24)	Dextromoramide	9613
26	(25)	Diampromide	9615
27	(26)	Diethylthiambutene	9616
28	(27)	Difenoxin	9168
29	(28)	Dimenoxadol	9617
30	(29)	Dimepheptanol	9618
31	(30)	Dimethylthiambutene	9619
32	(31)	Dioxaphetyl butyrate	9621
33	(32)	Dipipanone	9622
34	(33)	Ethylmethylthiambutene	9623
35	(34)	Etonitazene	9624
36	(35)	Etoxeridine	9625
37	(36)	Furanyl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylfur	an-2-
38		carboxamide)	9834
39	(37)	Furethidine	9626
40	(38)	Hydroxypethidine	9627
41	(39)	Isobutyryl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-	
42		phenylisobutyramide)	
43	(40)	Ketobemidone	9628

1	(41)	Levomoramide	.9629
2		Levophenacylmorphan	
3		Methoxyacetyl fentanyl (2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-	
4		N-phenylacetamide)	.9825
5	(44)	3-Methylfentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-	N-
6		phenylpropanamide)	.9813
7	(45)	3-Methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-	
8		piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)	.9833
9	(46)	Morpheridine	.9632
10	(47)	Ocfentanil (N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiper	ridin-
11		4-yl)acetamide)	
12	(48)	O-desmethyltramadol	
13		Some trade or other names: 2-((dimethylamino)methyl-1-(3-	
14		hydroxyphenyl) cyclohexanol; 3-(2-((dimethylamino)methyl)-1-	
15		hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol	
16		MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine)	.9661
17		MT-45 (1-cychohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethyl)piperazine)	
18		Noracymethadol	
19	` /	Norlevorphanol	
20	(53)	Normethadone	
21		Norpipanone	
22	(55)	Ortho-fluorofentanyl (N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperi	
23		4-yl)propionamide; 2-fluorofentanyl)	.9816
24	(56)	Para-chloroisobutyryl fentanyl (N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(1-	
25		phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide)	
26	(57)	Para-fluorobutyryl fentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-	
27	(50)	phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide)	
28	(58)	Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-	0010
29	(50)	piperidinyl]propanamide)	.9812
30	(59)	Para-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-	
31		phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide, 4-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl)	0024
32	((0)	4-fluoroisobutyryl tentanyl)	.9824
33	(60)	Para-methoxybutyryl fentanyl (N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(1-	
34	((1)	phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide)	0662
35	(61)	PEPAP (1-(-2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine)	
36		Phenadoxone	
37		Phenampromide	
38		Phenomorphan	
39 40		Phenoperidine	
40 41		Piritramide	
		Proheptazine	
42 42		Propirion Propirion	
43	(69)	Propiram	.9049

1	(70)	Racemoramide	9645
2	(71)	Tetrahydrofuranyl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-	
3		phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide)	9843
4	(72)	Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-	
5		propanamide)	9835
6	(73)		
7		Trimeperidine	9646
8	(75)	U-47700 (3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-	
9		methylbenzamide)	9547
10	(76)	Valeryl fentanyl (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-	
11		phenylpentanamide)	
12		e) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isome	
13		of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existe	
14	these	e salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the s	pecific
15		nical designation:	
16	(1)	Acetorphine	
17	(2)	Acetyldihydrocodeine	
18	(3)	Benzylmorphine	
19	(4)	Codeine methylbromide	
20	(5)	Codeine-N-Oxide.	
21	(6)	Cyprenorphine	
22	(7)	Desomorphine	9055
23	(8)	Dihydromorphine	
24	(9)	Drotebanol	
25	(10)	Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt)	
26	(11)	Heroin	
27	(12)	J 1	
28	(13)	, <u> </u>	
29	(14)		
30	(15)	1	
31	(16)	Morphine methylsulfonate	
32	(17)	1	
33	(18)	J 1	
34	(19)		
35		Nicomorphine	
36		Normorphine	
37		Pholcodine	
38	(23)	Thebacon.	
39	(-	d) Any material, compound, mixture or preparation—which	
40		ains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances	
41		, isomers and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, wh	
42		existence of these salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible	within
43	the s	pecific chemical designation:	

I	(1)	Alpha-ethyltryptamine 7249 Some trade or other names:	
2		etryptamine; Monase; α-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-	
3		aminobutyl) indole; α-ET; and AET.	
4	(2)	4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine	.7391
5		Some trade or other names: 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-	
6		methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA.	
7	(3)	2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine	.7396
8	` /	Some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methyl-	
9		phenethylamine; 2,5-DMA.	
10	(4)	4-methoxyamphetamine	.7411
11	` /	Some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-alpha-methylphene-	
12		thylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA.	
13	(5)	5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine	.7401
14	(6)	4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine.	
15	` /	Some trade or other names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-	
16		methylphenethylamine; "DOM"; and "STP".	
17	(7)	3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine	.7400
18	(8)	3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA)	
19	(9)	3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as N-eth	yl-
20	` ′	alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, N-ethyl M	DA,
21		MDE, and MDEA)	
22	(10)	N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (also known as N-	•
23	, ,	hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4-(methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, a	
24		N-hydroxy MDA).	
25	(11)	3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine	.7390
26		Bufotenine	
27	, ,	Some trade or other names: 3-(Beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-	
28		hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N, N-	
29		dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappir	ie.
30	(13)	Diethyltryptamine.	
31	, ,	Some trade or other names: N,N-Diethyltryptamine; DET.	
32	(14)	Dimethyltryptamine	.7435
33	, ,	Some trade or other names: DMT.	
34	(15)	Ibogaine	.7260
35	` /	Some trade or other names: 7-Ethyl-6,6 Beta,7,8,9,10,12,13-	
36		octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano -5H-pyrido[1',2':1,2] azepin-	0
37		[5,4-b]indole; Tabernanthe iboga	
38	(16)	Lysergic acid diethylamide	.7315
39		Marijuana	
40		Mescaline	
41		Parahexyl	
42		Some trade or other names: 3-Hexyl-l-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahy	dro-
43		6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran; Synhexyl.	

I	(20)	Peyote7415
2		Meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as
3		Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds
4		thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every
5		compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture or preparation of
6		such plant, its seeds or extracts.
7	(21)	N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate
8		N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate
9		Psilocybin
10		Psilocyn
11	()	Some trade or other names: Psilocin.
12	(25)	Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine
13	(=0)	Some trade or other names: N-ethyl-1-phenyl-cyclo-hexylamine; (1-
14		phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine;
15		cyclohexamine; PCE.
16	(26)	Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine
17	(20)	Some trade or other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine;
18		PCPy; PHP.
19	(27)	
20	(27)	Some trade or other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine;
21		2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP; TCP.
22	(28)	1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl] pyrrolidine
23	(20)	Some other names: TCPy.
24	(29)	2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine
25	(2))	Some trade or other names: DOET.
26	(30)	Salvia divinorum or salvinorum A; all parts of the plant presently
27 27	(30)	classified botanically as salvia divinorum, whether growing or not,
28		the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every
29		compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture or preparation of
30		such plant, its seeds or extracts.
31	(31)	Datura stramonium, commonly known as gypsum weed or jimson
32	(31)	weed; all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as datura
33		stramonium, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract
34		from any part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts,
35		derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or extracts.
36	(32)	N-benzylpiperazine
37	(32)	Some trade or other names: BZP.
38	(33)	1-(3-[trifluoromethylphenyl])piperazine
39	(33)	Some trade or other names: TFMPP.
40	(34)	4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine
40 41		2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine (2C-T-7), its optical
42	(33)	isomers, salts and salts of optical isomers
42 43	(36)	Alpha-methyltryptamine (other name: AMT)
43	(30)	Aipha-memyru yptamme (omer name. Aivi i)

1	(37)	5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (5-MeO-DIPT), its ison	iers,
2		salts and salts of isomers	7439
3	(38)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)ethanamine (2C-E)	7509
4		2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine (2C-D)	
5	(40)	2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-C)	7519
6		2-(4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-I)	
7		2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (2C-T-2)	
8		2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (2C-T-4	
9		2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (2C-H)	
10		2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitrophenyl)ethanamine (2C-N)	
11		2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine (2C-P)	
12		5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DMT)	
13	` /	Some trade or other names: 5-methoxy-3-[2-(dimethylamino)	
14		ethyl]indole.	
15	(48)	2–(4–iodo–2,5–dimethoxyphenyl)–N–(2–methoxybenzyl)	
16	` /	ethanamine.	7538
17		Some trade or other names: 25I–NBOMe; 2C–I–NBOMe; 25I;	
18		Cimbi–5.	
19	(49)	2–(4–chloro–2,5–dimethoxyphenyl)–N–(2–methoxybenzyl)	
20		ethanamine	7537
21		Some trade or other names: 25C–NBOMe; 2C–C–NBOMe; 25	C;
22		Cimbi–82.	
23	(50)	2–(4–bromo–2,5–dimethoxyphenyl)–N–(2–methoxybenzyl)ethanamine	
24		methoxybenzyl)ethanamine	7536
25		Some trade or other names: 25B–NBOMe; 2C–B–NBOMe; 25	В;
26		Cimbi–36.	
27	(51)	2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine	
28		Some trade or other names: 25H-NBOMe.	
29	(52)	2-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethan	amine
30		Some trade or other names: 25D-NBOMe; 2C-D-NBOMe.	
31	(53)	2-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-nitrophenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl) ethanar	nine
32		Some trade or other names: 25N-NBOMe, 2C-N-NBOMe.	
33		e) Any material, compound, mixture or preparation—whiel	
34		ains any quantity of the following substances having a depr	
35		et on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and	
36		somers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and sa	ılts of
37		ters is possible within the specific chemical designation:	
38	(1)	Etizolam	_
39		Some trade or other names: (4-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-9-meth	ıyl-
40		6H-thieno[3,2-f][1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a][1,4]diazepine)	
41	(2)	Mecloqualone	
42	(3)	Methaqualone	2565
43	(4)	Gamma hydroxybutyric acid	

1	(1	f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule,
2	any	material, compound, mixture or preparation-which that contains any
3	quar	ntity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the
4	cent	ral nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers:
5	(1)	Aminorex
6		Some other names: Aminoxaphen 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline or
7		4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine
8	(2)	Fenethylline 1503
9	(3)	N-ethylamphetamine1475
10	(4)	(+)cis-4-methylaminorex ((+)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-
11		oxazolamine)
12	(5)	N,N-dimethylamphetamine (also known as N,N-alpha-trimethyl-
13		benzeneethanamine; N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine)1480
14	(6)	Cathinone (some other names: 2-amino-1-phenol-1-propanone,
15		alpha-amino propiophenone, 2-amino propiophenone and
16		norphedrone)
17	(7)	Substituted cathinones
18		Any compound, except bupropion or compounds listed under a
19		different schedule, structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one
20		by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl, or
21		thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further
22		modified in any of the following ways:
23		(A) By substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl,
24		alkylenedioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide
25		substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring
26		system by one or more other univalent substituents;
27		(B) by substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl
28		substituent;
29		(C) by substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl,
30		dialkyl, benzyl, or methoxybenzyl groups; or
31		(D) by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic
32		structure.
33		g) Any material, compound, mixture or preparation—which than
34		ains any quantity of the following substances:
35	(1)	N-[1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (benzylfentanyl), its
36		optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers
37	(2)	
38		(thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers
39		h) Any of the following cannabinoids, their salts, isomers and salts
40		somers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these
41		, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
42	desi	gnation:
43	(1)	Tetrahydrocannabinols7370

1 Meaning tetrahydrocannabinols naturally contained in a plant of the 2 genus Cannabis (cannabis plant), as well as synthetic equivalents of 3 the substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous extractives of 4 Cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their 5 isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as the following: Delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and 6 7 their optical isomers Delta 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and 8 their optical isomers Delta 3.4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and 9 its optical isomers (Since nomenclature of these substances is not 10 internationally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions covered.), 11 except tetrahydrocannabinols obtained from industrial hemp as 12 defined in K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 2-3901, and amendments thereto, when 13 cultivated, produced, possessed or used for activities authorized by 14 15 the alternative crop act. 16

(2) Naphthoylindoles

17 Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole structure with 18 substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, 19 haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl) ethyl 20 group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any 21 22 extent and whether or not substituted in the benzyl or naphthyl ring 23 to any extent.

24 Naphthylmethylindoles (3)

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Any compound containing a 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the benzyl or naphthyl ring to any extent.

Naphthoylpyrroles **(4)**

33 Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with 34 substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 35 benzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl 36 37 group whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the benzyl or naphthyl ring to 38 any extent. 39

Naphthylmethylindenes 40 (5)

Any compound containing a naphthylideneindene structure with 41 substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, 42 43 haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl,

- 1 benzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl 2 group whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any 3 extent, whether or not substituted in the benzyl or naphthyl ring to 4 any extent. 5
 - Phenylacetylindoles (6)
- 6 Any compound containing a 3-phenylacetylindole structure with 7 substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, 8 haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 9 benzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any 10 extent, whether or not substituted in the benzyl or phenyl ring to any 11 12 extent.
- 13 (7) Cyclohexylphenols
- 14 Any compound containing a 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by an 15 alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, 16 17 cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-18 morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl 19 ring to any extent.
- 20 Benzovlindoles (8)
- 21 Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole structure with 22 substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, 23 haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl 24 25 group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any 26 extent and whether or not substituted in the benzyl or phenyl ring to 27 any extent.
- 28 (9) 2,3-Dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de]-29 1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-1-napthalenylmethanone. 30 Some trade or other names: WIN 55,212-2.
- 31 (10) 9-(hydroxymethyl)-6, 6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-32 6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol 33 Some trade or other names: HU-210, HU-211.
- 34 (11) Tetramethylcyclopropanoylindoles
- 35 Any compound containing a 3-tetramethylcyclopropanoylindole 36 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by 37 an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-38 morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-39 3-morpholinyl)methyl, or tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or 40 not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or 41 42 not substituted in the benzyl or tetramethylcyclopropyl rings to any

43 extent.

(12) Indole-3-carboxylate esters

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Any compound containing a 1H-indole-3-carboxylate ester structure with the ester oxygen bearing a naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl or adamantyl group and substitution at the 1 position of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, N-methyl-2-piperidinylmethyl or 2-(4morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted on the naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, adamantyl or benzyl groups to any extent.

(13) Indazole-3-carboxamides

Any compound containing a 1H-indazole-3-carboxamide structure with substitution at the nitrogen of the carboxamide by a naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, adamantyl, benzyl, 1-amino-1-oxoalkan-2vl or 1-alkoxy-1-oxoalkan-2-vl group and substitution at the 1 position of the indazole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, N-methyl-2piperidinylmethyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted on the naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, adamantyl, 1-amino-1-oxoalkan-2-yl, 1-alkoxy-1-oxoalkan-2-yl or benzyl groups to any extent.

(14) Indole-3-carboxamides

24 Any compound containing a 1H-indole-3-carboxamide structure with substitution at the nitrogen of the carboxamide by a naphthyl, 25 26 quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, adamantyl, benzyl, 1-amino-1-oxoalkan-2-27 yl or 1-alkoxy-1-oxoalkan-2-yl group and substitution at the 1 position of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, 28 29 alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, N-methyl-2-30 piperidinylmethyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not 31 further substituted on the indole ring to any extent and whether or not 32 further substituted on the naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 33 adamantyl, 1-amino-1-oxoalkan-2-yl, 1-alkoxy-1-oxoalkan-2-yl or 34 benzyl groups to any extent.

(15) (1H-indazol-3-yl)methanones

35 36 Any compound containing a (1H-indazol-3-yl)methanone structure 37 with the carbonyl carbon bearing a naphthyl group and substitution at the 1 position of the indazole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, 38 39 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, N-methyl-2piperidinylmethyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not 40 further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent and whether or 41 not substituted on the naphthyl or benzyl groups to any extent. 42 43

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 65-4101, 65-4101c, 65-4105 and 65-4105b and K.S.A.

1 2018 Supp. 2-3901, 2-3902, 2-3903, 21-5701, 21-5701a and 21-5702 are

- 2 hereby repealed.
- Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.