Special Session of 2020

HOUSE BILL No. 2007

By Representative Ward

6-3

1 AN ACT concerning workers compensation; relating to occupational 2 diseases; COVID-19; amending K.S.A. 2019 Supp. 44-5a01 and 3 repealing the existing section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

6 Section 1. K.S.A. 2019 Supp. 44-5a01 is hereby amended to read as 7 follows: 44-5a01. (a) Where the employer and employee or workman are 8 subject by law or election to the provisions of the workmen's 9 compensation act, the disablement or death of an employee or workman 10 resulting from an occupational disease as defined in this section shall be 11 treated as the happening of an injury by accident, and the employee or 12 workman or, in case of death, his dependents shall be entitled to 13 compensation for such disablement or death resulting from an 14 occupational disease, in accordance with the provisions of the workmen's compensation act as in cases of injuries by accident-which that are 15 16 compensable thereunder, except as specifically provided otherwise for occupational diseases, including as provided for the occupational disease 17 18 of COVID-19 pursuant to subsection (g). In no circumstances shall an 19 occupational disease be construed to include injuries caused by repetitive 20 trauma as defined in K.S.A. 44-508, and amendments thereto.

21 "Occupational disease" shall mean means, except as provided by (b)22 subsection (g), only a disease arising out of and in the course of the 23 employment resulting from the nature of the employment in which the 24 employee was engaged under such employer, and which that was actually 25 contracted while so engaged. "Nature of the employment"-shall-mean-26 means, for purposes of this section, that to the occupation, trade or 27 employment in which the employee was engaged, there is attached a 28 particular and peculiar hazard of such disease-which that distinguishes the 29 employment from other occupations and employments; and which that 30 creates a hazard of such disease-which that is in excess of the hazard of 31 such disease in general. Except as provided by subsection (g), the disease 32 must appear to have had its origin in a special risk of such disease connected with the particular type of employment and to have resulted 33 34 from that source as a reasonable consequence of the risk. Ordinary 35 diseases of life and conditions-to which that the general public is or may 36 be exposed to outside of the particular employment, and hazards of

1 diseases and conditions attending employment in general, shall not be 2 compensable as occupational diseases, except that compensation shall not 3 be payable for pulmonary emphysema or other types of emphysema unless 4 it is proved, by clear and convincing medical evidence to a reasonable 5 probability, that such emphysema was caused, solely and independently of 6 all other causes, by the employment with the employer against whom the 7 claim is made, except that, if it is proved to a reasonable medical 8 probability that an existing emphysema was aggravated and contributed to by the employment with the employer against whom the claim is made, 9 10 compensation shall be payable for the resulting condition of the workman, but only to the extent such condition was so contributed to and aggravated 11 12 by the employment.

13 (c) In no case shall an employer be liable for compensation under this section unless disablement results within one year or death results within 14 three years in case of silicosis, or one year in case of any other 15 16 occupational disease, after the last injurious exposure to the hazard of such 17 disease in such employment, or, in case of death, unless death follows continuous disability from such disease, commencing within the period 18 19 above limited, for which compensation has been paid or awarded or timely 20 claim made as provided in the workmen's compensation act, and results 21 within seven years after such last exposure. Where payments have been 22 made on account of any disablement from which death shall thereafter 23 result such payments shall be deducted from the amount of liability 24 provided by law in case of death. The time limit prescribed by this section 25 shall not apply in the case of an employee whose disablement or death is 26 due to occupational exposure to ionizing radiation.

27 (d) Where an occupational disease is aggravated by any disease or 28 infirmity, not itself compensable, or where disability or death from any 29 other cause, not itself compensable, is aggravated, prolonged, accelerated or in any wise contributed to by an occupational disease, the compensation 30 31 payable shall be reduced and limited to such proportion only of the 32 compensation that would be payable if the occupational disease were the 33 sole cause of the disability or death, as such occupational disease, as a 34 causative factor, bears to all the causes of such disability or death, such 35 reduction in compensation to be effected by reducing the number of 36 weekly or monthly payments or the amounts of such payments, as under 37 the circumstances of the particular case may be for the best interest of the 38 claimant or claimants.

(e) No compensation for death from an occupational disease shall be
payable to any person whose relationship to the deceased employee or
workman arose subsequent to the beginning of the first compensable
disability save only to afterborn children.

43 (f) The provisions of K.S.A. 44-570, and amendments thereto, shall

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1 apply in case of an occupational disease.

2 (g) (1) Notwithstanding any provisions of the workers compensation act to the contrary, the following provisions shall apply to a claim based 3 4 on a diagnosis of COVID-19.

5 (A) In the case of employment that includes contact with or work in 6 proximity to or in the same space as the public or co-workers, there shall 7 be a rebuttable presumption that the COVID-19 disease arose out of and 8 in the course of the employment in which the employee was engaged under such employer and was contracted while the employee was so engaged, 9 and that the employment was the prevailing factor in causing the COVID-10 19. In any event in such a case, a requirement that the COVID-19 resulted 11 12 from the nature of the employment, as defined in subsection (b), shall not apply. The claimant shall not be required to prove that the COVID-19 13 resulted from the nature of the employment, as defined in subsection (b), 14 and had its origin in a special risk of such disease connected with the 15 16 particular type of employment and resulted from that source.

17 (B) A claim shall not be denied on the basis that the disease of 18 COVID-19 is considered an ordinary disease of life or a hazard of disease 19 attending employment in general.

20 There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the COVID-19 was (C)21 the sole cause or the prevailing factor of any resulting disability, 22 disablement, impairment or death.

23 (2) The provisions of this subsection shall be effective retroactively to 24 January 1, 2020.

25 (3) The provisions of this subsection shall expire on May 1, 2021, unless the legislature acts to reauthorize such provisions. 26

(4) If any provision of this subsection or the application thereof to 27 any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect 28 29 other provisions or applications of this subsection that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions 30 31 of this subsection are declared to be severable. 32

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2019 Supp. 44-5a01 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 33 34 publication in the Kansas register.