## **HOUSE BILL No. 2689**

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

2-10

AN ACT concerning public utilities; relating to coal-fired electric generation facilities; limiting a public utility's cost recovery when replacing or retiring facilities; requiring electric public utilities to make efforts to sell such facilities; obligations to purchase electricity from purchased facilities; exempting certain facilities from commission jurisdiction; amending K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 66-104 and repealing the existing section.

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*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:* 

New Section 1. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of chapter 66 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, rates charged by an electric public utility as defined in K.S.A. 66-101a, and amendments thereto, except a cooperative electric utility as defined in K.S.A. 66-104d, and amendments thereto, shall not include any recovery of or earnings on the capital costs associated with new electric generation facilities built, in whole or in part, to replace the electricity generated from one or more coal-fired electric generating facilities located in Kansas and retired on or after January 1, 2022, unless the commission has determined that the public utility that owned the retired coal-fired electric generation facility made a good faith effort to sell the facility to another person prior to such facility's retirement. In determining whether such public utility made a good faith effort to sell the facility, the commission shall consider the following:

- (1) Whether the public utility refused a reasonable offer to purchase the facility or, if a reasonable offer was received and not executed, whether the sale was not executed for a reason beyond the reasonable control of the utility;
- (2) whether the public utility provided sufficient time prior to the facility's retirement for potential purchasers to evaluate purchasing the facility;
  - (3) whether the public utility used reasonable efforts to make potential purchasers aware of the opportunity to purchase the facility;
- (4) whether the public utility reasonably evaluated any offers to purchase the facility; and
  - (5) any other factor deemed appropriate by the commission.
  - (b) In determining whether an offer to purchase a coal-fired electric

HB 2689 2

 generation facility under this section was reasonable, the commission shall consider whether accepting the offer to purchase the retired facility would have:

- (1) Reduced costs to the public utility's customers as compared to retiring the facility;
- (2) reduced risks to the public utility's customers as compared to retiring the facility, including any diminished environmental remediation risks; and
  - (3) been in the public interest.
- (c) Upon an application by a public utility, the commission may approve procedures for the solicitation and review of offers to purchase a retiring electric generation facility in advance of a proposed retirement. If the public utility follows the procedures approved by the commission to solicit and review offers to purchase an otherwise retiring electric generation facility, there shall be no limitation under subsection (a) for recovery of costs or earnings associated with electric generation built to replace a retired coal-fired electric generation facility.
- (d) Any proposed purchase agreement between a public utility and another person for the sale of a coal-fired electric generation facility pursuant to this section shall not be effective until approved by the commission. In reviewing the agreement the commission shall consider:
- (1) Whether the proposed purchaser has, or has contracted for, financial, technical and managerial abilities sufficient to reasonably operate and maintain the facility;
- (2) whether the proposed purchaser has, or has contracted for, financial, technical and managerial abilities sufficient to reasonably decommission and retire the facility, if and to the extent the facility shall be decommissioned and retired;
- (3) whether the proposed purchaser has, or has contracted for, financial, technical and managerial abilities sufficient to reasonably satisfy any environmental obligations associated with the operation, maintenance or potential retirement of the facility;
- (4) if the coal-fired electric generation facility is comprised of one or more generation units at a larger power plant where the public utility will continue to own and operate one or more generation units, whether the proposed purchaser and the public utility have made reasonable contractual arrangements for the sharing of the costs associated with any joint or common facilities at the plant;
- (5) whether the proposed purchaser has agreed to reasonable terms and conditions for environmental remediation;
  - (6) whether the agreement contains a provision to allow the public utility, with commission approval, to revoke the sale in the event the purchaser is unable to timely obtain all necessary local, state and federal

permits;

- (7) whether the agreement contains a provision to allow the public utility, with commission approval, to revoke the sale in the event the purchaser is unable to timely enter into any necessary operational and labor agreements;
- (8) whether the proposed purchaser has agreed in the purchase agreement to obtain commission approval prior to transferring, in whole or in part, the facility to any other person so that the commission may ensure that any such transfer meets the requirements of this section; and
  - (9) any other factor deemed appropriate by the commission.
- New Sec. 2. (a) Electric public utilities as defined in K.S.A. 66-104a, and amendments thereto, other than cooperative electric utilities defined in K.S.A. 66-104d, and amendments thereto, shall be obligated to purchase electricity generated from a coal-fired electric generation facility purchased under an agreement approved by the commission pursuant to section 1, and amendments thereto, if:
- (1) The purchaser of the otherwise retiring coal-fired electric generation facility offers to sell some or all of the electricity from the facility to an electric public utility;
- (2) the electricity is sold at a price that is not greater than the purchasing electricity utility's avoided cost, as may be determined by the commission;
- (3) the electricity is sold under a power purchase agreement with a specific term length and such other terms and conditions, as may be approved by the commission; and
- (4) the commission approves complete rate recovery of the cost of the power purchase agreement and the respective cost recovery is allocated to the public utility's Kansas customers, unless otherwise agreed to by the public utility.
- (b) (1) The commission may determine the avoided cost price and other terms and conditions for the purchase of electricity from an otherwise retiring coal-fired electric generation facility in advance of the facility's proposed retirement date to make potential purchasers aware of the avoided cost price and other terms and conditions for sales from that facility prior to entering into an agreement to purchase such facility.
- (2) In determining an electric public utility's avoided costs under this section, the commission may consider:
- (A) The value of the electric energy and capacity generated from the facility;
- (B) the value of any reliability benefits associated with the operation of the facility; and
  - (C) any other factor deemed appropriate by the commission.
  - (c) As used in this section, "avoided cost" means the incremental

HB 2689 4

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costs to an electric utility of electric energy or capacity, or both, the utility would generate itself or incur in a purchase from another source, if not for purchasing electricity from the otherwise retiring coal-fired electric generation facility. Avoided costs may change over the course of an approved power purchase agreement at specified intervals set forth in the power purchase agreement and as determined by the commission.

- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 66-104 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-104. (a) The term "public utility," as used in this act, shall be construed to mean every corporation, company, individual, association of persons, their trustees, lessees or receivers, that now or hereafter may own, control, operate or manage, except for private use, any equipment, plant or generating machinery, or any part thereof, for the transmission of telephone messages or for the transmission of telegraph messages in or through any part of the state, or the conveyance of oil and gas through pipelines in or through any part of the state, except pipelines less than 15 miles in length and not operated in connection with or for the general commercial supply of gas or oil, and all companies for the production, transmission, delivery or furnishing of heat, light, water or power. No cooperative, cooperative society, nonprofit or mutual corporation or association that is engaged solely in furnishing telephone service to subscribers from one telephone line without owning or operating its own separate central office facilities, shall be subject to the jurisdiction and control of the commission as provided in this section, except that it shall not construct or extend its facilities across or beyond the territorial boundaries of any telephone company or cooperative without first obtaining approval of the commission. The term "transmission of telephone messages" shall include the transmission by wire or other means of any voice, data, signals or facsimile communications, including all such communications now in existence or as may be developed in the future.
- (b) The term "public utility" shall also include that portion of every municipally owned or operated electric or gas utility located in an area outside of and more than three miles from the corporate limits of such municipality, but regulation of the rates, charges and terms and conditions of service of such utility within such area shall be subject to commission regulation only as provided in K.S.A. 66-104f, and amendments thereto. Nothing in this act shall apply to a municipally owned or operated utility, or portion thereof, located within the corporate limits of such municipality or located outside of such corporate limits but within three miles thereof.
- (c) Except as provided in this section, the power and authority to control and regulate all public utilities and common carriers situated and operated wholly or principally within any city or principally operated for the benefit of such city or its people, shall be vested exclusively in such city, subject only to the right to apply for relief to the corporation

HB 2689 5

commission as provided in K.S.A. 66-133, and amendments thereto, and to the provisions of K.S.A. 66-104e, and amendments thereto. A transit system principally engaged in rendering local transportation service in and between contiguous cities in this and another state by means of street railway, trolley bus and motor bus lines, or any combination thereof, shall be deemed to be a public utility as that term is used in this act and shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the commission.

- (d) The term "public utility" shall not include any activity of an otherwise jurisdictional corporation, company, individual, association of persons, their trustees, lessees or receivers as to:
  - (1) The marketing or sale of:
  - (1)(A) Compressed natural gas for end use as motor vehicle fuel; or
- $\frac{(2)}{(B)}$  electricity that is purchased through a retail electric supplier in the certified territory of such retail electric supplier, as such terms are defined in K.S.A. 66-1,170, and amendments thereto, for the sole purpose of the provision of electric vehicle charging service to end users; or
- (2) the ownership, control, operation or management of a coal-fired electric generation facility purchased under an agreement approved by the commission pursuant to section 1, and amendments thereto.
- (e) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), at the option of an otherwise jurisdictional entity, the term "public utility" shall not include any activity or facility of such entity as to the generation, marketing and sale of electricity generated by an electric generation facility or addition to an electric generation facility that:
- (A) Is newly constructed and placed in service on or after January 1, 2001; and
  - (B) is not in the rate base of:
- (i) An electric public utility that is subject to rate regulation by the state corporation commission;
- (ii) any cooperative, as defined by K.S.A. 17-4603, and amendments thereto, or any nonstock member-owned cooperative corporation incorporated in this state; or
  - (iii) a municipally owned or operated electric utility.
- (2) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to affect the authority of the state corporation commission to regulate any activity or facility of an otherwise jurisdictional entity with regard to wire stringing pursuant to K.S.A. 66-183 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (f) Additional generating capacity achieved through efficiency gains by refurbishing or replacing existing equipment at generating facilities placed in service before January 1, 2001, shall not qualify under subsection (e).
- (g) For purposes of the authority to appropriate property through eminent domain, the term "public utility" shall not include any activity for

HB 2689 6

- the siting or placement of wind powered electrical generators or turbines, 1
- including the towers.
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- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 66-104 is hereby repealed.Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 4
- publication in the statute book. 5