Session of 2013

SENATE BILL No. 21

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

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AN ACT concerning firearms; relating to definition of firearm; criminal possession of a firearm by a convicted felon; expungement; relating to the personal and family protection act; amending K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 12-16,124, 21-5111, 21-6304, 21-6614, 75-7c03, 75-7c04, 75-7c05, 75-7c07 and 75-7c25 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 12-16,124 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-16,124. (a) No city or county shall adopt any ordinance, resolution or regulation, and no agent of any city or county shall take any administrative action, governing the purchase, transfer, ownership, storage or transporting of firearms or ammunition, or any component or combination thereof. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section and subsection (a) (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-7e11 75-7c10, and amendments thereto, any such ordinance, resolution or regulation adopted prior to the effective date of this 2007 act shall be null and void.

(b) Nothing in this section shall:

 Prohibit a law enforcement officer, as defined in K.S.A. 22-2202, and amendments thereto, from acting within the scope of such officer's duties;

(2) prohibit a city or county from regulating the manner of openly carrying a loaded firearm on one's person; or in the immediate control of a person, not licensed *or recognized* under the personal and family protection act while on property open to the public:

(3) prohibit a city or county from regulating in any manner the carrying of any firearm in any jail, juvenile detention facility, prison, courthouse, courtroom or city hall; or

(4) prohibit a city or county from adopting an ordinance, resolution or regulation requiring a firearm transported in any air, land or water vehicle to be unloaded and encased in a container which completely encloses the firearm or any less restrictive provision governing the transporting of firearms, provided such ordinance, resolution or regulation shall not apply to persons licensed *or recognized* under the personal and family protection act.

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(c) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section and subsection (a) (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-7c10, and amendments thereto.

Proposed Amendments to SB 21 for Committee on Prepared by Mike Heim
Office of the Revisor of Statutes

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no person shall be prosecuted or convicted of a violation of any ordinance. resolution or regulation of a city or county which regulates the storage or is otherwise transporting the firearm in a lawful manner. transportation of a firearm if such person: (1) Is storing or transporting the irearm without violating any provision of the Kansas criminal code; or (2)

the firearm. firearm is unloaded and encased in a container which completely encloses regulation for transporting a firearm in any air, land or water vehicle if the No person shall be prosecuted under any ordinance, resolution or

clearly requires a different meaning. and phrases defined are used in this code, except when a particular context follows: 21-5111. The following definitions shall apply when the words Sec. 2 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5111 is hereby amended to read as

- "Act" includes a failure or omission to take action.
- than the person whose act is claimed to be criminal. "Another" means a person or persons as defined in this code other
- mental state. **(** <u>"Conviction" includes a judgment of guilt entered upon a plea of </u> "Conduct" means an act or a series of acts, and the accompanying
- Sunty. subsequently perform the promise. Falsity as to matters having no impression, including false impressions as to law, value, intention or other shall not be inferred from the fact alone that such person did not state of mind. Deception as to a person's intention to perform a promise <u>"Deception" means knowingly creating or reinforcing a false</u>
- "Deprive permanently" means to:

easonable persons, is not deception.

pecuniary-significance, or puffing by statements-unlikely-to deceive

- without an intent to restore the same; Take from the owner the possession, use or benefit of property;
- pays a reward or other compensation for its return; or restore it to the owner only if the owner purchases or leases it back, or (2) retain property without intent to restore the same or with intent to
- or subject it to the claim of a person other than the owner. (3)—sell, give, pledge or otherwise dispose of any interest in property

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state of Kansas, the uniform controlled substances act, or otherwise prescribing a controlled substance as authorized by the pharmacy act of the "Distribute" does not include acts of administering, dispensing or intended to cause some item to be transferred from one person to another: person to another of some item whether or not there is an agency turnishing, buying for, delivering, giving, or any act that causes or is relationship. "Distribute" includes, but is not limited to, sale, offer for sale, -"Distribute" means the actual or constructive transfer from one

authorized by law.

- (h) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid.
- (i) "Domestic violence" means an act or threatened act of violence against a person with whom the offender is involved or has been involved in a dating relationship, or an act or threatened act of violence against a family or household member by a family or household member. Domestic violence also includes any other crime committed against a person or against property, or any municipal ordinance violation against a person or against property, when directed against a person with whom the offender is involved or has been involved in a dating relationship or when directed against a family or household member. For the purposes of this definition:
- (1) "Dating relationship" means a social relationship of a romantic-nature. In addition to any other factors the court deems relevant, the trier of fact may consider the following when making a determination of whether a relationship exists or existed: Nature of the relationship, length of time the relationship existed, frequency of interaction between the parties and time since termination of the relationship, if applicable,
- (2) "Family or household member" means persons 18 years of age orolder who are spouses, former spouses, parents or stepparents and childrenor stepchildren, and persons who are presently residing together or haveresided together in the past, and persons who have a child in commonregardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at anytime. Family or household member also includes a man and woman if the
 woman is pregnant and the man is alleged to be the father, regardless of
 whether they have been married or have lived together at any time.
- (h) "Domestic violence offense" means any crime committed whereby the underlying factual basis includes an act of domestic violence.
- (k) "Dwelling" means a building or portion thereof, a tent, a vehicle or other enclosed space which is used or intended for use as a human-habitation, home or residence.
- (1) "Expungement" means the sealing of records such that the records are unavailable except to the petitioner and criminal justice agencies as provided by K.S.A. 22-4701 et seq., and amendments thereto, and except as provided in this act.
- (m) "Fireann," means any weapon designed or having the capacity to-propel a projectile by force of an explosion or combustion, including a starter gan, which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, "Firearm" does not include an antique firearm. For purposes of this subsection, the term—antique firearm" means:

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(1) In fireurm, including any fireurm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cup or similar type of ignition system, manufactured in or

before 1898;

(2) any replica of any fivearm described in subsection (n)(1) if such replica; (1) is not designed or redesigned for using rinifive or conventional centerfive fixed ammunition; or (B) uses rinifive or conventional centerfive fixed ammunition which is no longer manufactured in the United States and which is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade; and

(3) any muzzle loading rifle, muzzle loading shotgun or muzzle loading pistol, which is designed to use black powder, or a black powder substitute, and which cannot use fixed animunition. For purposes of this paragraph, "antique fixearm" shall not include any weapon which incorporates a fixearm frame or receiver, any firearm which is converted into a muzzle loading weapon or any muzzle loading weapon which can be readily converted to five fixed animunition by replacing the barrel, bolt-breechblock or any combination thereof.

(n)—"Forcible—felony"—includes—any—treason,—murder,—voluntary manslaughter,—rape,—robbery,—burglary,—arson,—kidnapping,—aggravated battery, aggravated sodomy and any other felony which involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any person.

(o) "Intent to defraud" means an intention to deceive another person, and to induce such other person, in reliance upon such deception, to assume, create, transfer, alter or terminate a right, obligation or power with reference to property.

(p) "Law enforcement officer" means:

(1) Any person who by virtue of such person's office or public employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order or to make arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific crimes;

(2)—any officer of the Kansas department of corrections or, for the purposes of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5412 and subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5413, and amendments thereto, any employee of the Kansas department of corrections; or

(3)—any university police officer or campus police officer, as defined in K.S.A. 22-2401a, and amendments thereto.

(q) "Obtain" means to bring about a transfer of interest in or possession of property, whether to the offender or to another.

(r) "Obtains or exerts control" over property includes, but is not limited to, the taking, carrying away, sale, conveyance, transfer of title to, interest in, or possession of property.

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(s) -- "Owner" means a person who has any interest in property:

(t) "Person" means an individual, public or private corporation, government, partnership, or unincorporated association.

<u>"Personal property" means goods, chattels, effects, evidences of</u>

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rights in action and all written instruments by which any pecuniary obligation, or any right or title to property real or personal, shall be created,—acknowledged,—assigned,—transferred,—increased,—defeated, discharged, or dismissed.

- (v) "Possession" means having joint or exclusive control over an item with knowledge of or intent to have such control or knowingly keeping some item in a place where the person has some measure of access and right of control.
- (w) "Property" means anything of value, tangible or intangible, real or personal.
- (x) "Prosecution" means all legal proceedings by which a person's liability for a crime is determined.
- (y) —"Prosecutor" means the same as prosecuting attorney in K.S.A., 22-2202, and amendments thereto.
- (z)—"Public employee" is a person employed by or acting for the stateor by or for a county, municipality or other subdivision or governmentalinstrumentality of the state for the purpose of exercising their respectivepowers and performing their respective duties, and who is not a "publicofficer."
- (aa) "Public officer" includes the following, whether elected or appointed:
- (1)—An executive or administrative officer of the state, or a county, municipality or other subdivision or governmental instrumentality of or within the state;
- (2)—a member of the legislature or of a governing board of a county, municipality, or other subdivision of or within the state;
- (3)—a judicial officer, which shall include a judge of the district court, juror, master or any other person appointed by a judge or court to hear or determine a cause or controversy;
- (1) a hearing officer, which shall include any person authorized by law or private agreement, to hear or determine a cause or controversy and who is not a judicial officer;
- (5) a law enforcement officer; and

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- (6)—any other person exercising the functions of a public officer under color of right.
- (bb) —"Real property" or "real estate" means every estate, interest, and right in lands, tenements and hereditaments.

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- (cc)—"Solicit" or "solicitation" means to command, authorize, urge, incite, request or advise another to commit a crime.
- (dd)—"State" or "this state" means the state of Kansas and all land and water in respect to which the state of Kansas has either exclusive or concurrent jurisdiction, and the air space above such land and water. "Other state" means any state or territory of the United States, the District

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of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico

(ee) "Stolen property" means property over which control has been obtained by theft.

(ff) "Threat" means a communicated intent to inflict physical or other harm on any person or on property.

(gg) "Written instrument" means any paper, document or other instrument containing written or printed matter or the equivalent thereof, used for purposes of reciting, embodying, conveying or recording information, and any money, token, stamp, seal, badge, trademark, or other evidence or symbol of value, right, privilege or identification, which is capable of being used to the advantage or disadvantage of some person.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6304 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6304. (a) Criminal possession of a firearm by a convicted felon is possession of any firearm by a person who:

(1) Has been convicted of a person felony or a violation of article 57 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or any violation of any provision of the uniform controlled substances act prior to July 1, 2009, or a crime under a law of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as such felony or violation, or was adjudicated a juvenile offender because of the commission of an act which if done by an adult would constitute the commission of a person felony or a violation of article 57 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or any violation of any provision of the uniform controlled substances act prior to July 1, 2009, and was found to have been in possession of a firearm at the time of the commission of the crime;

(2) within the preceding five years has been convicted of a felony, other than those specified in subsection (a)(3)(A), under the laws of Kansas or a crime under a law of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as such felony, has been released from imprisonment for a felony or was adjudicated as a juvenile offender because of the commission of an act which if done by an adult would constitute the commission of a felony, and was not found to have been in possession of a firearm at the time of the commission of the crime; or

(3) within the preceding 10 years, has been convicted of a:

(A) Felony under K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5402, 21-5403, 21-5404, 21-5405, 21-5408, subsection (b) or (d) of 21-5412, subsection (b) or (d) of 21-5413, subsection (a) of 21-5415, subsection (b) of 21-5203 subsection (b) of 21-5504, subsection (b) of 21-5505, and subsection (b) of 21-5807, and amendments thereto; article 57 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto; K.S.A. 21-3401, 21-3402, 21-3403, 21-3404, 21-3410, 21-3411, 21-3414, 21-3415, 21-3419, 21-3420, 21-3421, 21-3427, 21-3442, 21-3502, 21-3506, 21-3518, 21-3716 65-4127a. 65-4127b. 65-4159 through 65-4165 or 65-7006, prior to their

repeal; an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of any such felony; or a crime under a law of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as such felony, has been released from imprisonment for such felony, or was adjudicated as a juvenile offender because of the commission of an act which if done by an adult would constitute the commission of such felony, was not found to have been in possession of a firearm at the time of the commission of the crime, and has not had the conviction of such crime expunged or been pardoned for such crime. The provisions of subsection (j)(2) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6614, and amendments thereto, shall not apply to an individual who has had a conviction under this paragraph expunged, or

(B) nonperson felony under the laws of Kansas or a crime under the laws of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as such nonperson felony, has been released from imprisonment for such nonperson felony or was adjudicated as a juvenile offender because of the commission of an act which if done by an adult would constitute the commission of a nonperson felony, and was found to have been in possession of a firearm at the time of the commission of the crime.

(b) Criminal possession of a firearm by a convicted felon is a severity level 8, nonperson felony.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6614 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6614. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d) and (e), any person convicted in this state of a traffic infraction, cigarette or tobacco infraction, misdemeanor or a class D or E felony, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, nondrug crimes ranked in severity levels 6 through 10, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, any felony ranked in severity level 4 of the drug grid, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, any felony ranked in severity level 5 of the drug grid may petition the convicting court for the expungement of such conviction or related arrest records if three or more years have elapsed since the person: (A) Satisfied the sentence imposed; or (B) was discharged from probation, a community correctional services program, parole, postrelease supervision, conditional release or a suspended sentence.

(2) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d) and (e), any person who has fulfilled the terms of a diversion agreement may petition the district court for the expungement of such diversion agreement and related arrest records if three or more years have elapsed since the terms of the diversion agreement were fulfilled.

(b) Except as provided in subsections (c), (d) and (e), no person may petition for expungement until five or more years have elapsed since the

person satisfied the sentence imposed, the terms of a diversion agreement or was discharged from probation, a community correctional services program, parole, postrelease supervision, conditional release or a suspended sentence, if such person was convicted of a class A, B or C felony, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, if convicted of an off-grid felony or any nondrug crime ranked in severity levels 1 through 5, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 1, 2012, any felony ranked in severity levels 1 through 3 of the drug grid, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, any felony ranked in severity levels 1 through 4 of the drug grid, or:

(1) Vehicular homicide, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3405, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5406, and amendments thereto, or as prohibited by any law of another state which is in substantial conformity with that statute;

(2) driving while the privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the public highways of this state has been canceled, suspended or revoked, as prohibited by K.S.A. 8-262, and amendments thereto, or as prohibited by any law of another state which is in substantial conformity with that statute;

(3) perjury resulting from a violation of K.S.A. 8-261a, and amendments thereto, or resulting from the violation of a law of another state which is in substantial conformity with that statute;

(4) violating the provisions of the fifth clause of K.S.A. 8-142, and amendments thereto, relating to fraudulent applications or violating the provisions of a law of another state which is in substantial conformity with that statute;

(5) any crime punishable as a felony wherein a motor vehicle was used in the perpetration of such crime;

(6) failing to stop at the scene of an accident and perform the duties required by K.S.A. 8-1602, 8-1603, prior to its repeal, or 8-1604, and amendments thereto, or required by a law of another state which is in substantial conformity with those statutes;

(7) violating the provisions of K.S.A. 40-3104, and amendments thereto, relating to motor vehicle liability insurance coverage; or

(8) a violation of K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal.

(c) No person may petition for expungement until 10 or more years have elapsed since the person satisfied the sentence imposed, the terms of a diversion agreement or was discharged from probation, a community correctional services program, parole, postrelease supervision, conditional release or a suspended sentence, if such person was convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, including any diversion for such violation.

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(d) There shall be no expungement of convictions for the following

appropriate state and federal databases. and treatment pursuant to K.S.A. 59-2966 or 59-29b66, and amendments thereto, and any orders of termination of discharge shall be immediately law to possess a firearm. Upon a finding that a proposed patient is a person or others, the court shall notify the mentally ill person subject to forwarded to the Kansas bureau of investigation for entry into the involuntary commitment for care and treatment that it is a violation of the (f) (b) Upon a finding that the mentally ill person is a danger to self

patient to possess a firearm and provide information to the patient hospital shall notify the patient that it is a violation of the law for the is a violation of the law to possess a firearm. Upon release, the state commitment for care and treatment, the court shall notify the person that it with an alcohol or substance abuse problem subject to involuntary

Sec. 41. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its

publication in the statute book.